

A WAR HISTORY
OF THE
SIXTH U. S. INFANTRY



ELKANAH BABCOCK

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COLONEL CHARLES W. MINER, 6TH INFANTRY.

A WAR HISTORY OF THE

Sixth U. S. Infantry

(ILLUSTRATED)

FROM 1798 TO 1903,
WITH ROSTERS AND MEMORIALS
OF THE

CUBAN AND PHILIPPINE CAMPAIGNS

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(Chaplain Sixth U. S. Infantry.)

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LIEUT.-COLONEL HENRY WYGANT, 6TH INFANTRY.

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PREFACE.

Within the next decade the achievements of the American Army and Navy in Cuba and the Philippines will have become a vague though glorious memory. Out of the shadows of oblivion will loom the figures of Dewey, Schley, Sampson, Shafter, Lawton, Otis, Chaffee, and a few others. The rest will have sunk into comparative obscurity. It was so with every war of the past and it will be so with every war of the future.

The public at large cares but little for the endless intricacies and movements of the game of war. Given the news of a great victory, it is satisfied with the few all-important facts and with a hero to worship. The newspapers and current publications reflect this tendency to look only upon results and to concentrate upon the few the popular approval of the victorious Army or Navy. Thus it is that in every war of magnitude thousands of men in uniform lay down their lives for the making of a few military reputations.

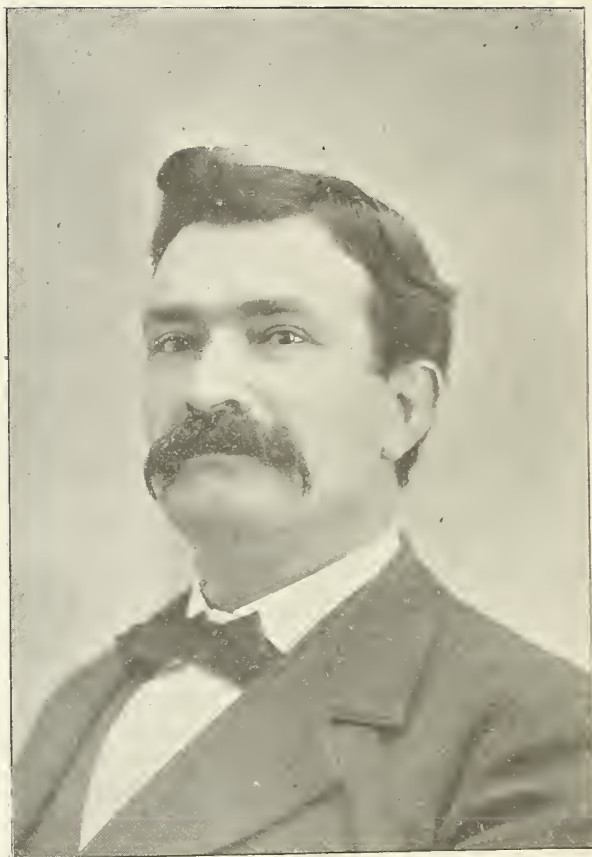
It is with the modest aim in view of furnishing some sort of tangible record of the achievements of a not unworthy portion of the "Line" that this work has been attempted. The Sixth United States Infantry has many times proved its mettle, whether in redskin fray, civil strife, Cuban chaparral, or Oriental archipelago. It is believed that the Sixth of the present is interested in the Sixth of the past. The record of the organization is a long and honorable one and reflects that of the Army and of the Nation. It furnishes a standard to be lived up to—a glory to be perpetuated.

If, in the present volume, the record of deeds and events preponderates the discussion of causes and effects, it is because these latter subjects have already been discussed in many volumes, from many points of view. The facts are here set forth, for the most part, without comment; with no desire to expound history to the men of the regiment, but to show them in the fewest possible words what a glorious old organization they form a part of. Before publishing, the proof-sheets of this work were submitted to Colonel C. W. Miner, commanding the regiment, and were revised by him. It is probable that in spite of the utmost efforts to secure absolute accuracy, a few slight errors have here and there crept in, but such will be found to be few and unimportant.

Thanks are tendered to Colonel C. W. Miner, Major Charles Byrne, Thirtieth Infantry (formerly captain Sixth Infantry), Chaplain J. A. Randolph, Captain B. A. Poore, Captain S. J. Bayard Schindel, Captain B. A. Atkinson, and the following named enlisted men of the Sixth Infantry, for valuable information and services rendered in the compilation of this work: *Sergeants* Cloutier, Hart, Radhke, Hallman, Gothall, Hardy, Christian, Kline, Deloach, Knight, Gledhill, Scarborough, Jackson, Casey, Lepphardt, Lackey, Craven, Wriedt; *Corporals* Weadon, Kavanaugh, Hanson, Shields; *Privates* Melton, Striebel, Merritt, Hatcher.

Elkanah Babcock.

Ft. Leavenworth, February 28, 1903.



CHAPLAIN JNO. A. RANDOLPH, 6TH INFANTRY.

INTRODUCTION.

By Chaplain J. A. Randolph, Sixth U. S. Infantry.

History has been defined as "philosophy teaching by examples," and we are told that the way to develop character is to come in contact with character. Therefore we have presented in this volume the heroic example of the long list of worthies who have composed the Sixth United States Infantry during its hundred years of history and history-making, that those of this present and coming generations may be put in touch with these heroic spirits and imbibe from that contact some of the lofty patriotism and sublime devotion to duty that have characterized the officers and men of the Sixth Regiment from its organization.

A study of this little volume should bring a just feeling of pride to every man connected with the organization. We are the successors of a noble band and their glory is our heritage. Yet, while we are partakers of their glory, upon us alone depends the solemn duty of maintaining the honored name which the Sixth has ever borne.

It is believed that familiarity with the history of the regiment will contribute in no small degree to the development of that *esprit de corps* so necessary to an army organization. We are to make good the sobriquet which the regiment has won—"*The Fighting Sixth.*"

Another thought in this connection is that the eight hundred officers and men now known as the Sixth Infantry are but a part of a great army composing the regiment. Every man who gave up his life while a member of this organization is to this day a part of it. The invisible host far outnumbered the visible one. And if the spirits of the immortal dead participate in the affairs of mortals here below, we can easily believe that they are watching with keenest concern the progress of those to whom has been committed the work which they laid down.

But let us not make the mistake of believing that other times were more favorable for heroic action than now and that

the men of those times were of a different quality. It is not so. They were men of like passions with ourselves. They made history. We are making it, and the men and officers of to-day are just as capable and just as brave as any whose names adorn these pages.

In looking over these pages, you will doubtless be impressed with this fact, that in all the questions that have arisen since the founding of our Government and whose solution has been submitted to that high court of last resort—the arbitrament of the sword, the Sixth has had a conspicuous part. Her history is closely woven with that of the Nation, and to give her history as it should be would be to paint the history of the regiment on a background of the Nation.

All honor is due to the enterprising young men who give us this volume. They are putting important facts in convenient and lasting form. But they do not claim to make a history. It is a mere catalogue of facts. Let us hope that some historian will take these facts and weave them into a history. In a work like this the Sixth stands alone. There are no means of instituting comparisons. We cannot tell how great a man is till we see him among great men. So we cannot very well judge of an organization when it stands alone. From our knowledge of history, we believe that the Sixth would not suffer in comparison with the best who have ever drawn sword.

The events of the past five years are of too recent date for us to get the proper historic perspective, but some matters are clear and we wish to emphasize them in this collection. Never did army go out to fight for a higher or more unselfish motive than did the Army of the United States in the war against Spain. It was purely a war for humanity's sake, and the God of battles did not more clearly show His approval of the cause of David in the Valley of Rephaim than He did in that cause for which we went to war with Spain.

There are some who criticise the action of the United States Government in trying to suppress the insurrection in the Philippines. There has, perhaps, been no writer in the past century who so ably and conscientiously opposed war as Ruskin, yet in his lecture on war, delivered at the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich, he uses the following strong language:

“But, as it is at their own peril that any race extends their dominions in mere desire of power, so it is at their own still greater peril that they refuse to undertake aggressive war, ac-

ording to their force, whenever they are assured that their States in the Philippines will be "helpful and protective"?

Can any sane man doubt that the authority of the United States in the Philippines will be "helpful and protective?"

Continuing, Mr. Ruskin said:

"Nor need you listen to any sophistical objection of the impossibility of knowing when a people's help is needed, or when not.

* * * * *

"I tell you that the principle of non-intervention, as now preached among us, is as selfish and cruel as the worst frenzy of conquest, and differs from it only by being not only malignant, but dastardly!"

These are Ruskin's words. Whether they do or do not apply to the situation in our own country, we leave it to the thoughtful reader to judge.

Someone may be moved to ask, "Why this digression?" Because the Sixth was a leading factor in both these wars and the right is claimed to justify her course. No one regrets the part the regiment played in the Philippines, although it was perhaps the first to inaugurate the active, aggressive plan of campaign whose general adoption brought the insurrection to a speedy close.

We turn from the past to contemplate the future. We stand at the dawn of a new era in our country. In that new era the profession of the soldier will be upon a higher plane than ever before. His services will be needed not for plunder or territorial acquisition, but for protecting the weak and the defense of those principles held dear to the American heart. Such service will be consistent with the most exalted Christian character and worthy of the successors of the noble band whose acts are chronicled in the following pages.

PART I.

ORGANIZATION TO CUBAN CAMPAIGN, FROM JULY 16, 1798, TO APRIL 19, 1898.

CHAPTER I.

EARLIER HISTORY—1798-1846.

The Sixth Regiment came into existence during the latter part of the eighteenth century. Its first authentic mention occurs in the Acts of Congress of July 16, 1798, and March 3, 1799. Out of the thirty commissioned officers belonging to the infant regiment in 1799, twenty-seven were from North Carolina, and orders from the War Department under date of January 5, 1800, directed that the regiment be recruited in that State. At that time it seemed as though war with France were inevitable, but peaceful relations between the two countries were resumed, and the Sixth was discharged under the Act of May 14, 1800.

Reorganization.

In 1807-8 the United States seemed again on the brink of war. The affairs of the *Chesapeake* and *Leopard*, the Emperor Napoleon's attitude regarding neutral commerce, and the retaliatory measures adopted by the British Government, caused Congress to decide upon an increase in the strength of the Army. Under the Act of April 12, 1808, the Sixth Regiment was again organized, and since that time has remained continuously in the service until the present day.

War of 1812.

Jonas Simonds, the first colonel of the regiment, was appointed from Pennsylvania in July, 1808. He led the organization through the War of 1812-15, and old records show that the Sixth played an important part in the following battles:

Heights of Queenstown, October 13, 1812.

York, April 23, 1813.

Fort George, May 27, 1813.

Siege of Plattsburg, N. Y., September 6-11, 1814.

Again Reorganized.

Under the Act of March 3, 1815, the Army was reduced in strength, and the Sixth was reorganized by consolidation with the Twenty-fifth, Twenty-seventh, Twenty-ninth, and Thirty-seventh Regiments. Colonel Simonds, who had remained in command nearly seven years, was superseded by Colonel Henry Atkinson, of the Thirty-seventh Regiment. The latter assumed command August 27, 1815, at Fort Lewis, N. Y.

Yellowstone Expedition.

September 4, 1815, the regiment left Fort Lewis for Governor's Island, N. Y., where it remained until April 16, 1816, going thence to Plattsburg, N. Y., and leaving that point in the spring of 1819 for its memorable journey through the wilderness to St. Louis, Mo. Proceeding overland as far as Pittsburg, Pa., the regiment embarked on May 8, 1819. The men were housed in small transport boats, ten in number, which were propelled by means of oars and sails. The long journey by water at that early period was one fraught with considerable novelty and peril. The country through which the little flotilla glided was, for the most part, an unbroken wilderness, containing but a few scattered settlements and trading-posts.

The expedition reached Belle Fontaine, Mo., after a month spent almost continuously on the water. Remaining at Belle Fontaine until July 4th, the regiment once more embarked and in September reached Council Bluffs. Here preparations were made for spending the winter and for providing means of defense against the Indians, who at times assumed a hostile attitude. The Rifle Regiment, which was stationed several hundred miles up the Missouri, was joined to Colonel Atkinson's command.

It was intended to continue in the spring to the mouth of the Yellowstone River, but further progress was prevented by the action of Congress, which declared against the expediency of proceeding further. What was at first regarded as a temporary camp at Council Bluffs became a permanent fort and remained the home of the Sixth for over seven years. Substantial bar-

racks and storehouses were erected of hewed logs, a saw- and grist-mill were built and about five hundred acres of land were placed under cultivation.

First Fort West of the Missouri.

Thus was established the first fort west of the Missouri River, and around it sprang up the earliest settlement in Nebraska—the original Council Bluffs—twenty miles distant from the Council Bluffs of the present day and sixteen miles from the present site of Omaha. The fort was named after its founder, Colonel Atkinson, but in later years became known as Fort Calhoun, in honor of the famous statesman of that name. St. Louis, Prairie du Chien, and the fort of the Hudson Bay Company at Vancouver were the nearest settlements to the new fort.

Reorganization.

Colonel Atkinson was promoted brigadier-general May 13, 1820, and Colonel Ninian Pinkney, promoted from the Second Infantry, succeeded him in command. Under the Act of March 2, 1821, the Sixth was reorganized by consolidation with the Rifle Regiment. August 16, 1821, Colonel Pinkney was transferred to the Third Infantry and General Atkinson again became colonel of the regiment, with the brevet of brigadier-general.

In June, 1823, Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Leavenworth led the regiment from Fort Atkinson to the relief of General Ashley's expedition, which a band of Arikari Indians had attacked and was threatening with extinction. He succeeded in engaging and gaining a decisive victory over the Arikaris, putting them to flight and destroying their villages. For this achievement he received the approbation of the War Department.

In April, 1827, the regiment was transferred to Jefferson Barracks, Mo., of which post General Atkinson had the honor to be first commandant. The Sixth was established with a part of the Third Infantry. It was at Jefferson Barracks that the famous old regimental mess was instituted. The post became the Infantry School of Practice.

After two years had been spent at Jefferson Barracks, Companies A, B, F, and H, under command of Brevet Major Bennett Riley, were detailed for detached service and had an adventurous time escorting the overland traders to Santa Fé. Returning in the fall, they established themselves at Fort Leavenworth, Kas.,

seventy-three years before the present time. In December, 1831, these four companies were ordered back to Jefferson Barracks, where the regiment was consolidated and preparations were made to take the field against the Sac and Fox Indians.

Black Hawk War.

General Atkinson was placed in command of the frontier forces of the Northwest in the Black Hawk Indian War, and his lieutenant-colonel, Daniel Baker, assumed command of the Sixth.

On the 2d of August, 1832, Black Hawk, at the head of a large body of Indians, was met and engaged by General Atkinson's forces at the junction of the Bad Axe and Mississippi rivers. During the fierce three-hours battle that followed, the Indians were completely routed and scattered and two hundred of their most warlike braves were killed or wounded. Black Hawk never recovered from this overthrow, and after an ineffectual attempt to repair his fortunes, surrendered to the agent at Prairie du Chien. The companies and men of the Sixth took a lion's share in the preliminary skirmishing and final overthrow of Black Hawk and were commended in orders by General Atkinson for their gallantry in action.

The regiment returned to Jefferson Barracks October 2, 1832, and in December of the same year Companies A, B, F, and H were again detached and stationed at Fort Leavenworth, where they remained until September, 1834, when the regiment was again concentrated at Jefferson Barracks. On February 29, 1836, the regiment left Jefferson Barracks, which had been its home for nearly nine years, and was sent to Louisiana, where the various companies did duty for a time at Fort Worth, Camp Sabine, and Fort Jesup.

The Florida War.

It was from Fort Jesup that the regiment was sent to take part in the Florida War. Companies C, D, and E took station at Camp Sabine, arriving there December 27, 1836. The remainder of the regiment left Fort Jesup December 19th, arriving at Fort Taylor, Fla., November 14th of the following year. Here they were joined to a separate column commanded by Colonel Zachary Taylor, of the First Infantry. On December 19, 1837, orders were received to proceed against the enemy. The force which left camp under Colonel Taylor numbered 870 men, exclu-

sive of officers. It was composed of 221 men of the Sixth, under Lieutenant-Colonel A. R. Thompson; 274 men of the Fourth Infantry, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Foster; 25 men of the Fourth Artillery, under Captain Munroe; and 180 of the Missouri Volunteers. The balance of the force consisted of Morgan's spies, pioneers, pontoneers, and a band of 70 Delaware Indians.

Battle of Okeechobee.

On Christmas day, 1837, was fought the famous Battle of Okeechobee, in which Lieutenant-Colonel Thompson fell and in which the Sixth Regiment gained the greatest glory and suffered the severest losses of any of the troops engaged. The enemy, some 700 strong, was brought to bay in a dense hummock, which offered perfect concealment for the Seminoles and from which it seemed impossible to dislodge them. They were first charged upon by Morgan's spies and the Missouri Volunteers, under Colonel Gentry. That gallant officer fell mortally wounded early in the action. The Volunteers were driven back panic-stricken. Repeated efforts were made to rally them, but without success.

The brunt of the battle thus fell on the Sixth and Fourth Infantry, the men of which displayed the greatest bravery in facing the heavy fire that was directed at them by the concealed foe in the hummock. The Sixth was almost decimated in the furious engagement. Seventy-five men of the seven companies participating were either killed or wounded, and in one company only four men remained uninjured. In five of the companies every officer and orderly sergeant, with but one exception, was put out of action. The remaining companies, B and K, crossed over from the left, formed on the right of the Fourth Infantry, and continued the engagement until the fight ended.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thompson was wounded three times before he fell. His last words were: "Keep steady, men. Charge the hummock. Remember the regiment to which you belong." Captain J. Swearingen was killed while in advance of his company. Lieutenants J. P. Center and E. J. Brooke were instantly killed. Sixteen men of the Sixth were killed, while two officers and fifty-three men were wounded. Not without reason has the Battle of Okeechobee gone down in history as "Bloody Christmas."

Following is an extract of Colonel Taylor's report of the battle:

"I am not sufficient master of words to express my admiration of the gallantry and steadiness of the officers and soldiers of the Sixth Infantry. It was their fortune to bear the brunt of the battle. The report of the killed and wounded, which accompanies this, is more conclusive evidence of their merits than anything I can say."

The President of the United States tendered thanks to Colonel Taylor, the officers, non-commissioned officers, and troops of the Regular Army "for the discipline and bravery displayed by them on the occasion of this battle."

End of Seminole War.

The regiment was joined in May, 1838, by Companies C, D, and E, and remained in Florida during the entire campaign against the Indians. During the war it lost 10 officers and 129 enlisted men. March 20, 1842, it returned to Jefferson Barracks. It left Jefferson Barracks the following month for Fort Townson, Cherokee Nation, at which post it arrived in May.

Death of General Atkinson.

General Atkinson, who, during the twenty-six years he had commanded the Sixth, had endeared himself to officers and men alike, and who had gained for them, as well as for himself, an enviable reputation, died at Jefferson Barracks, June 14, 1842. Colonel William Davenport, promoted from the First Infantry, became his successor. He remained in command a year, when he exchanged regiments with Colonel and Brevet Brigadier-General Zachary Taylor, afterwards hero of Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Buena Vista, and Monterey and President of the United States.

CHAPTER II.

MEXICAN WAR AND INDIAN CAMPAIGNS—1846-1861.

On June 29, 1846, following the declaration of war with Mexico, General Taylor was promoted to the rank of major-general and turned over his command of the Sixth to Colonel Newman S. Clarke, who was promoted from the Eighth Infantry. In July, 1847, the regiment, with the exception of Companies G and I, formed a part of General Scott's forces at Puebla, Mexico. Companies G and I remained in the United States throughout the Mexican War.

August 9, 1847, the Sixth took part at Contreras and on the 19th defeated three batteries at San Antonio.

Battle of Churubusco.

August 20th occurred the Battle of Churubusco, relative to which is printed the following extract from Ripley's History of the Mexican War:

"Santa Anna, assisted by a crowd of general officers, strove to form his line, and with some success; but while things were in this state the small battalion of the Sixth Infantry came boldly forward, though irregularly and in confusion. The leading companies being gallantly led, from very rashness would, in all probability, have entered the *tête du pont*, had not Ricon's troops opened a terrific fire of musketry and cannon from the convent.

"The distance was great for musketry, being over three hundred and fifty yards; but the Mexican position was elevated, and, with the enormous cartridges furnished to Mexican soldiers, the bullets were easily sent to the road; without accurate aim, it is true, but in heavy, rolling volleys and with deadly force.

"The artillery soon opened, raking the causeway, and, being without support or definite orders, the Sixth staggered for a time, the rear became separated from the front, and the regiment was finally ordered by its major to break, fall back, and re-form behind the houses of the village which it had passed in its advance.

“With the exception of a party under Captain Walker, which had extended to the right and remained in the vicinity of the enemy, the regiment obeyed the order; but its advance had a most beneficial effect upon the after-events of the action. * *

“While these events were taking place a battalion of the Sixth Infantry had re-formed, and soon after was ordered to assault the *tête du pont* directly along the road. Captain Hoffman led it forward with gallant bravery and officers and men followed nobly.

“But the Mexicans in the work, whose attention had been given to the troops advancing through the corn on either flank, seeing this direct assault, turned all their guns upon it, which, enfilading the road, made dreadful havoc. Some of the men recoiled under the stern stroke of the artillery, but the general officers were by their side and a few words of reproof and encouragement sent them back to their places. With a shout, they again followed their officers in the advance, but the direct assault was impracticable and Worth shouted to Hoffman to incline to the right into the corn, to operate with the main body of the division in that quarter. There, next the causeway, the Fifth and Eighth had become engaged. They had advanced on the right of the road, and had been saved much of the loss which had befallen the Sixth.

* * * * *

“The battle had raged for more than two hours from the time it was first opened by the Sixth Infantry, when the Mexicans first gave way in front of the American right, and fled through the corn-fields in their rear toward the city.

“A party of American troops of different regiments, principally of the Second Artillery and Sixth Infantry, was led on by its officers past the left of the *tête du pont*, crossed the river Churubusco, and presented itself in threatening position in rear of the work.

“The other troops came up, those on the right closed in, and rushing through wet ditches, waist deep, over the parapets and into the work, the American troops carried it in a crowd.”

Among the various officers who especially distinguished themselves in the action were General Clarke, colonel of the regiment, who was wounded while in command of the brigade, Captains Walker and Hoffman and Lieutenant Armistead.

Molino del Rey.

September 8th saw the Sixth again engaged in a fierce con-

flict, this time at Molino del Rey. In this battle, as at Churubusco, the men of the regiment displayed conspicuous gallantry and lost heavily. As the advance was being made the Mexicans opened fire upon the flank of the storming party from a masked battery, doing terrible execution. The charge was continued until eleven of the fourteen officers with the storming party were disabled. Even then, the scattered parties kept up their fire. They were finally repulsed, and the Mexicans, who had changed their position during the night, reoccupied their old battery. Contrary to every usage of civilized war, they foully murdered every wounded American soldier they found on the field. Captain Walker, of the Sixth, and one enlisted man were taken for dead and thus escaped the fate of their comrades.

The Mexican triumph, however, was short-lived. General Worth ordered the remainder of the Sixth and Eighth regiments over to the right, opened a heavy artillery fire on the advancing enemy, checked and finally repulsed them, and pursued them toward Chapultepec.

Battle of Chapultepec.

On September 13th was fought the Battle of Chapultepec. This fortress, a castle on the crest of a rugged hill, was surrounded by high stone walls and was one of the most formidable barriers encountered by the Americans. Again the Sixth was foremost in the fray. One of its officers, Lieutenant Armistead, was the first of the storming party to leap into the ditch. Scaling-ladders were placed in position, the men swarmed over the walls, and the fortress of Chapultepec was taken.

End of War.

This practically ended the war, for the next day Scott's victorious army entered the City of Mexico. During the war, ten officers of the Sixth had been wounded (two mortally) and a total of 163 enlisted men had been killed or wounded. The regiment remained in the City of Mexico the balance of the year 1847. In January, 1848, it was moved to Toluca, Mex., and in June was concentrated at Jalapa, from which place it started homeward, arriving at Jefferson Barracks in July.

From this time until 1858 the regimental headquarters and the various companies changed station a number of times, the companies doing field duty at various points on the frontier and garrisoning a number of different posts. The principal events during that period were as follows:

Principal Events—1854-60.

August 29, 1854, "Grattan Massacre." Lieutenant L. J. Grattan and thirty men of Company G were killed by Indians near Fort Laramie while endeavoring to recover a cow stolen from a party of Mormon traders.

September 3, 1855, Companies A, E, H, I, and K, under Major Albermarle Cady, took part against the Sioux in the Battle of Ash Hollow, on the Blue Water. The Americans attacked the principal village of the Brulés and achieved a complete victory, inflicting a loss of eighty-six killed and five wounded, besides capturing about seventy women and children and a large number of horses and mules.

July and August, 1857, Companies C, D, and G, commanded by Captain Ketchum, formed a part of Colonel Sumner's expedition against the Cheyennes. The three companies of infantry were forced, the greater part of the time, to keep pace with the horses of the First Cavalry. They suffered almost incredible hardships from forced marches and deprivation of rations and supplies. Many of the men returned barefooted and in rags. Company C was out of rations for eighteen days, and for seventeen days the men of Company D lived entirely on fresh beef.

The next event of importance in the history of the Sixth is its march from Fort Bridger to Benicia Barracks, Cal., from August 21, to November 15, 1858. During this extended "hike" the regiment, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel George Andrews, marched a total distance of over 1,000 miles. Arriving at Benicia Barracks, the companies were posted at different points in the Department of the Pacific.

August 29, 1859, Captain Lewis Armistead, of Mexican War fame, won a signal victory over the Mojave Indians. With fifty men from Companies F and I, he attacked and defeated over two hundred red-skins near Fort Mojave, Cal. In this engagement about seventy-five Indians were killed and wounded, as against three of Captain Armistead's command slightly wounded.

May 14, 1860, Company A, commanded by Captain Flint, marched from Benicia Barracks to Truckee River, U. T., a distance of 300 miles. The command arrived May 31st, and June 2d had a skirmish with the Indians.

Death of General Clarke.

October 17, 1860, Brevet Brigadier-General Newman S. Clarke, colonel of the regiment, died at San Francisco. Colonel

Washington Seawall, promoted from the Eighth Infantry, took command of the regiment at Benicia Barracks, March 8, 1861.

April 14 and 16, 1861, thirty enlisted men of B Company, Sixth Infantry, under command of First Lieutenant Collins, Fourth Infantry, engaged a body of Indians near Mad River, 50 miles from Fort Humboldt, Cal. During the two nights' fighting the party had only one man wounded, while the Indians lost in the neighborhood of forty braves.

CHAPTER III.

THE CIVIL WAR—1861-1865.

(REPUBLISHED BY PERMISSION.)

NOTE.—The following chapter is an extract from an article entitled "The Sixth Regiment of Infantry," contributed by Major (then Lieutenant and Adjutant) Charles Byrne to "The Army of the United States," a publication issued by the Military Service Institution.

* * * * *

"The great War of the Rebellion was now in progress and the summons had crossed the continent for the Sixth to hurry eastward. Several of its best and bravest officers, honest in a mistaken construction of the Constitution and true to their convictions as to duty under it, had tendered their resignations and given themselves to the fatal cause. But the rank and file, with unhesitating fealty, stood by the old flag, and remained, to a man, on the side of the North.

"The movement began October 31, 1861, and by January 31, 1862, the entire regiment was concentrated at Washington under command of its colonel.

"Colonel Seawall retired from active service February 20, 1862, and was succeeded by Colonel Electus Backus, promoted from the Third Infantry, who died at Detroit, Mich., on June 7, 1862, and was in turn succeeded by Colonel Hannibal Day, promoted from the Second Infantry.

"The regiment left Washington City on March 10, 1862, for service in the field, as part of Sykes' Brigade of Regulars, and participated in the siege and operations which preceded the evacuation of Yorktown by the enemy on May 4.

Mechanicsville.

"The regiment was mainly employed on picket duty along the Chickahominy until June 26th, when it was sent to reinforce a portion of McCall's Division of Fitz John Porter's Corps, which was engaged with the enemy at Mechanicsville. It arrived close to the scene of conflict late in the evening, but took no part in the action, and the next morning was ordered to fall back towards Gaines' Mill, and await the attack of the enemy, who was advancing in force. The battle commenced about noon on the 27th.

“During the earlier stages the Fifth New York and a South Carolina regiment had repeatedly attacked each other to no purpose. Colonel Warren, about three o'clock in the afternoon, asked the division commander for the Sixth Infantry and formed it in front of and perpendicular to the line of the Fifth New York and Seventeenth Infantry, facing the open space over which the former and the South Carolina Regiment had been charging and counter-charging. The arrangement was, that the Fifth New York should repeat its charge, and, on being counter-charged, the Sixth was to take the Confederate regiment in flank. The Sixth Infantry had hardly taken position when those in command saw the uselessness of such work, which, according to Warren's graphic words, was ‘only covering the ground with dead men,’ and the regiment received orders simply to hold its position in the woods, which it did until about sunset, when the Federal lines, flanked at both extremities, gave way.

“As the regiment's position was in advance of the first line and in the woods, the status of affairs was not at once apparent, but a few moments under heavy canister fire sufficed to clear up matters, and, crossing a small bridge, the Sixth in disarray passed to the rear between two of the enemy's skirmish lines and re-formed on the ridge occupied by Generals French and Meagher.

“Later in the evening the regiment moved into the valley of the Chickahominy, and early on the morning of the 28th crossed that stream. The bridge was destroyed after the passage of the Sixth Infantry, the last to leave the field.

“In this action Captain R. W. Foote was killed and Lieutenants H. A. F. Worth and D. D. Lynn were wounded. Of the enlisted men, five were killed and sixty-one wounded.

“During the day Second Lieutenant Jeremiah P. Schindel, while separated from the regiment with a few men, exhibited personal bravery and coolness under fire to a marked degree.

Second Battle of Bull Run.

“The regiment arrived at Manasses, via Warrenton Junction, August 20th, and participated in the second Battle of Bull Run on the 30th. It occupied a position about the center of the line, near the Warrenton turnpike, from early in the forenoon until near 5 o'clock p. m., and, falling back with the army, bivouacked that night at Centerville.

“Six enlisted men of the regiment were killed in this battle,

and Lieutenants C. M. Pyne, A. W. Bickley, and J. P. Schindel and twenty-five enlisted men were wounded.

"During the Battle of Antietam, September 17th, the Sixth was on picket duty, and on the 19th the regiment proceeded to Nolan's Ford, on the Potomac, near Sharpsburg, crossed into Virginia and had a skirmish with the enemy on the 24th, and finding him in force, recrossed in obedience to orders and encamped at Sharpsburg, Md.

"The regiment took part in several reconnaissances in October, November, and December, and on December 11th bivouacked on a ridge on the north bank of the Rappahannock, overlooking the valley and city of Fredericksburg.

Fredericksburg.

"Crossing with Hooker's division on the 13th, the regiment was moved forward to within a few hundred yards of the famous stone wall for the purpose of attacking on the morning of the 14th. The plan being changed, the Sixth held its position in the line on the same ground, during the whole of the 14th, Sunday, under a most galling fire, without having a chance to make an appreciable return. Between 11 and 12 o'clock p. m., the line was withdrawn into the town, and occupied the main street during the 15th, exposed to some artillery fire. About 9 o'clock p. m. the division of which the Sixth formed a part was moved near the outskirts of the town, where it remained till next morning, when in a fog and rain the regiment crossed the Rappahannock, following the First Brigade. The ground in front of Company E was so flat that in the course of the day First Sergeant Thetard—afterwards mortally wounded at Gettysburg—was struck, and Corporal Kelly and five other men were picked off in succession. Having recrossed the river, the regiment during the day and night reoccupied with its division the bivouac on the ridge north of and overlooking the city, and on the 17th returned to camp near Potomac Creek.

"At Fredericksburg five enlisted men were killed, and Second Lieutenant James McKim and twenty enlisted men were wounded.

"The regiment left camp near Potomac Creek April 27, 1863, and proceeded to Harwood Church, on the Fredericksburg-Warrenton road, crossed the Rappahannock at Kelly's Ford on the 29th, and after dark on the same day waded the Rapidan at Ely's Ford, and bivouacked on the right bank. On the 30th the

Sixth marched with its division to Chancellorsville, and, after a short halt, moved out on the Fredericksburg road for about three-quarters of a mile and bivouacked for the night.

Battle of Chancellorsville.

“On the forenoon of May 1st the Second Brigade was formed on the edge of the Wilderness, with the Second and Sixth Infantry on the right of the road. The line, only part of the time covered by skirmishers, rapidly advanced, brushing away the Confederate forces in front, which precipitately retreated, but re-formed while the Federals halted, and opened a fire from which the Sixth and Second Infantry particularly suffered. Being finally outflanked, the line was withdrawn, and, on reaching the ground where it had formed in the morning, the Sixth was detached to cover an exposed flank until relieved. General Hancock’s skirmishers soon coming up, the regiment rejoined the brigade, which had reached the ground of the previous night’s bivouack.

“The casualties to the regiment in this action were confined to the enlisted men, one being killed and twenty-three wounded.

“On the 3d, while on picket duty in the vicinity of Chancellorsville, the regiment captured four of the enemy, and while engaged in a skirmish two enlisted men were wounded.

“On the morning of the 6th the regiment retreated with the army towards the Rappahannock, recrossed at the U. S. ford, and arrived, after a hard march of sixteen miles, at the old camp on Potomac Creek, near Falmouth.

“The regiment left camp on Potomac Creek June 4th, for Benson’s Mills, where it remained until the 13th, when it took up the march for Aldie, Va., arriving at that point on the 22d. It left Aldie on the 27th, crossed the Potomac at Edward’s Ferry on the same day, and, marching with but little intermission until the 30th, arrived at Unionville, Md.

“At Fredericksburg the Sixth Infantry was transferred from the Second to the First Regular Brigade of Syke’s Division, under its colonel, Hannibal Day, as brigade commander.

Battle of Gettysburg.

“Moving into Pennsylvania, the regiment at dawn of July 2d was in position on the extreme right of the Union line, not far from the Baltimore and Gettysburg turnpike.

"About the middle of the forenoon it was placed as reserve near the center of the line, and during the afternoon was moved in haste to the left and down the rugged slopes with the regular brigades. The Second penetrated the woods and wheat-fields in front, while the First, to which the Sixth Infantry belonged, held the open ground immediately in its rear. The left being in the air and the troops on the right having given way, the division was ordered to fall back.

"The regular infantry, which included the Sixth, was then formed in the woods back of Little Round Top and remained there during the 3d, exposed to the fire of the artillery and to that of sharpshooters who were hidden among the rocks in and around the 'Devil's Den.'

"On the morning of the 4th the First Regular Brigade was ordered toward the Emmetsburg turnpike, to feel the enemy. It advanced with the Third, Fourth, and Sixth Infantry in line, the Sixth on the left, to the edge of Durfee's peach orchard, which was entered by the skirmishers. The brigade then moved back to Little Round Top, but was immediately faced about with orders to picket the 'Devil's Den' and outer edge of the woods in front of the line. The Confederate outposts were in close proximity, and the picket firing which soon began was continued until dark.

"On the morning of the 5th part of the picket line, including Company I, Sixth Infantry, was advancing beyond Emmetsburg road. In the afternoon the brigade returned to its position in the woods in front of Round Top, and by 5 o'clock was with the division in pursuit of the enemy, bivouacking that night about four miles from Emmetsburg.

"The casualties to the enemy at Gettysburg were First Sergeant I. Thetard, Company E. and seven privates killed; Second Lieutenant Thomas Britton, eight non-commissioned officers, and thirty privates wounded.

"Lieutenant Britton's wound was received under circumstances which especially distinguished him for bravery.

"The regiment was lying down exposed to the telling fire from Confederate sharpshooters, when, to steady the growing uneasiness of his men, he deliberately rose in the line of the file-closers, stretched and yawned as though waking from a nap, and coolly walked back and forth the length of the company.

Colonel Day Retired.

“On the 1st of August, 1863, Colonel Day was retired from active service and was succeeded by Colonel E. A. King, promoted from the Nineteenth Infantry, but on the 20th of September, less than two months later, Colonel King was killed at the Battle of Chickamauga while in command of a brigade of Thomas' corps. He was succeeded by Colonel J. D. Greene, promoted from the Seventeenth Infantry.

“On August 16th, 1863, the regiment, under the command of Captain Montgomery Bryant, embarked for New York City, where it arrived on the 21st and camped in Washington Park. It had been sent there on account of the draft riots, and remained doing provost duty until the 11th, when it was transferred to Ft. Hamilton, N. Y. H.

“While at Ft. Hamilton the regiment was consolidated into two companies—H and I—and drilled as heavy artillery, to form part of the defenses of New York City. On May 17, 1865, the regiment embarked on the steamer *Star of the South* for Savannah, Ga., where it arrived on the 21st and was assigned to duty as part of the forces of the District of Savannah, with headquarters at Hilton Head.

“The regiment, with the exceptions of Companies B and I, on detached service at Lawtonville, S. C., since September, arrived at Charleston, S. C., from Hilton Head, on December 9, 1865, and took quarters in the ‘Citadel.’

“During February skeleton companies A, C, E, and F were recruited from the depot, completing the original organization of the regiment.

“While the headquarters remained at Charleston, the companies were moved from place to place in South Carolina, being stationed from time to time at Charleston, Georgetown, Aiken, Beaufort, Darlington, Orangeburg, Lawtonville, Columbia, Strawberry Station, and other points.”

CHAPTER IV.

CIVIL WAR TO CUBA CAMPAIGN—1865-1898.

The chapter which follows is of necessity a brief one. For a period of thirty-three years following the Civil War the Sixth Regiment had but little excitement to vary the monotony of routine work in garrison and field.

In 1867 the regimental headquarters was transferred from Charleston to the Indian Territory.

Reorganization.

In 1869 the regiment was reorganized by consolidation with the Forty-second Infantry. March 15th, of the same year, Brevet Major-General William B. Hazen, afterwards chief signal officer, transferred from the Thirty-eighth Infantry and became colonel of the regiment. During the same year companies of the Sixth did duty during the settlement of the "Neutral Lands" troubles in Kansas.

In October, 1871, Company I performed efficient service during Chicago's great conflagration.

The following year saw the regiment in the Department of the Dakota, some of its companies seeing service against the Indians at Fort A. Lincoln.

In 1873-4-5 the regiment furnished a number of escorts in connection with the building of the Northern Pacific Railway, the surveying of the northern boundary and the exploration of the Yellowstone River.

During the Sioux campaign of 1876 Companies B, C, D, and I took an active part against the Indians, forming a part of General Terry's column from May to September.

In 1880, the Sixth changed station from the Department of the Dakota to a camp on White River, Colo.

December 15, 1880, General Hazen was appointed chief signal officer of the Army. He was succeeded as colonel by Brevet Major-General Alexander McDowell McCook, promoted from the Ninth Infantry.

In 1881 a battalion of the Sixth was with General MacKenzie's expedition in southwestern Colorado. In September this battalion commenced to build Fort Thornburgh, Utah.

The regiment was concentrated at Fort Douglas, Utah, in 1883.

May 15, 1886, the headquarters arrived at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., and General McCook became commandant of the U. S. Infantry and Cavalry School at that post.

Companies H and I joined the headquarters in July, and in November Companies F and K established camp near Chicago, Ill., on the site where Fort Sheridan is now located.

Colonel Cochran in Command.

July 11, 1890, General McCook became a brigadier-general. He was succeeded by Colonel Melville A. Cochran, promoted from the Fifth Infantry. Companies I and K were skeletonized during the same month, under orders from the War Department.

August 20th the regimental headquarters and two companies were transferred to Fort Thomas, Ky., where they were later joined by Companies E, F, and G. Company A proceeded from Fort Lewis, Colo., to Fort Wood, N. Y., arriving August 25. September 2d Company B left Fort Lewis for Fort Porter, N. Y., arriving two days later. On September 6th Companies C and D arrived at Fort Porter from Fort Riley, while Company H left Fort Gibson, I. T., and joined part of the regiment at Newport Barracks, Ky., the latter part of the month. Second Lieutenant Atkinson and eight men of Company H were left behind until final disposition of all public property in the territory.

In September, 1891, a detachment of the regiment participated in the centennial celebration at Hamilton, O.

In May, 1892, Companies B, D, C, and H proceeded from Fort Porter, Fort Ontario, and Plattsburg Barracks, N. Y., and joined the companies stationed at Fort Thomas and Newport Barracks. In October of the same year the headquarters and First Battalion participated in the Columbian exercises in Cincinnati, while A Company took part in the exercises in New York City.

October 11, 1894, Company A arrived at Fort Thomas from Fort Wood, N. Y., and the regiment was again reunited.

In September, 1895, the Second Battalion, Major Miner commanding, spent three weeks in camp in connection with the opening of the Chickamauga National Park, Ga.

In May, 1896, the First Battalion, Lieutenant-Colonel Egbert commanding, took part in the centennial celebration at Nashville, Tenn. In September of the same year Lieutenant-Colonel Egbert led the regiment on a ten-days practice march, extending over a distance of 104 miles.

In June and July, 1897, the Second Battalion, Major Miner commanding, were encamped in the grounds at the Nashville Centennial Exposition, Nashville, Tenn.

From August 29 to September 19, 1897, the regiment, Colonel Cochran commanding, engaged in a practice march to Columbus, Ohio, participating in the G. A. R. parade at that place, and covering a distance of 126 miles.

PART II.

THE CUBAN CAMPAIGN, FROM APRIL 19, 1898, TO SEPTEMBER 29, 1898.

CHAPTER V.

EXPEDITION TO CUBA.

The commencement of the Spanish-American War found the Sixth at Ft. Thomas, Ky. At the beginning of hostilities there was but little doubt that the regiment would be among the first sent to the scene of action, and the summons found everyone in readiness and eager for the approaching campaign against the Spaniards. At last the regiment was ordered to Tampa, Fla., there to await embarkation for Cuba.

Leaving Fort Thomas.

On April 19, 1898, the gallant old regiment left Fort Thomas. It was escorted through the principal streets of Cincinnati by the Chamber of Commerce and numerous other civic and military organizations, amid scenes of the wildest enthusiasm. Whistles blew, bells rang out, and thousands of cheering, shouting people lined the streets and bade the boys God-speed. Marching from Cincinnati to Newport, Ky., where another ovation awaited it, the regiment left that night over the L. & N. Railway. Enthusiastic demonstrations greeted the special all along the road. On the evening of the 21st of April, Tampa was reached and the following morning the regiment left the cars and marched one and one-half miles to camp at Tampa Heights.

The Sixth was assigned to the First Brigade, First Division, Fifth Army Corps, as a part of General Shafter's expedition to Cuba. June 8th, the regiment left camp at Tampa Heights at 4:50 a. m. and marched to Ybor City, a distance

of three miles, proceeding thence by rail to Port Tampa, where it embarked at 5 p. m., same day, on the steamer *Miami*, trans-



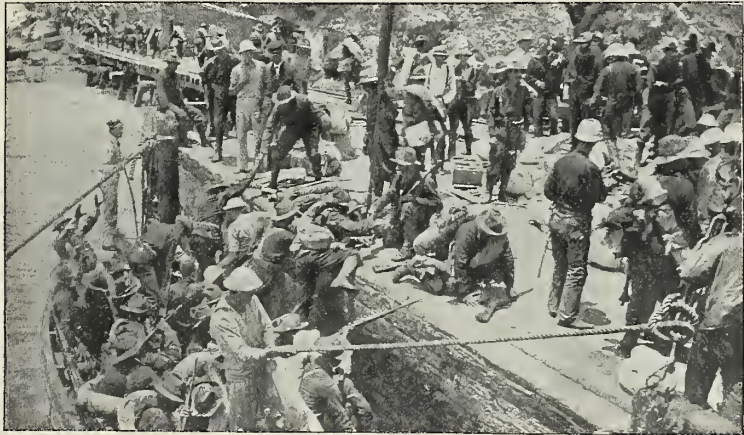
Embarking for Cuba. Scene at Port Tampa on Day of Departure.

port No. 1. The regiment was under command of its lieutenant-colonel, Harry C. Egbert; Colonel Cochran having been ordered before a retiring board, his retirement from active service occurring June 30th. The *Miami* left Port Tampa June 10th, and anchored in Tampa Bay, leaving Tampa Bay on the afternoon of June 14th; June 20th the expedition was off Santiago de Cuba, and June 22d it anchored off Daiquiri.

Landing at Daiquiri.

On the morning of June 22d the Army commenced to disembark at Daiquiri. General Lawton, with a strong force of the Second Division, pushed forward to Siboney, arriving early on the 23d and putting the Spanish garrison to flight. The unloading of troops and supplies was continued at both Daiquiri and Siboney and was practically completed by the evening of the 24th.

By the end of the month the Army, including General Garcia's Cuban command, was concentrated at Sevilla, with detachments at Siboney and Daiquiri. On the afternoon of June



The Landing at Daiquiri, Cuba.

30th, General Shafter assembled the division commanders and a plan of campaign was outlined. Santiago, of course, was the objective point of the campaign, but before investing Santiago it was necessary to capture the important Spanish strongholds of El Caney and San Juan. El Caney, to the northeast of Santiago, commanded the Guantanamo road and from its position could be used to shelter a strong Spanish outpost, with which to assail the right and rear of any force operating against San Juan. It was important, then, to attack and carry the two places simultaneously.

Accordingly Lawton's division, assisted by Capron's light battery, was ordered to march on El Caney and commence the attack early on the morning of July 1st. Wheeler's division of dismounted cavalry and Kent's division of infantry were ordered to advance on the same morning to San Juan Hill. Grimes' battery moved on the afternoon of the 30th, with orders to take position on the heights of El Poso early the next morning and engage the enemy's artillery as soon as the sound of firing showed that General Lawton's attack at El Caney was well under way. Under cover of the fire from Grimes' battery,

Generals Kent and Wheeler were to commence the advance on San Juan Hill.

Attack on El Caney.

Capron's battery opened on El Caney at 6:15 a. m. It was intended, as soon as El Caney had been captured, to have General Lawton cross over and take position on the right of the main line of battle, and assist in the attack on San Juan Hill. However, El Caney proved more formidable than was first anticipated and was not captured until 4:30 p. m.

When the fight at El Caney was in full progress, Grimes' battery opened upon the block-house in the San Juan intrenchments. The shots were well aimed and the Spaniards could be seen running away from the vicinity of the block-house. The enemy's artillery retaliated with shrapnel. It was evident that he had the range and his fuses were well timed, for at the first shots several Americans were killed or wounded. It was difficult to locate the Spanish pieces because of the smokeless powder used, while the smoke from the black powder employed in the American guns was plainly visible to the opposing force.

The Advance on San Juan.

In the meanwhile the First Division, under General Kent, had broken camp at 4:45 a. m. and was advancing in a northerly direction toward San Juan Hill, in the following order: First, Third, and Second Brigades, under Hawkins, Pearson, and Wikoff, respectively. The Sixth Infantry was in advance of the First Brigade, followed by the Sixteenth Infantry and the Seventy-first New York Volunteer Infantry.

At a point near the El Poso sugar-house the First Division was passed by Wheeler's dismounted cavalry division, which included Roosevelt's "Rough Riders," and which had the right of way. Shortly after, the command came into the zone of the enemy's fire. A balloon near the head of the column enabled the Spaniards to judge of the position of the advancing troops and they sent volley after volley crashing through the brush with deadly accuracy. The line of march was along a narrow road, bordered on both sides by impenetrable tropical jungles, in which it was impossible to deploy or advance troops. The First Brigade was now moved alongside the cavalry, which had halted, and the enemy's fire, steadily increasing in intensity, swept the closely packed road in all directions. The hail of bullets came not only from the front and the dense thickets on



“Grimes’ Battery” Going up El Poso Hill.

the flanks, but from numerous Spanish sharpshooters, concealed in trees in the rear.

To add to the confusion caused by the fierce firing it was impossible to escape or return, the Americans were ignorant of the topography of the country in front and of the exact location of the enemy's defenses. The situation was further complicated by the ramifications of the road and by the frequent halts and delays entailed thereby. Blanket-rolls and haversacks were dropped, the wounded were carried to the rear, and the galling fire was grimly suffered until such time as the score could be evened.

Panic of the Seventy-First.

Before coming to the crossing of Guama Creek, the Seventy-first New York Regiment was deflected by the division commander and was marched along a narrow trail leading to the left to a ford lower down the stream. The intention of this movement was to have the Seventy-first emerge in its proper place at the left of the First Brigade, but the steady fire of the enemy prevented a consummation of the movement.

The Third Brigade was ordered forward along the same path. Crossing the creek, the brigade was deployed to the left of the lower ford. It was during this movement that Colonel Wikoff, commanding the Third Brigade, was killed. Scarcely had Lieutenant-Colonel Worth, Thirteenth Infantry, assumed command of the brigade, than he also fell. Five minutes later Lieutenant-Colonel Liscum, Twenty-fourth Infantry, also fell under the fierce fire, and the command of the brigade devolved upon Lieutenant-Colonel E. P. Ewers, Ninth Infantry.

The Second Brigade, as soon as it came to the forks, was divided. The Tenth and Second Infantry were deflected to the left to follow the Third Brigade, while the Twenty-first was directed along the main road to support General Hawkins.

CHAPTER VI.

BATTLE OF SAN JUAN HILL.

In the meanwhile General Hawkins, who was with the First Brigade at the crossing of Guama Creek, had formulated a plan for flanking the enemy's fortifications. The Sixth Infantry, with Lieutenant-Colonel Egbert in command, was sent across the creek with instructions to enfilade, if possible, one or both fronts of the main fortification of the Spaniards.

Description of Battle-field.

The regiment now found itself in the following position: To the rear was Guama Creek, just crossed. To the right and front, changing its course abruptly from a westerly to a southerly direction at a point between the regiment and the Spanish position, was the Rio San Juan, a deep stream whose abrupt, almost vertical banks rose to a height of twenty feet on either side. Just across and west of the river, running almost due north and south, was a slightly sunken road, on the further side of which was a six-strand barb-wire fence, securely nailed to the trees of an overgrown hedge and to posts firmly set in the ground. From the southern extremity of this road the fence was continued to the west, thus enclosing a broad, open, grass-covered field. This fence later proved one of the most formidable obstacles the assaulting troops had to contend with. About 600 yards from the road, toward the north of the open space, rose San Juan Hill, a steep eminence about 200 feet high, on the crest of which were the Spanish intrenchments and block-house.

Lieutenant-Colonel Egbert made a reconnaissance from a field of grain in front of the position held by the Sixth, but the thickly wooded banks of the stream beyond precluded the possibility of any definite observations. Returning to the regiment, he sent forward Companies B and D of the First Battalion, and E and G of the Second. The remaining four companies were held in reserve. The four companies sent forward were ordered to form on the left of and reinforce the cavalry, but under no circumstances to cross the stream.

Captain Turner deployed B Company in skirmish line and moved it to the front under a brisk fire, finally halting in rear of a thick growth of underbrush on the banks of the stream. Captain Kennon followed almost immediately afterward with E Company and took position on the left of Captain Turner's company, Company B moving to the right and E occupying the position vacated by B.

The enemy's fire grew very hot, repeated volleys striking down several men. A danger other than that of the enemy's fire also menaced the men on the bank of the stream. A company of the regiment, not aware of the presence of American forces in their front, was deployed about fifty yards to the rear, with orders to fire point-blank at will, lying down. A catastrophe was averted by the men in front, who had heard the order, calling back not to fire on them. Seeing that it was impossible to offer combat from this position, the companies fell back. In going to the rear at a double time through the dense underbrush some of the men became detached from their companies, but kept on and reported themselves to the first organization they managed to find. Company G, in particular, was badly scattered, and Lieutenant Jones found himself with scarcely a dozen men to command.

Captain B. A. Byrne, commanding Company H, had in the meanwhile been sent forward to join the companies in front. Under a hot fire, he drew up on the bank of the stream, Two of his men were shot down, and, being unable to secure shelter, he reported to Major C. W. Miner, commanding the Second Battalion. He was ordered to the right, and, being under no orders not to cross the stream, did so. No troops were found on the far side, and H Company, from its advanced position, became a target for the Spanish pieces. Several volleys were fired at the company, but they were fortunately aimed high; "Else," as Captain Byrne says in his report, "few would have escaped." The company, being unsupported, soon recrossed the stream.

Crossing the Stream.

Discovering that an equal engagement was impossible from the left bank of the stream, Lieutenant-Colonel Egbert ordered both battalions across and was himself one of the first to jump into the stream and wade to the opposite bank. The various companies got across as best they might, some of the men crossing on logs, while the majority plunged into the water and scrambled up the steep banks. The stream was necessarily

crossed in broken formation, such shelter as could be secured being taken advantage of as soon as the men forded it.



The Log over Which a Part of the Regiment Crossed in the Advance on San Juan.

Company E and a company of the Sixteenth Infantry found cover on the banks. This space becoming crowded by reason of fresh arrivals, the two companies were led into a "swale" to the right, from which they later advanced to the attack. Company A went to the right upon crossing, while C, D, and B companies went to the left. A number of men who had become detached in crossing joined other companies. The companies and men for the most part crouched along the fence to the south and west of the open field; the sunken road and an occasional tree or bush furnishing some shelter. Companies of the Sixteenth Infantry followed closely after the Sixth and the men of the two organizations became somewhat mixed.

Now, for the first time, our men were able to effectively return the fire of the enemy, which they had hitherto borne for several hours with no chance of retaliating in kind. Supported by the artillery, they commenced a brisk infantry fire, at from 500 to 700 yards, on the Spaniards in the trenches and block-house. About an hour after crossing, it was decided to get through the fence and have a try at the Dons at close quarters.

Through the Fence.

For a time, the fence proved a formidable barrier. Hacking at the spiked strands with sharpened bayonets; pressing down the weaker posts by sheer force of numbers; beating the wires from their fastenings with the handiest weapon; crawling through, over, and under such openings as could be made, and all the time in plain sight of the Spaniards in the trenches, who directed at them a hail of bullets, the men of the Sixth and Sixteenth went through the fence, emerging into the open field singly, in twos and threes, or in larger numbers, and immediately commencing to fire upon the Spanish work.

At this period the casualties were greatest and the Sixth lost a number of its bravest officers and men in killed and wounded. The murderous fire that was poured upon the Americans by the sheltered Spaniards, at accurate range, could not be withstood by flesh and blood. Though it was gallantly returned, the odds were too heavy. The enemy's fire constantly increased in venom and intensity and an annoying cross-fire from the left and rear greeted the more advanced companies from their own troops. The attempt to hold the field was for the moment given over and shelter on the further side of the fence was once more sought.

Charging the Hill.

It was shortly after that the memorable "charge on San Juan Hill" was commenced and carried to a glorious conclusion. Just how the charge started is a matter that will never be satisfactorily determined. The movement seemed to commence almost simultaneously in half a dozen different places, as it became patent that the only way to get at the Spaniards was to charge them and drive them out. Here and there over the lead-swept field started up a cheering, shouting officer or soldier, drunk with the lust of battle and making straight for the grim, frowning, fire-spitting hill. Others jumped up and sped in their wake, yelling in turn like mad. The outbreak became a contagion and in the twinkling of an eye the field was covered by onrushing soldiers. It took but a minute or two to cross the field. To those in the rear, the leaders of the charge seemed almost to shoot upward, as the impetus of their run carried them up the steep slope of the hill. The Gatling and Hotchkiss guns on the bluff across the creek redoubled their fire, shooting dangerously near to the charging Americans, but creating havoc among the Spanish infantrymen and artillerymen on the crest. The

charge continued until shot from their own battery struck within thirty yards of the storming party, which was forced to halt. There was no need, however, to continue the gallant movement. Daunted by the impetuous advance of the Americans and demoralized by the fierce artillery fire to which they had been subjected since early morning, the Spaniards had enough and fled ingloriously toward Santiago, leaving their dead and wounded behind.

Capturing the Block-House.

The artillery fire ceasing, the assaulting party traversed the remaining space and soon the summit of the hill was swarming with men of the different organizations. These, spreading out on



Capturing the Spanish Block-house, San Juan.

the flanks, opened up an effective fire upon the retreating enemy. The block-house was cleared of dead and wounded and a few prisoners were taken. The captured Spanish arms were piled up, and, the enemy having opened fire from toward Santiago, the men were ordered to lie down in rear of the crest.

(See next chapter for results and casualties.)

HISTORY OF THE SIXTH U. S. INFANTRY.

In Front of Santiago.

About 5:30 p. m., July 1st, the regiment was moved to the west slope of the captured hill and intrenched its position, the men for the most part using their bayonets and tin cups as intrenching tools. The work was continued until early the next morning. At 4 o'clock on the morning of July 2d the Span-



San Juan Hill, After Surrender of Santiago. Showing Block-House and Camp of American Forces.

iards again opened fire from the direction of Santiago. The Sixth, being practically in reserve on what was known as the "second line," took no active part in the subsequent engagements of the 2d and 3d, though under a dangerous fire which forced the men to lie close in the trenches and interfered with the work of extending and deepening the same. July 5th the regiment was moved to the first line of intrenchments toward the left flank, facing the Spanish intrenchments at that point. On the 10th it was again moved—this time to the right flank—where it occupied a position in the first line and took part in the action of July 10th-11th.

The Return Home.

After the surrender of Santiago the Sixth moved to a hill in front of the captured city, remaining in camp until July 7th, marching thence to the coast and being transferred by the lighter *Laura* to the *Vigilancia*, transport No. 25. The transport left Santiago the following day, *en route* to Montauk Point, arriving Saturday, August 13th. The regiment disembarked on Sunday and remained at "Detention Camp," one and one-half miles from Montauk Station, until the 19th, when it

left for Camp Wikoff, near Fort Pond. Remaining at Camp Wikoff until September 17th, the regiment left for "home," arriving at Newport, Ky., September 20th, and going into Camp Wetherill, two miles from Fort Thomas, whence, on the 29th of September, it proceeded to Fort Thomas.



Men of the 6th Infantry in the Trenches Receiving News of Surrender of Santiago.

The demonstration in Cincinnati upon the return home of the regiment was even more enthusiastic than upon its departure. Barely one-third of the officers and men who left for Tampa were able to return and be welcomed by the thousands of citizens who awaited them late at night on September 20th.

Two days later a public reception and a banquet were tendered to the regiment at the Grand Hotel in Cincinnati by the citizens of the "three cities."



“Surrender Tree,” Where Surrender of Santiago was Consummated. San Juan Hill in Distance.

CHAPTER VII.

CASUALTIES AND RESULTS.

It is not the purpose of this volume to attempt anything approaching a history of the Cuban campaign, but merely to outline the part taken therein by the Sixth Infantry. Consequently, but little mention has been made of the disposition of other American troops, or of the part taken by them during the operations at El Caney, Santiago, and San Juan. So far as fighting is concerned, the Sixth's work in Cuba practically ended with the storming and capture of San Juan Hill, to which it becomes necessary to revert.

Who Captured San Juan?

Credit for the capture of the hill has been ascribed by some authorities as belonging almost solely to the Sixth and Sixteenth Regiments. Others have divided the honor among these two regiments, the Ninth, Thirteenth, and Twenty-fourth Regiments of Infantry, and the First Volunteer Cavalry. It is not necessary to take up the cudgels in behalf of either contention. Sufficient is it to say that the charge and capture were accomplished by American soldiers and American subordinate officers, who saw what was to be done and did it without waiting for instructions.

It was notably a victory of individuals—animated, it is true, by a common impulse, but owing that impulse solely to personal bravery, patriotism, and initiative. The Battle of San Juan Hill, for this reason, stands unique, as showing what the American soldier is capable of when thrown upon his own resources. No more glorious tribute to the personnel of the Sixth could be paid than to state that some of its men were on top of the hill in advance of any other troops in the American Army, and that of all the organizations participating in the battle, its loss in killed and wounded was the heaviest of any. The following official table is conclusive.

Report of killed and wounded July 1, 1898, of the First Division, Fifth Army Corps:

CASUALTIES AND RESULTS.

Organization.	Killed.		Wounded.		Mis ing	Total.	Percentage of Loss.	
	Offic'rs	Men	Offic'rs	Men			Offic'rs	Men
1ST BRIGADE.								
16th Infantry.....	1	13	5	82	6	101	30.00	19.93
6th Infantry.....	4	13	7	92	.....	116	36.66	26.32
71st New York Vol. Inf'try..	4	12	1	47	43	64	2.32	12.57
Total.....	9	38	13	221	.....	281	.....	.....
2D BRIGADE.								
10th Infantry.....	1	4	5	21	.....	31	28.57	9.77
21st Infantry.....	.....	5	1	25	.....	31	4.00	9.05
2d Infantry.....	.....	1	4	16	.....	21	22.22	9.31
Total.....	1	10	10	62	.....	83	.....	.....
3D BRIGADE.								
9th Infantry.....	1	3	.....	23	1	27	5.55	6.61
13th Infantry.....	2	16	5	81	1	104	29.16	23.45
24th Infantry.....	2	10	4	73	7	89	34.18	18.05
Total.....	5	29	9	177	9	220	.....	.....
Grand total.....	15	77	32	460	.....	584	.....	.....

Killed and Wounded—Enlisted Men.

The names of enlisted men killed and wounded during the fight will be found elsewhere, under the memorials of the various companies of the regiment.

Killed and Wounded—Officers.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. Egbert, commanding the regiment, received a dangerous wound through the body while joining in the rush on the hill. He was, previous to his wounding, in the thick of the fight, encouraging and directing his men and recklessly exposing himself to the enemy's fire. For his gallantry in the battle he was promoted a brigadier-general of volunteers. He was mustered out of the volunteer service in December, 1898, and was commissioned colonel of the Twenty-second Regiment, at the head of which regiment he was killed in the Philippines. He could have been retired with the rank of brigadier-general without going to Manila, had he so chosen, but he preferred to "die in the harness."

First Lieutenant Jules C. Ord, who was treacherously shot down by a wounded Spanish officer he had succored, repeatedly distinguished himself during the day as aide to General Hawkins and was foremost in the charge.

Second Lieutenant Benchley, E Company, was killed while participating in the advance.

Captain Torrey and Lieutenant Purdy, of D Company, were wounded while leading their men in the open field.

Captain Walker and Lieutenant Gross, C Company, were struck down almost simultaneously, shortly after coming into the field.

Lieutenant Turman, Company F, was mortally wounded at about the same time. He died July 4th, in the division hospital.

Captain Wetherell, A Company, was killed at the commencement of the charge.

Second Lieutenant Simons, E Company, was wounded at the commencement of action, but fought through the engagement and was one of the first to reach the block-house.

Second Lieutenant John Robertson, Company G, was also wounded in action.

Individual Mention—Officers.

Instances of individual gallantry were many, but space will only permit the mention of a few, who notably distinguished themselves. In addition to the cases cited above, the following officers deserve especial mention:

Major C. W. Miner, after the wounding of Lieutenant-Colonel Egbert, assumed command of the regiment and led a party up the hill in the charge. He was promoted lieutenant-colonel of the regiment for gallantry during the fight. Since that time, to this date, his command of the regiment has been continuous, except from March 10 to May 31, 1899, when Colonel Kellogg was in command. He succeeded Colonel Kellogg as colonel of the regiment on the promotion of the latter to be brigadier-general, December 16, 1899.

Lieutenant D. W. Ryther, Company C, was one of the leaders of the charge. He did not wait for his men to get through the fence, but, calling "Come on!" to those nearest him, started for the hill. While at the front near the top, urging those behind him forward, he was joined by Captain Kennon and Lieutenant Simons, Company A. He was ordered by Captain Ken-

non to descend the hill and hurry up reinforcements. Though loath to return, he did so, and, having accomplished his mission, reascended the dangerous slope, and, passing the colors of the Sixteenth Infantry, arrived at the top in time to be in at the finish.

Captain Charles Byrne, waving his hat and a long silk handkerchief, led a crowd of men up the hill. He was also among the first to leap over the trenches and attain the Spanish block-house.

Lieutenant Jones, Company G, voluntarily performed dangerous duty by going to the rear and putting a stop to the firing of some American troops who were unknowingly shooting into their comrades in front.

Individual Mention—Enlisted Men.

Among the enlisted men who distinguished themselves, the following were commended in General Orders No. 15, A. G. O., Washington, D. C., February 13, 1900:

First Sergeant Thomas Farrell, Company B; First Sergeant Harold M. Hallman, Company A; Regimental Quartermaster Sergeant Joseph Bennett, First Sergeant Alexander Wyley, Company D; First Sergeant John Murray, Company C; Sergeant James M. Irvin, Company E; First Sergeant Dick Carter, Company F; Private James M. Mullen, Company F; Corporal Harry Edwards, Company F; Private Joseph H. Bias, Company F; Corporal Edward Fairechild, Company D; Corporal Edward F. Moore, Company F; Private Granville W. Buckland, Company E; Private Edward Harrison, Company B; Private William Taphorn, Company E; Sergeant Holger C. Kieme, Company F; Private Charles P. Kilkary, Company F; Private William C. Lynch, Company F; Quartermaster Sergeant Charles Crisler, Company F; Artificer George Koehler, Company F; Private William Young, Company F.

PART III.

THE PHILIPPINE CAMPAIGN TO PRESENT TIME, FROM SEPTEMBER 29, 1898, TO FEBRUARY 31, 1903.

THE PHILIPPINE CAMPAIGN.

Introductory.

In submitting the following chapters, the author disclaims any intention of producing a connected recital of the military operations on the islands occupied at various times by companies and detachments of the Sixth Infantry. Neither is it claimed that there will be found in these pages anything approaching a comprehensive review of causes, effects, and results, from a military and political point of view. Such a review of itself, from the disconnected nature of Philippine events and their widely divergent aspects, would fill a volume many times larger than the present one.

It is proposed, briefly, therefore, simply to outline in a general way the more important of the problems with which the American forces had to contend from the time of their occupation of the Philippine Islands, particularly with regard to the Visayan group; to sketch roughly the methods pursued in coping with these problems, bearing in mind the general results aimed at; and finally, to give, as connectedly as they may be pieced together, descriptions of the more important of the many battles, skirmishes, expeditions, and affairs participated in by the companies and men of the Sixth Infantry, acting separately and in conjunction with other forces. To the student of history there will undoubtedly remain many points more or less obscure; but to the officers and enlisted men of the Sixth Infantry the author trusts this portion of the work will be of interest as preserving, in convenient form, a concise and fairly accurate record of their achievements in the Philippines.

While the record of campaign appeals more strongly to the soldier, it should be borne in mind that fully as much credit is due Colonel Miner and the regiment for establishing and maintaining civil government in Negros and to a large extent also in Panay. This work received commendation, not only from the military commanders in the Philippines, but also from the United States Philippines Commission. The work was difficult and the results were not at first apparent, but patience and diligence on the part of officers and men simplified in those islands the task of substituting civil for military government.

CHAPTER VIII.

EXPEDITION AND LANDING.

Sufficient time had scarcely elapsed for the regiment to rest and recruit before it was again on the move. In October, 1898, in compliance with orders from the War Department, Companies I and K had been reorganized and two additional companies, L and M, had been organized. November 16, 1898, in compliance with S. O. No. 119, Department of the Lakes, the field, staff, band, and twelve companies left for Fort Sam Houston, Tex., arriving on the 20th of the month, and performing the usual garrison duties at that post for the next six months.

Trip to the Philippines.

May 17, 1899, the Sixth left Fort Sam Houston *en route* for the Philippine Islands. Company A, in charge of the heavy baggage, left two days in advance. The remainder of the regiment traveled in three sections, via the Southern Pacific Railway, arriving at San Francisco on the morning of May 22d and traveling a total distance of 1,798 miles by rail. The only serious incident of the trip was the death of Company Quartermaster Sergeant Frank Abel, Company C. He was run over by an engine at Tucson, Arizona. The regiment, on the day of its arrival at San Francisco, embarked on the United States Army transport *Sherman*, and, with 28 officers and 1,878 enlisted men of the Sixth and other organizations, steamed that night out of the Golden Gate, bidding farewell to the country many of those on board were never to see again.

May 30th the *Sherman* entered the harbor of Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands. Here Decoration Day was celebrated. At Honolulu, Colonel E. R. Kellogg and twelve enlisted men were too sick to proceed further, and were sent ashore. Throughout the year Colonel Kellogg, while nominally in command of the regiment, was too sick to join. On December 15th he was appointed a brigadier-general of volunteers and on the following day was retired from active service, with the rank of brigadier-general. The command of the regiment thus devolved upon

Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Miner, who was made colonel upon the promotion and retirement of Colonel Kellogg.

June 1st the regiment left Honolulu, arriving at Manila about midnight, June 18th. Two hours before Manila was reached, Private Edwin L. Gavitt, Company I, died of typhoid fever. At 7 o'clock on the morning of the 26th the *Sherman* left Manila and proceeded to Iloilo, arriving about noon of the 27th. The regiment, since leaving Fort Sam Houston on May 17th, had traveled a distance of 1,798 miles to San Francisco, 2,080 miles to Honolulu, 4,961 miles to Manila, and 357 miles to Iloilo, making a total distance traveled by land and water of 9,196 miles.

Condition of Affairs.

Leaving the regiment on board the *Sherman*, it becomes necessary to digress and indicate the nature of the circumstances to which the Sixth owed its presence. On the insurrection at that time in operation throughout the archipelago it is not necessary to dwell. The ambitions and plans of Aguinaldo and his clique, together with the resistance organized by them to United States authority, are matters of history that need no repetition.

In June, the date of the Sixth's arrival, the insurgents still held the field in considerable numbers, particularly in the northern islands. Not until later did they disband their field forces and adopt the method of guerrilla warfare so aptly termed by General MacArthur as a "modified Fabian policy."

The territory to which the Sixth Regiment had been assigned was known as the Visayan Military District and First Separate Brigade, Eighth Army Corps. The district was commanded by Brigadier-General R. P. Hughes, United States Volunteers, and comprised the islands of Cebu, Bohol, Siquijor, Negros, Panay, and Guimaras. General Hughes had at his disposal the following forces:

- Light Battery G, Sixth United States Artillery.
- Sixth United States Infantry.
- Eighteenth United States Infantry.
- First Battalion Twenty-third United States Infantry.
- First Regiment California Volunteer Infantry.
- First Regiment Tennessee Volunteer Infantry.
- Detachment Volunteer Signal Corps.
- Detachment Hospital Corps.

During the greater part of its stay in the islands, the Sixth's operations were in the islands of Negros, Cebu, and Panay exclusively. The other islands of the district were small and comparatively unimportant, and at no time did the operations on them attain the dignity of a regular campaign.

In Panay, the insurgent forces consisted of about 4,000 men, with headquarters at Santa Barbara. Earthworks and trenches had been constructed over a large portion of the island, and the insurgent leaders, under Aguinaldo's instructions, had made every preparation to withstand the American forces. At this time the rainy season was at its height, and any concerted action against the insurgents was impossible until dry weather should set in. In Negros and Cebu, however, the nature of the country rendered action possible, and it was accordingly decided to prosecute a vigorous campaign on these two islands and secure their pacification by the time movements on Panay should become possible.

Distribution of Companies.

It was decided, however, to land the first battalion of the regiment at Iloilo, Panay, on account of the superior facilities for embarkation afforded there. Companies A, B, C, and D were accordingly disembarked and reported for duty at Iloilo, June 28th. The battalion constituted a reserve force, subject to calls from the sub-district commanders. The field, staff, band, and the remaining companies of the regiment remained on the *Sherman* off Iloilo until the morning of July 2d, when the transport started for Bacolod, the capital of Negros; arriving there four hours later. On the evening of the same day Company H and twenty-five men of Company K were placed on board two *lorchas* (small schooners) and sent to the scene of recent disturbances near La Carlota. July 3d Companies E, K, and M, with the headquarters, staff, and band, disembarked at Bacolod. Company E proceeded July 11th to Manapla and Cadiz Nuevo, one detachment of thirty-five men of Company K taking station the same day at Silay and the rest of the company proceeding on July 11th to La Carlota. Company I disembarked at San Carlos and Bais, Companies F and G at Dumaguete and Company L at Jimamaylan and Binalbagan.

These movements were considerably retarded by continued rough weather and storms, which made it exceedingly difficult to land troops. Captain B. A. Byrne, with Company H and the K Company detachment, who had left Bacolod in *lorchas* on the



Bacolod, Looking South on Calle San Sebastian. Headquarters
6th Infantry to Left.

2d, *en route* for the La Carlota district, had a particularly rough passage. For six days the command was storm-bound in the lee of Guimaras Island and did not reach La Carlota until July 10th. July 12th the remainder of Company K, under Lieutenant Nesbitt, reinforced Captain Byrne's command, which had relieved detachments of the First California Infantry, United States Volunteers. The First California, after it had been relieved by the companies of the two battalions of the Sixth, embarked on the *Sherman* for Manila, *en route* to the United States.

Negros Prior to the Sixth's Landing.

In order to form a clear conception of the state of affairs prevailing on Negros in July, 1899, it is necessary to review briefly the events of the preceding year.

November 6, 1898, the inhabitants of the island, taking advantage of the unsettled condition of affairs existing in the Philippine Archipelago, rose against the Spaniards, overpowered and compelled the surrender of most of the Spanish garrisons and forced a capitulation from the Spanish governor. The Spanish flag was lowered, the public property turned over to the Provisional Government then and there established, and the Spanish military and civil officials were forced to leave the

island, Negros becoming, for the time being, her own mistress.

After considerable speculation as to the best course to pursue, the Provisional Civil Government sent a properly authorized commissioner, in the person of José Ereneta, to Captain Glass, of the United States cruiser *Charleston*, asking that the United States flag be raised upon the island. As the entire question of the archipelago was then a matter of treaty consideration, Captain Glass was powerless to assume any responsibility in the matter. The Provisional Government continued to act for itself, resisting the persuasion and threats of Aguinaldo and agents of the organization in Panay and Luzon until February, 1899, when the American flag was raised over the capital at Bacolod and a deputation was sent to wait upon General Miller at Panay, with a request for troops to protect the island from the Tagalogs, who had threatened to land in force and punish Negros for its adherence to the United States. By General Miller's advice, the commission proceeded to Manila, where a consultation was held with the military governor of the island, General E. S. Otis. In consequence of the visit of the commission the military sub-district of Negros was created and a battalion of the First California Volunteers was landed on Negros to give protection to the island and assist in the development of the Civil Government. The troops landed March 4, 1899. A battalion of 200 native auxiliaries was formed within a few days.

It now became the task of the insurrectionary leaders of Panay and Luzon to create a rupture between the inhabitants of Negros and the United States. A price was put upon the heads of the members of the Provisional Government and a regular system of Filipino revolutionary methods, under the direction of Aguinaldo, was put into effect. The insurgent leaders regarded the reciprocal relations existing between Negros and the United States as a bad example and a serious menace to the success of their cause and spared no efforts to create dissension. Native credulity, ignorance, and suspicion were imposed upon by a bureau organized for the dissemination of lying statements and measures of coercion.

These measures bore fruit during the month of May, when the Provisional Government's native police at Silay, deserted with their arms and ammunition and started out to join other malcontents in organizing the nucleus of a force with which to sweep the Americans into the sea. During the same month a small uprising took place on the eastern coast, which was quelled

by the First California Volunteers without bloodshed. The native police deserters, with refugees and outcasts from the neighboring islands and Tegal agents of the insurrection, succeeded in keeping affairs in the provinces in a disturbed condition, which necessitated the greatest activity on the part of the American troops to keep from developing into a regular uprising. The island was further disturbed by several bands of so-called *ladrones*, or bandits, whose habit it was and had been for many years of Spanish misrule to make forays from their strongholds in the mountain fastnesses and rove through the country, extorting blackmail, stealing cattle and committing acts of incendiarism and murder. Some of these bands numbered several hundred members and for a considerable time enjoyed almost complete immunity from punishment.

CHAPTER IX.

(JULY TO SEPTEMBER, 1899.)

Bongbong, Negros.

A particularly large and troublesome band of outlaws, known as Babaylanes, was operating at the time the Sixth landed, in the vicinity of La Carlota. It numbered about 400 members, followers of the excommunicated Spanish priest, Papa Isio. From an almost impregnable position in the mountains, detachments of the band made frequent incursions, terrorizing the whole district. Captain B. A. Byrne, in command at La Carlota, decided to teach the robbers a lesson, and on the night of July 18th made a forced march into the mountains toward their stronghold, commanding a detachment composed of Lieutenants Evans and Nesbitt, with about eighty-five men from H and K Companies. It had been raining almost continuously since the men left the *Sherman*, and the trails were in a fearful condition. The detachment kept on until a point was reached three miles from town. Here the command was divided, Lieutenant Evans taking a detachment of about thirty men and moving to the right, in order to cut off fugitives in case the main party should defeat the bandits. Captain Byrne and Lieutenant Nesbitt, with the remaining men of the force, took a road leading to the left. About five miles further on this force was halted, as the enemy's position was near at hand. The command rested until an hour before daybreak, when the march was again taken up. Led by native guides who were acquainted with the locality, Captain Byrne's force was among the bandits at daybreak, effecting a complete surprise. The enemy, believing no American force would dare attack their position, had made no preparations to prevent a surprise. About 450 of them were thus taken unawares. In the fight that followed, which was practically a hand-to-hand one, the Americans scored an overwhelming victory. One hundred and fifteen of the enemy were killed and many more were wounded. Private David S. Anderson,

Company K, was killed. During the conflict he was set upon by bolo-men. When found, he was frightfully mangled, having received over forty *bolo* cuts. Albert C. Jenks, Company K, was wounded. Lieutenant Evans, who had marched down a side trail with thirty men, for the purpose of cutting off fugitives in case of Captain Byrne's success, encountered a party of the enemy, killing three and capturing many stores.

Near Tolon, Negros.

July 29th Captain Charles Byrne and Lieutenants Edwards, Maxey, and Wetherill, with 101 men from Companies F and G, started from Dumaguete on an expedition against a band of Babaylanes. Crossing the mountains, they marched down the Siaton River, delayed by continual rains, muddy trails, high waters and steep inclines. A detachment sent to take position in rear of the enemy, in order to prevent escape, thus reached its destination later than was planned. As a result, while making the last crossing of the Siaton, near Tolon, on extemporized bamboo rafts, the command unexpectedly came upon its quarry. Although Lieutenant Maxey, with the advance party, succeeded in killing two and capturing eight, the main body escaped into the mountains, where it was impossible to overtake them.

Valdez, Negros.

July 27th sixty-seven men of Company E, under Captain Simpson, proceeded by the *lorcha Jaro* from Cadiz Nuevo to the vicinity of Escalante. Early on the morning of the 28th the command crossed the Danao River and encountered the enemy at Valdez, killing eighteen and taking one wounded prisoner.

Near the Malago River, Negros.

Sergeant Roeder, with a detachment of eighteen men, left Silay for Guimblaon July 28th to intercept a band of *ladrones* reported to be marching toward that point from San Isidro. When near Malago River, he sent Privates De Graff, Donnelly, Heger, and Heichemer forward to reconnoiter, instructing them to return inside of an hour. They kept on until they reached a *hacienda*, where two of them waited while the others went to the Malago, returning about 2 o'clock. Nothing having occurred to excite their suspicion and being misled by the apparent friendliness of the treacherous natives at the *hacienda*, they sat down to eat a chicken that had been given them. In the meanwhile about forty insurgent riflemen and one hundred bolo-

men belonging to the battalion of Lieutenant-Colonel Luis Ginate had quietly crept up and at a whistle opened upon the four men with a volley. The men, completely surprised, sprang to their feet and returned the fire. For a moment, they succeeded in checking the advance, but, seeing themselves being rapidly surrounded, they made a dash through the ranks of the insurgents. In so doing, they were divided. Two of them made for the river jungle and two started for the densely wooded mountain. Private De Graff succeeded in gaining the river and escaped to Silay, where he later joined the detachment. Private Donnelly was forced into a house, from which he killed and wounded several of his pursuers. He made a desperate fight and held the natives at bay for a time, but a native woman approached him from behind, threw her arms around his neck, and succeeded in hampering his movements until he was captured and bound. Through the carelessness of his sentry, he escaped that night, with his hands bound. Privates Heger and Heichemer, who had started in the direction of the mountains kept up a running fight for a time. When finally brought to bay a few hundred yards from the *hacienda*, they fought until both were killed. Their terribly mutilated bodies, upon which the natives had perpetrated unspeakable atrocities, were found and buried August 4th.

Calatrava, Negros.

Companies E, M, and I joined in the operations against Calatrava from July 29th to 31st. The enemy escaped from Calatrava and was pursued to Bato, but again escaped. Bato was entirely destroyed by the Americans.

Tabuan, Negros.

August 17th Captain E. T. Cole, who was scouting in the vicinity of Manapla and San Isidro with a detachment of men from A, B, C, and K Companies, was apprised that an insurgent force of 175 riflemen and 100 *macheteros* was strongly intrenched at Tabuan, near San Isidro, in the foothills of Mt. Silay. The following day several detachments were assembled at San Isidro, until the force consisted of 130 men of A, B, C, K, and M Companies; with Captain Cole and Lieutenants Heidt, Putnam, Hangan, and Drouillard.

Early on the morning of the 19th the force, with Captain Cole in command, left San Isidro for Tabuan amid a heavy downpour of rain. About two and a half miles from San Isidro

the native guide notified Captain Cole that the enemy's trenches were near at hand, and the command was halted near an open space or clearing, made by cutting down the trees and leaving them on the ground as a sort of entanglement. Here a disposition of forces was made, Captain Cole with fifteen men staying in the forest as a reserve, Lieutenants Hanigan and Putnam going to the left with forty-five men, and Lieutenants Heidt and Drouillard, with the main body, advancing through the clearing in extended order.

Crawling over and under the felled trees, the main body managed to attain a position within two hundred yards of the enemy's trenches, apparently without being seen. This undetected approach enabled them to remain quietly within striking distance while Lieutenant Hanigan and his party were gaining an advantageous position on the left. The men were ordered not to fire or betray their presence until Lieutenant Hanigan should secure a flanking position on the left and commence the attack. Crouching among the trees, they could see the insurgent flag, with its sun and bars, floating above the trenches, and could catch glimpses of the natives, busy at work on their breastworks. The rain continued to fall in torrents.

About 2:15 p. m. Lieutenant Hanigan's party opened a volley fire on the left. This was a signal for the main body, which sent several heavy volleys among the surprised insurgents and then commenced a heavy firing at will. Captain Cole, with the reserve, soon joined the men in front of the work and assumed command. The enemy, recovering from the first unexpected shock of the attack, took cover in the trenches and replied with a heavy fire, though wild. A spirited exchange was kept up on both sides for about half an hour, with the odds fairly even, when Lieutenant Hanigan sent word that he was about to try a charge.

Making a bold dash across the clearing at the left, Lieutenant Hanigan and his men carried the enemy's flank with a rush and charged along the main trench, driving the enemy before them. These, as they leaped in turn across the open space between two of their partially completed trenches, became targets for the rifles of Captain Cole's men in front, who took up the charge, directing their fire more and more to the right as Lieutenant Hanigan and his party swept along the line. The impetus of the combined charge from flank and front could not be resisted, and the natives, breaking like hares to cover, plunged down the steep bank to the right of the advancing force and

into the dense jungle of the Malago River, leaving their dead and wounded behind. One man, however, stood by the flagstaff to the last, fighting bravely until he finally fell.

The American victory was complete. Nineteen insurgents were killed and many more were wounded. A number of rifles, *bolos*, and cartridges were captured, as well as quantities of supplies, and important papers relating to the insurrection on the island. The attacking party escaped with the following loss: Corporal George Timmerman, Company M, and Privates Stanislaw Mokxa and Terrence O'Donnell, Company B, slightly wounded. The insurgent flag was pulled down and presented to Lieutenant Hanigan by Captain Cole, who stated that of all participating in the encounter, he was most deserving of it. By Captain Cole's orders, the place was destroyed and such supplies as could not be carried back were burned. The command arrived at San Isidro at 7:35, and the next day the companies were sent to their respective stations. On the way back the insurgent paymaster Lopez, of the famous family of insurgent leaders, was captured near Silay, together with a quantity of money, stores, papers, etc.

Miscellaneous.

August 17th, Sergeant Brady, by his coolness and accurate marksmanship, saved the lives of Corporal Morton and Private Plain near San Isidro. The three men formed part of a detachment of M Company, which had established Cossack posts. A boloman suddenly jumped out on Private Plain and Corporal Morton at one of these outposts. The two men had their pieces locked, and before they could be brought into action Corporal Morton's hand had been chopped off and Private Plain had received a cut in the shoulder. Both would undoubtedly have been killed had not Sergeant Brady, who was about 75 yards distant, taken instant aim and killed his man.

August 1st Companies D, H, and K set out for Ysabela on an expedition against bandits, and, after destroying several villages and capturing a quantity of live stock, returned on the 4th.

August 3d Private August W. Sohn, Company L, was accidentally drowned at sea during a storm.

Leaving La Carlota August 28th, Captain B. A. Byrne led a detachment by way of Castellana, proceeding to the bandit village of Argogula, which he destroyed, after driving out the occupants and killing several.

CHAPTER X.

(SEPTEMBER TO OCTOBER, 1899.)

During the preceding month Companies A and C had changed stations to Cebu, preparatory to taking part in the campaign opened up against the insurgents there.

Cebu Mountains, Cebu.

On September 12th detachments from Companies A and C, Sixth Infantry, under Lieutenants Childs and Gleason, and Companies A, I, K, and M, Twenty-third Infantry, with a detachment of artillery, making a total force of about 300 men, commenced operations against the insurgent stronghold in the Cebu Mountains, near Cebu. Here, posted on commanding eminences, the Filipinos had constructed a system of forts, rifle-pits, and trenches, almost inaccessible to troops advancing under fire and proudly termed by the natives "The Philippine Gibraltar."

The American force marched to El Pardo and ascended the mountains to the enemy's left. After a great deal of effort, they succeeded in planting their cannon at a point where it overlooked the insurgent forts. From the position occupied by the Americans, eighteen of these forts, rifle-pits, and trenches were in view. As soon as the insurgents caught sight of the American troops, they opened fire with their seventeenth century smooth-bore cannons, the Americans replying by sending shell and shrapnel into their works. The monitor *Monadnock* was anchored in the bay and assisted by throwing several shells into the forts.

Early the next morning about 250 men started down the mountain, crossing two ridges and arriving at the base of the ridge on which were three forts and several rifle-pits and trenches. The insurgents, who occupied the hill in great numbers, opened fire on the approaching force. It soon became evident that the hill was too steep to be captured by such a small force, and the attacking party withdrew to its position on the

opposite hill to await reinforcements. These arrived September 21st, in the shape of the Third Battalion of the Nineteenth Infantry and the remaining companies of the Tennessee Volunteers.

Early on the morning of September 22d the Americans commenced the attack in three divisions. The First Division was composed of the forty-four men of Companies A and C, Sixth Infantry, in advance, supported by Companies I and C, Tennessee Volunteers. Companies K, Nineteenth Infantry, and M, Twenty-third Infantry, supported by companies of the Volunteers, formed the Second Division, while the Third Division was made up of the remaining men of the Nineteenth and Twenty-third Infantry, with the balance of the Volunteers as support.

The insurgents had been keeping up a constant fire on the Americans since dawn and gave evidence that they intended to make a desperate stand. The Second Division advanced along the middle ridge, while the Third marched across the valley to the ridge on the right and commenced the ascent. There were three peaks to this ridge, and upon the third and highest was an insurgent fort.

The First Division ascended the middle ridge a short distance, passed through a gap in the ridge amid a storm of bullets, and succeeded in crossing to the left ridge, which was within 500 yards of that occupied by the enemy. Here the Filipinos had three forts and several rifle-pits and trenches, which towered high above the works on the other two ridges and which, if they could be gained by the Americans, would render the others untenable. The men of the First Division slowly advanced along the two ridges, keeping under cover as much as possible and crossing the open spaces by rushes. The insurgents had the exact range, and, with plenty of ammunition on hand, kept up a galling fire wherever a mark presented itself. In crossing a gap, Private John H. Norton, Company A, Sixth Infantry, was wounded.

Advancing several hundred feet up the ridge, the First Division came upon a rifle-pit, out of which the occupants fled. Company C, Sixth Infantry, took possession of it, while A Company, led by Lieutenant Childs, pressed forward, crossing another gap and coming to the peak of the ridge just ascended. About 700 yards to the left, on a peak, was the insurgent fort. On the same ridge, 200 yards further on, was a rifle-pit, and about 500 yards away, up the mountain, was another rifle-pit.

The fire of all three positions was now directed upon the twenty-seven men of Company A. The company held its ground and opened fire in turn, sending volley after volley into the rifle-pits ahead. It was here that Private William M. Hanley was killed and Private James Conway was wounded. The company held its position for about two hours, silencing the two rifle-pits: but, as the ammunition commenced to run short and the support did not come up, the men were retired to the rifle-pit previously captured. In the meanwhile C Company, from a captured rifle-pit, had been engaging the fortifications on the opposite ridge, while the Second Division, on the middle ridge, had advanced as far as it could under cover. As it was now seven and one-half hours since the advance had commenced and the men were exhausted, it was decided to discontinue hostilities for the day. The men passed the remainder of the afternoon resting, a few sharpshooters occasionally firing into the enemy's works.

The day's casualties were: killed, William M. Hanley, Company A, Sixth Infantry; wounded, Privates John H. Norton and James Conway, Company A, and Private John Arthur, Company C, Sixth Infantry, and Sergeant Covay, Nineteenth Infantry.

On the following day it became necessary to send the wounded to Cebu and the detachments from Companies A and C of the Sixth, which had been in the hottest of the fight the day before, were detailed for this purpose. The detachment left about 6 o'clock on the morning of the 23d, and, after a very difficult march, reached Cebu at 3 o'clock that afternoon. The remainder of the force proceeded up the mountain to renew the attack of the previous day. To the surprise of all, the forts remained silent. Continuing the advance and meeting with no opposition, it at last became apparent that the works were abandoned. The insurgents had retired during the night, leaving the Americans to take possession of their stronghold.

Although about 800 men participated in the attack of the 22d, credit for the affair belongs almost exclusively to Companies A and C, Sixth Infantry, K, Nineteenth Infantry, and M, Twenty-third Infantry.

Guin Tabuan, Negros.

September 27th word was brought to headquarters, at Bacolod, that the insurgents were in force near Tabuan and had threatened to destroy the *pueblo* of Talisay, unless 5,000 pesos

(\$2,500) were immediately delivered over to them. The insurgent messenger, having partaken too freely of the intoxicants pressed upon by his intended victim, fell into a drunken sleep, and a native was sent by the president into Bacolod, to give the alarm.

A detachment of M Company was sent post haste that evening and captured the insurgent messenger. He was taken to Bacolod, thoroughly frightened, and made to divulge information as to the insurgent forces in the hills.

With a small detachment of men and the insurgent captive, Captain B. A. Poore and Captain Paul Shillock, assistant surgeon, proceeded to Silay. Leaving Silay on the evening of the 29th, Captains Poore and Shillock, with about twenty men, made a forced march to the Hacienda Montelibano, arriving about 5 o'clock the following morning. There, during the day, detachments from A, C, and K Companies had arrived, having previously left Silay in the direction of Cabanalan to mislead the natives as to their destination.

Shortly after midnight on the morning of October 1st the command, consisting of about 100 men, with Captains Poore and Shillock and Lieutenants H. A. Hanigan and H. Y. Grubbs, set out from the Hacienda Montelibano, the prisoner showing the way. The Malago River, a swift, dangerous stream, was crossed by means of a rope taken to the opposite bank by a native. Passing San Isidro, the force arrived at Tabuan, where the engagement of August 19th had been fought. It was thought the insurgents might be lying in wait here, so a detour was made to the left and rear. Finding the place deserted, the body proceeded along a muddy trail up Mt. Silay for about a mile, when a halt was made and the guide pointed out the insurgent outposts and fortifications. These were situated on a high peak about half a mile from the small rise upon which Captain Poore's command found itself. Across the intervening space stretched a small valley, the trees of which had been felled and allowed to remain as obstacles. According to the prisoner-guide, it was necessary to cross this clearing and ascend the mountain in order to get at the works. This would have brought the men into a position where they would be exposed to fire for fully half an hour, and in the absence of artillery, would have meant annihilation to the entire command. Captain Poore finally determined to find another way by which he could reach the insurgent camp.

Corporal Williams, Company A, was left behind with twen-

ty men, while the main body plunged into the dense jungle to the left to make a turning movement. The prisoner was released from his bonds and with a strong guard went before, clearing away the tangled vines and undergrowth with powerful *bolo* strokes. After a mile and three-quarters had been covered in this manner and while the force was still about one-fourth of a mile from the objective point, shots were heard from the rear. It was later learned that Corporal Williams and his squad had fired upon a party of uniformed insurgents, killing four and putting the remainder to flight. This rendered a surprise impossible, and, pushing forward, the main body at 11:30 debouched from the heavy timber into an opening about 100 yards from the breastworks of Guin Tabuan.

Deploying his men in skirmish line, Captain Poore ordered an advance by rushes across the open level ground. The insurgents, housed behind a formidable breastwork of earth and timber, flanked by steep slopes surmounted by trenches and rifle-pits, opened a heavy fire by volleys. Proceeding by rushes across the open space until within thirty-five yards of the breastwork, the command "Charge!" was given, and, with a yell such as only the American soldier can give, the men arose and plunged straight for the works. Lieutenant Grubbs was struck down while in the lead, waving a *machete*, and urging on his men. A bullet had entered his forehead, killing him almost instantly.

Just before reaching the breastworks, a deep, wide ditch was encountered, partially concealed by brush and set, in native fashion, with sharp bamboo fraises. Jumping this ditch—a feat considered impossible by the natives—the men scrambled over the breastwork and entered the enclosure, shooting down numbers of the enemy who had remained to the last. Private John Gannon, of the C Company detachment, was first over the breastwork, but within a few seconds the place was swarming with men.

The enemy's loss was twenty dead on the field and in the trenches and one captured. Many were wounded, including the second insurgent officer in command. The native force, as given by this officer, was 150, of whom 60 had rifles. Twelve rifles, 1,500 rounds of ammunition, with powder, lead, and reloading outfit, and a quantity of *bolos*, spears, clothing, and hospital supplies, were captured.

The American casualties were: First Lieutenant Haydon Y. Grubbs, killed; Captain Paul Shillock, surgeon United States

Army, Sergeant George Stevens, Company A, Privates Harry Campbell, Company B, and Elmer Affeldt, Company A, wounded. Lieutenant Grubbs was buried on the spot where he so bravely fell, pending removal and burial at a later date.

Maulbaul, Cebu.

September 17th Captain Walker led a detachment consisting of about forty men from A and C Companies, with a mixed detachment from the Twenty-third Infantry and the First Tennessee Volunteer Infantry, against the enemy near Maulbaul, Cebu. The command marched along a narrow road, bordered on either side by impassable swamps, and leading into another road running perpendicularly to it. This second road was backed by a high, natural stone wall, or cliff, up which it was impossible for men to climb and on top of which a strong force of insurgents had taken position. Captain Walker's command was fired upon. Unable to get at the enemy from the front and unable to deploy his men or make a detour by reason of the swamps on both sides of the road, Captain Walker found it necessary to withdraw. Privates Daniel E. Adams and Charles N. Cotey, Company A, were killed; Privates Horace Hutchinson, Company C, and William F. Stovall, Company A, were severely wounded.

Ysabela, Negros.

September 16th the L Company quarters at Ysabela were attacked during the night by a band of about thirty "Papa Isians," who retreated after the sentry had fired three shots at them. Musician Patrick Conway, while acting as corporal of the guard, was attacked by the party as he was making his rounds and narrowly escaped with his life. He was severely wounded by *bolo* cuts and by a brass bullet, presumably fired from a Remington. Along the trail blood-spots were found, indicating that some of the sentry's shots had taken effect.

CHAPTER XI.

(OCTOBER TO DECEMBER, 1899.)

Guin Tabuan, Negros.

See preceding chapter, pages 68, 69, and 70.

San Carlos, Negros.

October 20th Lieutenant Simons and twenty enlisted men of Company I left San Carlos to operate against a band of Tulisanes north of that place. The detachment arrived at the *cuartel* of the band early on the morning of the 21st, killing three of them, wounding several, and completely destroying their village. October 25th Sergeant Guiney and nine men of the company attacked a similar band to the north of Calatrava, killing two and wounding several.

Baog, Negros.

October 19th a detachment from L Company, under First Sergeant Craven, marched into the mountains and destroyed the "Papa Isian" village Baog, situated about five miles southeast of Ysabela. Six of the enemy were killed. On the 27th of the month Sergeant Craven and eight men made a successful three-days expedition into the mountains, over paths and trails never before trodden by white men. Numerous native houses in out-of-the-way places were discovered and the outlaws inhabiting them were driven out. Thirteen of the enemy were killed, twenty-three native houses were burned, and over 250 bushels of rice and 40 bushels of beans, supplies of the outlaws, were destroyed.

On the 21st of the month another expedition from Company L, under Captain Omar Bundy, left for the mountains to discover the rendezvous of outlaw "Papa Isians." Three of the mountain men were killed and numerous houses and supplies were destroyed.

Mountains Near Castellana, Negros.

October 27th Company K left its station at Castellana and marched into the mountains in pursuit of bandits, attacking and destroying a village and killing about fourteen. On the 29th the company again marched into the mountains, destroyed the town of Boyes and killed four or five. On the 31st a detachment under command of Lieutenant Young marched about ten miles to intercept a party of bandits reported to number 300 men. The party was not encountered and the detachment returned to its station.

Hacienda Carmen, Negros.

October 25th Company H left La Carlota for Pontevedra, remaining there until October 27th, when the company started for a "Papa Isian" camp or village beyond the Hacienda Carmen. They arrived at and surprised this camp on the early morning of the 27th and had an engagement. Some fifteen of the outlaws were killed, a number were wounded, twenty were taken prisoners, and about 100 head of carabaos were captured. The village was burned and the company, with its captured prisoners and animals, returned to La Carlota.

Sagajon River, Negros.

October 7th a detachment of thirty men from Company B, under command of First Lieutenant H. J. Hunt, attacked the enemy on the Sagajon River, inflicting a loss of four killed and thirty wounded and taking about thirty prisoners.

Balangtang, Panay.

On the 21st of November Company L, Sixth Infantry, which had arrived from Negros, took part in the engagement at Balangtang, near Jaro, Panay, in conjunction with Companies I, M, and L, 26th Volunteer Infantry. The insurgents were driven from their trenches with considerable loss. Corporal Lawrence E. Grennan and Private Paul Rink, Company L, were among the wounded. The company, with one battalion of the Twenty-sixth Infantry, marched along the coast and on the 25th of the month had an engagement at Banate, and, marching inland, took possession of a small native village. The following day possession was taken of a town twelve miles southeast of Banate.

Valle-Hermoso, Negros.

Lieutenant Mulliken and twenty men of Company I attacked the *cuartel* of a band of Babaylanes in the vicinity of Valle-Hermoso, October 17th, killing four and putting the rest to flight.

Payao, Negros.

November 10th information was received at the Company D headquarters that a band of robbers had attacked the village of Payao, about ten miles distant. A detachment of fifteen men was at once dispatched to the scene. Upon arrival, the robbers were driven into the mountains and their *nipa* huts were burned. The detachment returned to Ysabela the same day. November 16th an adjacent *hacienda*, distant about seven miles, was reported attacked and six men were ordered there at once. They followed the enemy into the mountains, but were unable to overtake them.

The December Uprising on Negros.

Affairs on Negros, which during the past month had been quiet, were again disturbed during the month of December. The vigorous campaign which had opened in Panay had caused a number of Tagal fugitives from that island to seek refuge in Negros, where they landed with their arms and ammunition and commenced to stir up trouble. In addition, delegates from the *junta* at Hongkong were on the island preaching a crusade against the Provisional Civil Government. A project was *in embryo* for overthrowing the authorities and expelling the American troops, and with this end in view the fugitive insurgents, a number of native police, and such followers as could be gained in the island were known to be collecting arms, ammunition, and supplies and otherwise preparing to take the field.

La Granja, Negros.

December 7th First Lieutenant Augustus C. Ledyard, with fifteen men of Company M, was sent out to occupy Maa as a point of observation. While scouting in the vicinity of that place he came upon the entire combined force of sixty-three riflemen

and three hundred and twenty *macheteros* on the model farm of La Granja. Lieutenant Ledyard, with his fifteen men, four native police, and six Melicianos of Maaó, though outnumbered fifteen to one, promptly formed his force in extended order and gave battle to the insurgents.

The little band of Americans and "friendlies" poured such a deadly fire into the insurgents from behind the bank of a creek that they commenced to waver and finally to retreat slowly backward. Leaving their cover in pursuit, the Americans followed up their advantage. Seeing that the enemy had taken shelter further back, they commenced a series of advances by rushes toward his position. After half an hour's fighting, as he was standing and giving the command for the third rush, Lieutenant Ledyard received a bullet-wound in the forehead and died almost immediately after. The command of the little force then devolved upon Corporal Purcell, who continued the engagement for a while, when the enemy again retreated. Fearing his men would become scattered and cut off in pursuit of such a large force, Corporal Purcell withdrew the detachment.

The insurgent loss was seventeen killed and many wounded. In addition to the death of Lieutenant Ledyard, the American casualties were Privates Payton Womack and Reed W. Keeney, slightly wounded.

Ginigaran, Negros.

December 8th Sergeant D. H. Brown and a detachment of Company D were attacked by insurgents at Ginigaran and Privates William J. Huggard and Raymond F. Burbee were wounded, the former severely. The news reaching Ysabela, Captain Omar Bundy and twenty-five men started immediately to their relief, but arrived too late to take part in the fighting. After burning several houses from which the attacking force had fired, Captain Bundy warned the natives that the next offense would be summarily dealt with. He returned with his men to Ysabela, arriving at 2:30 p. m., December 9th. At 6 o'clock in the evening, learning that another attack was to be made, Captain Bundy and his party left at once for the scene, reaching Ginigaran at midnight. Local officials and prominent men of the town were arrested, to be held as hostages, and a heavy fine was imposed upon the town. The party scattered and reconnoitered along the coast, capturing and wounding a lieutenant-colonel of insurgents and burning two houses. Moving toward Ysabela on

the morning of the 12th, the detachment attacked and burned the Bario Granda, an insurgent rendezvous, and returned to Gingaran. Captain Bundy and his men returned to Ysabela on the 15th of the month.

December 16th Second Lieutenant H. G. Young and twenty-



Emilio Aguinaldo in Uniform.

five men were ordered towards the mountains and *bario* of Cabog to reconnoiter. About two miles out, advance outposts of the insurgents were encountered at a sugar-mill near the *bario* of Camungecamung and driven back. Captain Bundy arriving with reinforcements, the advance was continued into the mountains.

The enemy was discovered strongly entrenched in the mountain fastnesses and was promptly attacked and dislodged from his position. Private Francis Gavin was severely wounded during this action.

First Lieutenant W. F. Nesbitt, with forty-five men from Company K and fifteen native police, reinforced Captain Bundy's party on the 17th. The insurgents were pursued into the mountains, their stronghold was burned, and about ten of them were killed. On December 19th it was learned that a small force of insurgents had assembled at the Hacienda Tongal, at the foot of the mountains between Soledad and Jimamaylan and a detachment of ten men, under Corporal Markley, Company F, was sent from Binalbagan to attack the place and destroy it. This they did, killing five *insurrectos* and destroying ten tons of rice.

These movements practically ended the insurrection in Negros and in a great measure restored quiet and harmony.

CHAPTER XII.

(JANUARY TO DECEMBER, 1900.)

Operations in Panay.

The active campaign against the Panay insurgents had commenced during the latter part of the preceding year and had been vigorously prosecuted during the months of November and December. With the exception of L Company, which arrived from Negros in time to participate at Balangtang and Banate on the 21st and 25th of October, the Sixth had taken no part in these movements, which resulted in the occupation of Capiz and Iloilo provinces, leaving Antique Province still in the hands of the insurgents.

In January, 1900, the campaign against Antique Province was commenced. January 2d Companies A and C, which had been in Cebu, were returned to Panay, and a mixed command was made up at Iloilo to cross the mountains into Antique. Captain G. B. Walker, with Companies A and C and a detachment of Company L, Sixth Infantry, Captain Gordon's scouts, and two mountain guns of Battery G, Sixth Artillery, under Lieutenant McMaster, was sent down the coast road with a pack-train. Major Huston's battalion of the Nineteenth Infantry was put on the transport *Elcano* at Iloilo and proceeded to San Joaquin with supplies for his battalion and Captain Walker's. Lieutenant-Colonel W. S. Scott, Forty-fourth Infantry, United States Volunteers, with three companies of his regiment, started for Igbarras, from which place he was expected to proceed by trail over the mountains to Bogo in time to cut off the enemy. Major Huston and Captain Walker were to drive out of San José de Buena Vista and Sibalon.

As prearranged, Major Huston and Captain Walker joined forces at San Joaquin. Here Brigadier-General Hughes took command. Crossing the range, the force reached La Granja on the 17th. On the morning of the 18th the enemy was encountered in a strong position on the banks of the Antique River. Heavy rifle-pits had been built on the further bank and on the

American side a force of infantry and artillery had been posted on the mountain. The American gunboats *Concord* and *Pampanga* had arrived during the night and assisted in the crossing by shelling the town, while the American troops attacked the mountain flank. After half an hour's fighting, the insurgents were driven out and their two guns, one a Nordenfeldt machine gun, were captured. The river was then crossed, the insurgents fleeing.

The command proceeded to Sibalon, the entire population



San José de Buena Vista, Showing Insurgent Buildings and Loop-holed Stone Wall.

fleeing at their approach, and thence to San José de Buena Vista, where Major Huston's battalion was left, and the balance of the force pushed on to Colasi. Here Captain Walker and Companies A and C were sent on the transport *Elcano* to Pandan, whence they marched to Santa Anna, where the insurgents were reported to be assembling. Finding nothing at Santa Anna but subsistence supplies, the detachment returned to Pandan and joined the scouts, mountain guns, and train.

The combined command, with General Hughes at the head, then marched through Santa Cruz Pass to Navas, Ibajay, Macate,

and Calivo. In the meanwhile Lieutenant-Colonel Scott, with his three companies of the Forty-fourth Infantry, had been approaching Calivo through the mountain passes, the object being to march up the Alcan Valley in time to reach Calivo and crush the insurgents at that place between his command and General Hughes'. The movement had been carefully calculated, but Colonel Scott's command met with unforeseen obstacles and was delayed a day. On the approach of the Sixth Infantry and Gordon's scouts the insurgents fled up the Alcan Valley and scattered in the mountains. The following day Colonel Scott and his force, greatly fatigued, joined at Calivo.

Captain Walker, with Companies A and C of the Sixth, remained at Calivo. General Hughes and staff, with the three companies of the Forty-fourth Infantry, embarked on the transport *Elcano* for Iloilo. Captain Gordon, with his scouts, the mountain guns, and train, and Lieutenant Purdy and the L Company detachment as escort, returned overland. In coming through the pass near Pandan the command was fired upon and one man, Private Geo. Schucard, Company L, was killed. The march was continued down the coast to Iloilo without further casualties.

Victorias, Negros.

January 2d First Lieutenant Hunt, Sixth Infantry, and First Lieutenant H. L. Evans, Forty-fourth Infantry, United States Volunteers, with a detachment of twenty-eight men from Company B, Sixth Infantry and forty-three men from Company B of the Forty-fourth, left Manapla under command of Lieutenant Hunt and marched to Victorias, capturing a quantity of rice and five prisoners. The detachment left Victorias on the 3d and returned to Manapla. It left Manapla the following day and marched to the Canaryan, where it remained three days, patrolling the roads and trails and capturing twenty-four prisoners. During the remainder of the month the detachment made several more expeditions into the interior, visiting and inspecting trails, *haciendas*, etc., in compliance with orders.

La Castellana, Negros.

January 14th Companies H and K, forming part of a detachment commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel B. A. Byrne, Fortieth Infantry, United States Volunteers, took part in an expedition into the mountains near La Castellana. They attacked an in-

surgent stronghold, killed between thirty and forty, and captured twenty-six rifles and a quantity of arms and ammunition.

Interior of Negros.

During the month of January Company E made frequent expeditions into the interior of Negros, ridding a large tract of territory of *ladrones*, killing some, capturing others, and destroying several villages inhabited by them.

Macate, Panay.

February 22d Company C, with ten men from Company A, left Calivo, Panay, on a reconnaissance to Ibajay. On the return march two days later the company was fired upon by a large body of insurgents who held four separate strong positions in the mountains between Macate and Tangalan. The engagement lasted about four hours, and, finding that the enemy's position was too difficult to be taken, the company continued its march to Calivo. First Lieutenant F. C. Bolles and Privates George Hemphill, Magruder Andrews, and Horace Hutchinson were wounded.

Madalag, Panay.

February 13th Company A encountered and defeated a small party of insurgents near Madalag. No casualties.

Palali and Bulnangan, Negros.

March 7th Company D left Binalbagan and marched to Ysabela, proceeding the following day to the Binalbagan River and the day after a *ladrone* settlement eight miles farther on. The company was fired upon. The advance guard returned the fire and the natives fled. All the huts in the vicinity were burned and the march was resumed. At Palali the advance guard was again fired upon, and when the compliment was returned, the enemy again broke for cover. After burning the *ladrone* village, the company bivouacked for the night and the next day started back, burning all the huts along the line of march. March 14th Corporal Harry Wilson, with a detachment of the company, went into the foothills and destroyed a large number of *ladrone* shacks. On the 24th of the month Corporal Wilson and his detachment again marched into the mountains in search of a *ladrone* settlement named Bulnangan, about eighteen miles from Progreso. It was intended to surprise the settle-

ment at night, but about a mile from the detachment's destination the guide ran away. Corporal Wilson waited until daylight, and then found the ten shacks hidden in the timber. His men drove out the *ladrones*, killing their leader, and burned the shacks, capturing a number of horses and carabaos, destroying a quantity of rice and killing a number of pigs and goats.

Cabancalan, Negros.

March 24th a detachment of Company L, under Sergeant Grennan, attacked a party of *ladrones* near Cabancalan, capturing Villanueva, a noted *ladrone* leader, killing one of his band and mortally wounding another. On the 23d a detachment of the company commanded by Sergeant Coss killed two *ladrones* and wounded two.

Pandan, Negros.

Captain Morton and twenty men of Company K on March 17th attacked and dispersed a body of *ladrones*, burned the village, and returned to Bacolod.

March 24th First Lieutenant Robertson, with a detachment of ten men, embarked on a native boat for Siaton. About two miles from shore the boat was swamped and the entire detachment, which was rescued with great difficulty by native boats, narrowly escaped drowning.

Department of the Visayas.

March 29, 1900, the Visayan Military District and First Separate Brigade, Eighth Army Corps, was discontinued and a Department of the Visayas created in its stead. Brigadier-General S. R. Hughes was retained in command of the department, which included the islands of the former district and those of Samar and Leyte. The department was divided into four districts, as follows:

First District.—Islands of Samar and Leyte: Colonel Arthur Murray, Forty-third Infantry, United States Volunteers, commanding.

Second District.—Islands of Cebu and Bohol: Colonel E. J. McClernaud, Forty-fourth Infantry, United States Volunteers, commanding.

Third District.—Islands of Negros and Siquijor: Brigadier-

General Jas. F. Smith, United States Volunteers, commanding.
Fourth District.—Islands of Panay and Guimaras; Colonel
E. Rice, Twenty-sixth Infantry, United States Volunteers,
commanding.

Macate, Panay.

April 26th Companies A and C, Sixth Infantry, with Companies I, K, and L of the Eighteenth Infantry, had a skirmish with insurgents in the mountains near Macate. No casualties. May 23d and 26th A Company had successful skirmishes at the same place, but with no casualties.

Corporal Hanson Stabbed.

During the month of June Corporal Otto Hanson, Company A, was stabbed in the abdomen by a supposed insurgent.

Proclamation of Amnesty.

June 21, 1900, complete amnesty was proclaimed to all insurgents in the islands who would lay down their arms. This proclamation and the causes leading up to and following it are discussed in the following chapter.

Native Scouts.

July 19th the organization of native scouts was commenced in the Department of the Visayas and continued until there were eight companies in Panay, four in Negros, one in Bohol, two in Cebu, and four in Leyte.

San Dimas, Panay.

August 28th a detachment from Companies A and C, under First Lieutenant D. W. Ryther, left Calivo at midnight on a reconnaissance to San Dimas, Bald Mountains. Arriving at San Dimas early the following morning, the detachment found the insurgents in several strong positions and immediately opened fire, forcing the insurgents to return after about two hours' fighting. Returning, the enemy was fired upon at San Roque, but dispersed them in fifteen minutes' fighting. Another brush took place at Lilion.

Agutay, Panay.

August 24th a detachment of twenty-two enlisted men of Company C, under command of Lieutenant Anderson left Malinao on a reconnaissance to Agutay and while there participated in an attack upon the insurgent quarters, in which Corporal Willard I. Dittmen was killed.

Expedition to Sipalay, Negros.

August 17th Captain Charles Byrne, in command of a force consisting of Second Lieutenant G. S. Richards, Jr., and seventy-five men of Companies G and F, embarked on the *Elcano* for Compomanes Bay. An expedition against Sipalay was contemplated, but the command was ordered to return on the following day, the weather not permitting of a landing.

Rainy Season Prevents Action.

The rainy season had now set in, and from the middle of August until November no concerted action was attempted. The various companies and detachments of the regiment remained at their respective stations, doing garrison duty and occasionally heading off some small movement on the part of the *ladrones*.

Colonel Miner Made Governor.

October 6, 1900, Colonel C. W. Miner, Sixth Infantry, assumed the office of military governor of Negros and command of all troops on the island. An insurrection was in process of formation, the chief agitators being the civil governor, Melecio Severino, and the attorney-general, Dionisio Mapa. Lieutenant-Colonel Byrne, Fortieth Infantry, was directed to keep a careful watch and prevent the outbreak. At the proper moment the principal agents of the leaders were arrested and the scheme fell to the ground.

The cessation of the equinoctial rains caused a slight resumption of activity, both among the *insurrectos* and *ladrones* and the American forces. The backbone of the insurrection in the Visayas, however, was hopelessly broken, although the neighboring islands to the north continued to wage their hopeless fight for independence. Negros was quiet. The operations in Cebu were mainly against roving bands of guerrillas. Panay still

showed signs of ebullition and it was on that island that the principal events occurred during the latter part of the year.

The Panay Campaign.

In order to break up the insurgent organization in Panay once and for all, it was decided to wage a vigorous campaign in all three provinces, the purposes of which were to destroy the food supply and by frequent expeditions break up the enemy's organization. In Capiz Province the troops took the field in two columns, one operating in the Panay Valley under Captain Shanks, Eighteenth Infantry, and the other, which included strong detachments of Companies A, C, and K, Sixth Infantry,



Burning of Rosario, December, 1900.

under Captain Morton, operating in the Alcan Valley. Both of these columns displayed the greatest activity and were not long in reducing the disturbed districts to a fair semblance of order. On the evening the news of President McKinley's re-election was received a force of 180 rifle- and bolo-men entered the town of Malinao, and attacked the convent where a detachment of thirty-

nine men from Company C, commanded by Lieutenant Bolles, was quartered. The attack occurred shortly after midnight, and was repulsed after about two hours' fighting. The following day Captain Morton and the A and C Company detachments from Calio arrived and an expedition was made into the hills. During the closing months of the year Captain Morton's forces had several encounters with the insurgents, and in December captured and burned Rosario.

CHAPTER XIII.

REVIEW OF THE YEAR 1900.

It again becomes necessary to digress and consider the condition of affairs prevailing at the close of the year 1900.

When, at the insurgent council of war at Bayambang, it was decided to disband the field forces, it was assumed that the action of the insurgents indicated a willingness to quit and that but little more remained for the American troops to do. Acting on this assumption, which seemed to be justified by the cessation of activity on the part of the insurgents and the consequent falling off in the number of engagements, complete amnesty was promulgated on June 28, 1900. This action, in the light of later events, showed that not as yet had the native character been fathomed by the Americans.

The insurgents, far from acknowledging themselves defeated in a contest where they had everything to gain and but little to lose, had simply adopted a carefully planned method of guerrilla warfare, which consisted of occupying a strong series of defensive positions and offering just enough resistance to keep the Americans continually busy, while at the same time avoiding an encounter in force. This plan of campaign was skillfully carried out, and only by constant, unremitting action and tireless vigilance could the Americans keep the territory "policed" by them in anything like order.

The period of comparative inactivity following the disbandment decided upon at Bayambang simply represented the time necessary to redistribute and adjust the insurgent forces to the new method of warfare. It was the opinion of Aguinaldo and the native leaders that if, by the dilatory methods agreed upon, they could continue to resist the American troops until the presidential election in November, 1900, when they fondly hoped that Bryan would be elected, their cause was won and they would be able to impose advantageous terms of peace. This hope failing them, it was thought they would be willing to abide by the decision of the American people and discontinue the strug-

gle. While the triumphant re-election of President McKinley undoubtedly went a long way toward accomplishing this end, the subtle Oriental character still showed itself capable of ramifications the Americans could not "sabe."

New Policy Adopted.

Peace still seemed far distant and the Americans were again forced to reconstruct their "fences." As a result of the natural ignorance, superstition, and suspicion of the natives, fostered by many years of Spanish colonial administration and oppression, it became evident that American kindness was looked upon as weakness and fear, to which a bold front could be successfully opposed. The insurgent leaders, careful to foster this belief, and undeterred by humanitarian scruples, announced on their part that every native residing within the Philippine Archipelago owed active individual allegiance to the insurgent cause. They enforced this decree wherever possible by the severest penalties, carrying on a system of secret communication and intimidation under the very noses of the American officials and causing the kidnapping and assassination of such prominent natives as inclined toward peace. So marked was the cohesion of Filipino society to insurgent interests that the most flagrant of these assassinations were generally accepted as legitimate acts of insurgent governmental authority.

Having signally failed in working on the native mind by acts of kindness, forbearance, and liberality and appeals to their common sense and gratitude, it was determined to descend to first principles and try the effect of ordinary fear. With this view, and in order to clear up some of the more flagrant misconceptions, General MacArthur, military governor of the islands, on the 20th of December, 1900, published a proclamation which called attention to the military law of nations; that a place held by an organized force stands under the martial law of the occupying force, and that the people of such a place are under the protection of the commanding general. The circular pointed out that insurgent mandates to kidnap or assassinate occupants of such occupied places made all parties concerned guilty of violation of the laws of war and punishable under them by death or expatriation. Particular stress was laid on the fact that under these same laws of war any inhabitant of an occupied place who furnished information or aid to, or was in secret communication with, insurgents on the outside, became by such acts a

military rebel and traitor, and as such was subject to all the penalties prescribed in such cases. It was further stated that these laws of war would be strictly enforced. Copies of this proclamation were printed in the thirteen newspapers of Manila, in English, Spanish, and Tagalog, and, through the military governors of the various islands, thousands of them were distributed throughout the archipelago.

This document, in conjunction with the renewed activity imposed upon the troops and the subsequent arrest and deportation of a large number of insurgent leaders, agents, officials, sympathizers, and agitators, had a most beneficial effect in changing the attitude of the non-combatants and checking the growth of the insurrection itself. As a further means to this same end, orders were issued that all prisoners of war captured in the field or arrested in the towns should be held in custody until the cessation of hostilities; all who surrendered were to be disarmed and released at once.

The Philippine Commission.

Another effective agent in bringing about a better condition of affairs was the work of the Philippine Commission, which in January, 1901, adopted the municipal code and the provincial law and in February began the task of organizing those provinces which were deemed prepared for Civil Government. The commission was seconded in its work by the Federal party, which had been organized in November, 1900, and which, through its various committees, assisted in arranging for numerous surrenders of insurgent forces.

CHAPTER XIV.

(JANUARY TO DECEMBER, 1901.)

Bungtang-Batu, Panay.

The final campaign in force against the insurgents in Panay, which started in November, 1900, was vigorously pushed to a conclusion during the earlier months of the year 1901. One of the most difficult positions encountered by Captain Morton's column was Bungtang-Batu, a high, steep hill in the Vivo Mountains, near Macato. The hill projected from the mountains of which it formed a part and commanded the surrounding territory and



Battle of Bungtang-Batu. Artillery Shelling Bungtang-Batu (Solid Rock); the Round Peak in Front; Capt. Foster and Col. Rice on Raise at Left.

approaches. On it the insurgents had spent considerable labor in fortifying what they deemed an almost impregnable position.

Huge rocks, poised on the summit and slopes by means of ropes, were ready to be launched downward upon an advancing force, while an elaborate system of rifle-pits and trenches rendered the position still more formidable.

Several companies of the Forty-fourth Volunteer Infantry having failed in an attack upon the place at an earlier date, it was decided to proceed against it in force. Accordingly Captain Foster's Battery G, Sixth Artillery, with Companies A, C, and K, Sixth Infantry, and two companies of the Forty-fourth Volunteer Infantry, with Captain Morton, Sixth Infantry, in command, arrived at Butong-Batu about 8 a. m., January 20th, and opened an attack on the place.

Captain Foster's artillery pieces, having been placed in position near at hand, opened fire on the hill and with well-directed shots sent the suspended bowlders one by one crashing down the slopes. These menaces being removed, the artillery turned its attention to the rifle-pits and trenches. Under cover of the artillery fire, the infantry companies charged the hill, reaching its crest and putting the insurgents to flight. After burning such supplies, etc., as could not be taken away, the command returned to Calivo.

Sugnud and Bungsud Mountains, Panay.

January 27th an expedition, comprising Battery G, Sixth Artillery, and Companies A, C, and K, Sixth Infantry, left Malinao, Panay, to operate against insurgent positions in the Sugnud and Bungsud Mountains, near Rosario. Passing through Rosario and entering into the foothills of the mountains, the command encountered a band of insurgents. A running fight ensued, which lasted through the day and into the night. The enemy secured position after position from which to fire upon the advancing troops, and, when driven out, retreated and took up a stand farther back. During the night Sergeant Shelato was wounded by a native spear trap, of which there were many.

Returning to Malinao, the expedition on January 30th marched into the Bald Mountains, and the same day, at San Dimas, had a sharp battle with the insurgents which lasted about four hours.

End of the Panay Insurrection.

The dissolution of the insurrection in Panay commenced during the month of January, when Martin Delgado, commanding the remnants of the insurgent force in Iloilo Province, surren-

dered at Bangol. On the 14th of the month Honorio Solinap, with thirty men and twenty rifles, surrendered; Manuel Solinap and thirteen officers, ninety-seven men, and five *delegados* surrendered on the 20th, and on February 2d the formal surrender of the main portion of the insurgent troops in Iloilo Province took place at Jaro. March 3d Colonel Protasio Mondejar, with seven officers and forty men, surrendered, and on the 18th Captain Shanks, Eighteenth Infantry, and Lieutenant Bolles, Sixth Infantry, with detachments, effected the wounding and capture



Gen. Diocno, Wounded and Captured March 17, 1901,
by Lieut. Bolles, with men of 6th Infantry, and
Capt. Shanks, 18th Infantry.

of General Diocno, the leader in Capiz Province. March 31st General Fullon, the leader in Antique Province, surrendered with thirty-two officers and two hundred and fifty-four men. In the same month Pontiveras, Alkipali, Ruis, Salzaa, and Solis sur-

rendered, and Cavis surrendered to Captain Morton, Sixth Infantry; Conteras, Bores, and Salas surrendered, and Golis was killed.



Capt. Morton and Surrendered Insurgent Leaders.
 1, Major Cavis. 2, Capt. Morton, 6th Infantry.
 3, Capt. Costelli. 4 and 6, Insurgent Lieutenants. 5, Filipino Peace Commissioner, Mobi.

With the surrender of Salas, the last recognized chief of the island, organized insurrection ceased to exist in Panay.

Uprising on Negros.

January 7, 1901, a last spasmodic attempt was made to start a popular uprising on Negros. Graciano Darna and Mahogany Baltazar, acting under instructions received from Luzon, formed an organization and instigated the outbreak, which was participated in for the most part by refugees from Panay and Cebu. The combined insurgent forces numbered only two hundred, few of whom had rifles. They were engaged, with a loss of seven killed, at Facong, by Second Lieutenant G. F. Richards, Jr., with a detachment consisting of men from F and G Companies. After this engagement, they evaded capture for nearly two months. After Graciano Darna had been captured by Corporal

George M. Quick, Company G, over one hundred bolo- and rifle-men came in and surrendered to Lieutenant Robertson at Dumaguete. The rest broke up into small bands and took to the mountains.

Barrio Liloan, Panay.

On February 14th Corporals Thomas P. Wolfe and John P. Stacke, with nine privates, Company C, part of a detachment at Malinao, marched to Barrio Liloan and surprised a force of insurgents. They defeated their opponents in a twenty-minutes fight, killing three of them and taking one wounded prisoner, besides capturing some small arms and a quantity of ammunition.

Nabalon, Panay.

February 18th Lieutenant Hanigan and eighty-five men of Company I engaged a body of intrenched insurgents at Nabalon, capturing their position and putting them to flight.

Balet, Panay.

February 6th, Lieutenants Nesbitt and Awl and seventy enlisted men of Company K left station on a reconnaissance to Balet and Jimeno. They destroyed the town of Balet on the 9th and on the same day had a skirmish on the road with insurgents.

June 17th Lieutenant Nesbitt and thirteen men of Company K went into the mountains and returned after capturing one *ladrone*.

Mountains, Panay.

From June 15th to 24th a mounted detachment consisting of Lieutenants Heidt, Sixth Infantry, and Moynihan, Eighteenth Infantry, twenty-nine men of Company M, Sixth Infantry, one man of Company K, Eighteenth Infantry, with nine Panay scouts, went on an expedition through the mountains of Panay and returned without having encountered any insurgents or *ladrones*.

Ysabela, Negros.

Corporal Radel and a detachment of nine men of Company H, while scouting in the mountains near Ysabela, September 9th, encountered a band of *ladrones* at the foot of a steep mountain, defeating them after a thirty-minute engagement.

Cebu.

Since the defeat on Sudlon Mountains January 8th, the insurgents in Cebu had made no attempt to occupy any position, but roamed over the island, stealing cattle, robbing native farms, and attempting to waylay small American detachments. During the month of September, Companies D and I, under Lieutenants Bolles and Hanigan, made an expedition to the island, where they waged a vigorous warfare against the scattered bands, cleaning up the fag ends of the insurrection and restoring order to the provinces. The formal surrender of insurgent forces occurred at Naga, in November. In November the two companies went to the island of Bohol, where they remained the balance of the year.

Canlupe Mountains, Negros.

Captain Atkinson, Lieutenant Young, Contract Surgeon Hanson, and thirty-four men of Companies H and F left Ysabela November 21st for the Canlupe Mountains; they destroyed several houses and captured six prisoners. Several detachments went into the mountains from the 24th to the 29th, destroying a large quantity of forage and provisions and burning a number of *ladrone* rendezvous.

CHAPTER XV.

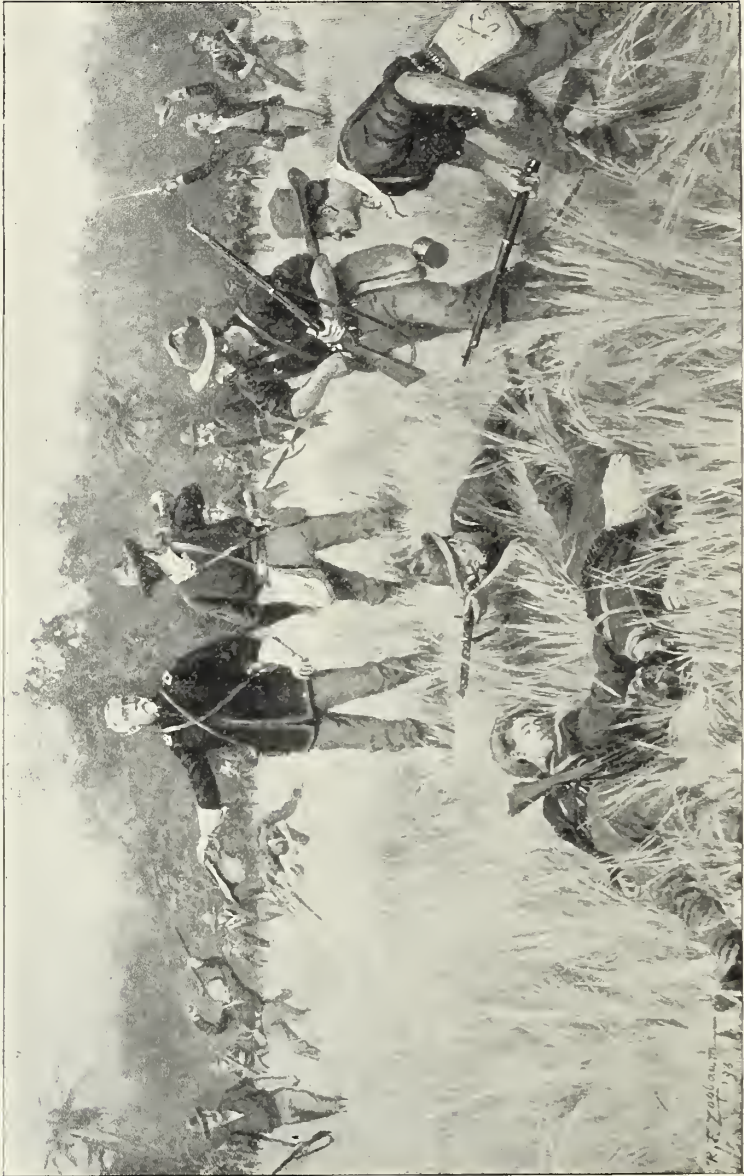
CONCLUSION OF CAMPAIGN.

But little remains to record of the regiment's stay in the Philippine Islands. The regiment, as has been seen, had accomplished its mission in Negros, Panay, Cebu, and Bohol, and had earned a much-needed rest. Captain Atkinson with a detachment from Company H attacked and defeated a band of *ladrones* at Burgna, Negros, on the 11th of January, 1902, killing three and wounding as many more.

Several expeditions were made in the La Carlota District by Captain Kennon, with mixed commands from Companies D, H, and F, in which the insurgents and *ladrones* suffered severe losses. At Hagimint, Captain Kennon and four men were attacked by about thirty of the enemy, who were finally beaten off with a loss of several killed and wounded.

The Headquarters, staff, and band and the Second Battalion performed the routine garrison duties at their respective stations in Negros, while the First and Third Battalions performed like duties on Panay. In May, 1902, the regiment was concentrated at Iloilo, preparatory to its homeward trip. May 19th the Sixth embarked on the *Sheridan* and left for Manila, arriving there on the 21st. On the 22d, just three years after the date of embarkation at San Francisco, the Sixth was transferred to the *Sherman*, and on the same day left Manila for the United States via Nagasaki, Japan, arriving at Nagasaki June 2d and leaving two days later for San Francisco. San Francisco was reached at 8 p. m., June 21st, and the following day, at 4 p. m., the regiment went into camp at the Presidio. Here the Sixth remained until the morning of June 28th, when it left San Francisco for Fort Leavenworth, via the Southern Pacific, Rio Grande, Western and Santa Fé Railways. Fort Leavenworth was reached July 2d, at 8:00 p. m., and the 507 officers and men of the regiment, many of them veterans of two campaigns, were heartily welcomed by the people of Leavenworth and soldiers from the post. As the new Sixth Infantry barracks

were not completed, the regiment went into camp near Merritt Lake. From September 20th to October 8th the regiment participated in the autumn maneuvers at Fort Riley, Kas., the First and Third Battalions starting overland September 8th and arriving September 20th, while the Headquarters and Second Battalion proceeded by rail on the 19th and reached Fort Riley the same day. The return was made on foot. The regiment started October 8th, reaching Fort Leavenworth October 18th.



General Hawkins Urging on the Men of the 6th and 16th at San Juan.

PART IV.

ROSTER, MEMORIALS AND MISCELLANEOUS.

ROSTER OF COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, FROM 1808 TO 1903.

Note.—The numbers preceding each name in the following list denote the order in which each officer assumed his rank in the regiment. The dates immediately following show when the rank was assumed in the service. In the first instance immediately below, "1" shows that Jonas Simmons was the first colonel of the regiment. "July 8, 1808," shows the date of his commission as colonel.

Names set in capitals denote officers now with regiment.

COLONELS.

1. Jonas Simmons, July 8, 1808. Until reorganization June 15, 1815,
2. Henry Atkinson, June 15, 1815. Retained from consolidation with 37th Infantry, May 1815. Promoted Brigadier-General, May 13, 1820. Again retained as Colonel of the regiment and Brevet Brigadier-General upon the reduction of the Army, August 16, 1821. Died June 14, 1842.
3. Ninian Pinkney, May 13, 1820. Transferred to 3d Infantry, August 16, 1821.
4. William Davenport, June 14, 1842. Transferred to 1st Infantry, July 7, 1843.
5. Zachary Taylor, July 7, 1843. Promoted Major-General, June 29, 1846.
6. Newman S. Clark, June 29, 1846. Died at San Francisco, Calif., October 17, 1860.
7. Washington Seawell, October 17, 1860. Retired February 20, 1862.
8. Electus Backus, February 20, 1862. Died at Detroit, Mich., June 7, 1862.
9. Hannibal Day, June 7, 1862. Retired August 1, 1863.

10. Edward A. King, August 1, 1863. Killed at Chickamauga, September 20, 1863, commanding 2d Brigade, Reynold's Division of General Geo. H. Thomas' Corps.
11. Jas. Durell Greene, September 20, 1863. Resigned June 25, 1867.
12. De Lancey F. Jones, June 26, 1867. Ordered to his home awaiting orders. Left regiment April 24, 1869.
13. William B. Hazen, March 15, 1869. Promoted Brigadier-General, Chief Signal Officer, December 15, 1880.
14. A. McD. McCook, December 15, 1880. Promoted Brigadier-General, July 11, 1890.
15. Melville A. Cochran, July 15, 1890. Retired June 30, 1898.
16. Edgar R. Kellogg, June 30, 1898. Appointed Brigadier-General, December 15, 1899. Retired December 16, 1899.
17. CHARLES W. MINER, December 15, 1899.

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

1. Joseph Constant, October 7, 1808. Promoted Colonel 5th Infantry, September 3, 1810.
2. Homer Virgil Milton, September 3, 1810. Promoted Colonel 3d Infantry, November 30, 1810.
3. James Miller, November 30, 1810. Promoted Colonel 21st Infantry, March 9, 1814.
4. Josiah Snelling, February 21, 1814. Promoted Colonel 5th Infantry, June 1, 1819.
5. William Carson, April 19, 1814. Transferred by consolidation of June, 1815.
6. John E. Wool, July, 1820. On regimental returns from July, 1820, to April, 1821.
7. Willoughby Morton, March 2, 1821. Transferred to 5th Infantry, October 1, 1821.
8. Henry Leavenworth, October 1, 1821. Promoted Colonel 3d Infantry, December 16, 1825.
9. Abraham R. Wooley, December 16, 1825. Dismissed May 21, 1829.
10. Daniel Baker, May 1, 1829. Died October 30, 1836.
11. John Bliss, October 30, 1836. Resigned September 6, 1837.
12. Alexander R. Thompson, September 6, 1837. Killed at the Battle of Okeechobee, Fla., December 25, 1837.
13. John Fowle, Jr., December 25, 1837. Killed by the explosion of a steamboat, April 25, 1838.
14. John Greene, April 26, 1838. Died September 21, 1840.
15. Gustavus Loomis, September 22, 1840. Promoted Colonel 5th Infantry, March 9, 1851.
16. Francis Lee, March 9, 1851. Promoted Colonel 2d Infantry, October 18, 1855.

17. George Andrews, October 18, 1855. Retired February 15, 1862.
18. Daniel P. Whiting, February 15, 1862. Retired November 4, 1863.
19. Henry B. Clitz, November 4, 1863. Promoted Colonel 10th Infantry, February 22, 1869.
20. Daniel Huston, Jr., February 22, 1869. Promoted Colonel 5th Infantry, February 6, 1882.
21. Nathan W. Osborne, February 6, 1882. Promoted Colonel 5th Infantry, August 5, 1888.
22. Robert H. Hall, August 5, 1888. Promoted Colonel 4th Infantry, May 25, 1893.
23. Harry C. Egbert, May 25, 1893. Promoted Colonel 22d Infantry, July 1, 1898.
24. Charles W. Miner, July 1, 1898. Promoted Colonel, December 15, 1899.
25. C. L. Davis, December 15, 1899. Transferred to 11th Infantry, September 20, 1900.
26. Jesse M. Lee, October 9, 1900. Promoted Colonel 30th Infantry, November 8, 1901.
27. HENRY WYGANT, November 8, 1901. Promoted from 24th Infantry.

MAJORS.

1. Montgomery Z. Pike, May 3, 1808. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 4th Infantry, December 31, 1809.
2. John Darrington, December 31, 1809. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 4th Infantry, July 6, 1812.
3. John Campbell, July 6, 1812. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 28th Infantry, January 31, 1814.
4. James V. Ball, September 16, 1812. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 1st Infantry, May 31, 1817.
5. Horatio Stark, January 20, 1813. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 33d Infantry, May 1, 1814.
6. Ebenezer Beebe, February 24, 1814. Died September 12, 1814.
7. John Machesney, March 21, 1814. Transferred to 7th Infantry, 1815.
8. James E. A. Masters, July 6, 1814. Disbanded June 15, 1815. (Consolidation.)
9. Abraham R. Wooley, February 9, 1815. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 6th Infantry, December 16, 1825.
10. Gad Humphreys, March 31, 1817. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 2d Infantry, May 13, 1820.
11. Alexander Cummins, April 20, 1819. Transferred to 7th Infantry, March 11, 1823.
12. Robert Gray, May 13, 1820. Disbanded June 1, 1821.

13. William Davenport, April 16, 1825. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 1st Infantry, April 4, 1832.
14. Alexander R. Thompson, September 29, 1832. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 6th Infantry, September 16, 1837.
15. Newman S. Clark, April 22, 1835. Transferred to 2d Infantry, 1835.
16. James S. Glassell, September 16, 1837. Died November 13, 1838.
17. William Hoffman, November 3, 1838. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 7th Infantry, July 15, 1845.
18. Benjamin L. E. Bonneville, July 15, 1845. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 4th Infantry, May 7, 1849.
19. Thomas P. Gwynne, February 16, 1847. Transferred to 5th Infantry, February 20, 1852.
20. Julius I. B. Kingsbury, May 7, 1849. Dismissed January 27, 1853.
21. William Hoffman, April 15, 1851. Transferred to 8th Infantry, October 17, 1860.
22. Albemarle Cady, January 27, 1853. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 7th Infantry, June 6, 1861.
23. James V. Bomford, October 17, 1860. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 16th Infantry, January 10, 1862.
24. Henry W. Wessels, June 6, 1861. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 18th Infantry, February 16, 1865.
25. George D. Wallace, January 10, 1862. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 12th Infantry, March 15, 1866.
26. James P. Roy, February 16, 1865. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 15th Infantry, June 8, 1874.
27. George A. Williams, March 15, 1866. Transferred to 20th Infantry, March 15, 1869.
28. Orlando H. Moore, June 8, 1874. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 17th Infantry, April 11, 1882.
29. Edward G. Bush, April 11, 1882. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 11th Infantry, October 14, 1886.
30. William J. Lyster, October 13, 1886. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 21st Infantry, August 1, 1891.
31. James W. Powell, Jr., August 1, 1891. Transferred to 21st Infantry, April 16, 1892.
32. William M. Wherry, April 16, 1892. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel 2d Infantry, December 29, 1894.
33. Charles W. Miner, December 29, 1894. Promoted Lieutenant-Colonel July 1, 1898.
34. Folliot A. Whitney, July 1, 1898. Died August 11, 1900, at Silay, Negros, P. I., of heart failure.
35. William H. H. Crowell, August 22, 1898. Transferred from 11th Infantry, October 4, 1898. Retired January 15, 1900.

36. C. M. Rockefeller, May 12, 1899. Never joined regiment. Missing since April 28, 1899.
37. William M. McCammon, May 12, 1900. Retired May 28, 1902.
38. ROBERT H. R. LOUGHBOROUGH, August 11, 1900.
39. William J. Turner, October 5, 1900. Retired December 5, 1900.
40. WILLIAM W. WOTHERSPOON, February 2, 1901. Transferred from 39th Infantry, June 26, 1902.
41. CHARLES G. MORTON, May 28, 1902.

CAPTAINS.

1. William P. Bennett, May 3, 1808. Resigned October 1, 1810.
2. John T. Bentley, May 3, 1808. Died October 20, 1809.
3. Samuel Cherry, May 3, 1808. Discontinued December, 1811.
4. Ebenezer Cross, May 3, 1808. Resigned, June 10, 1809.
5. Thomas Davis, May 3, 1808. Resigned January 1, 1810.
6. Benjamin Walton, May 3, 1808. Resigned February, 1809.
7. Jonathan Brooks, June 18, 1808. Discontinued June 4, 1812.
8. William Cook, June 18, 1808. Resigned December 31, 1809.
9. William Pennell, December 12, 1808. Resigned December 1, 1809.
10. Ebenezer Beebe, January, 1809. Promoted Major 6th Infantry, February 24, 1814.
11. John Christl, February, 1809. Resigned November 15, 1811.
12. John Machesney, June, 1809. Promoted Major 6th Infantry, March 21, 1814.
13. George Nelson, September, 1809. Killed. Battle of Queenstown, U. C., October 13, 1812.
14. John T. Arrowsmith, October, 1809. Promoted Major 22d Infantry, March 21, 1814.
15. Gad Humphreys, December, 1809. Promoted Major 4th Infantry, April 18, 1814.
16. John Walworth, June, 1810. Promoted Major 33d Infantry, May 1, 1814.
17. Peter Muhlenberg, Jr., October, 1810. Promoted Major 31st Infantry, May 1, 1814.
18. Clement Sadler, November, 1811. Dismissed April 19, 1814.
19. Robert Sterry, January, 1812. Promoted Major 32d Infantry, June 30, 1814.
20. Turner Crocker, May 14, 1812. Dismissed August 18, 1819.
21. James E. A. Masters, June, 1812. Promoted Major 6th Infantry, July 6, 1814.
22. Thomas Stockton, September 10, 1812. Transferred to Artillery, May, 1816.
23. Henry Phillips, October, 1812. Relinquished rank in line June, 1814.

24. William S. Foster, May 13, 1813. Promoted Major 4th Infantry, July 27, 1826.
25. John Bates Murdock, April, 1813. Died September 5, 1815.
26. Thomas M. Read, April, 1813. Died December 25, 1819.
27. John Bliss, May 13, 1813. Promoted Major 1st Infantry, July 15, 1820.
28. Benjamin Watson, August, 1813. Transferred to 3d Infantry, May, 1821.
29. George McGlassin, August, 1813. Dismissed May 14, 1818.
30. Daniel Ketchum, September 30, 1813. Died August 30, 1828.
31. Thomas Hamilton, February 21, 1814. Transferred to 5th Infantry, August 29, 1823.
32. Charles Larabee, February 21, 1814. Resigned April 7, 1825.
33. Edward Webb, February, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
34. James Bailey, March, 1814. Transferred to 2d Infantry, May, 1816.
35. Wiley Martin, March 17, 1814. Resigned July 21, 1823.
36. Henry Shell, March, 1814. Transferred to 2d Infantry, May, 1815.
37. Edward White, March, 1814. Resigned October 31, 1815.
38. Londus L. Buck, April 19, 1814. Disbanded June 15, 1815.
39. John Chapman, May, 1814. Disbanded June 15, 1815.
40. Alexander R. Thompson, May 1, 1814. Transferred to 2d Infantry.
41. William Hazard, June, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
42. Gerard D. Smith, June, 1814. Transferred to 2d Infantry, May, 1815.
43. Thomas S. Seymour, July, 1814. Dismissed June 7, 1815.
44. George W. Ten Broeck, July, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
45. Robt. Burton Cuyler, September, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
46. Newman S. Clarke, October, 1814. Transferred to 2d Infantry, March 22, 1819.
47. Matthew I. Magee, February, 1815. Transferred to 5th Infantry, October 3, 1821.
48. Elijah Boardman, March 31, 1817. Transferred to 2d Infantry, May, 1821.
49. William F. Hale, March 14, 1818. Resigned February 28, 1823.
50. James McGunnegle, July, 1818. Died August 27, 1822.
51. William Armstrong, July 31, 1818. Died February 11, 1827.
52. Bennet Eiley, August 6, 1818. Promoted Major 4th Infantry, September 26, 1837.
53. James S. Gray, November 20, 1818. Dismissed February 15, 1826.
54. Ephraim Shaylor, May 1, 1819. Resigned March 1, 1827.
55. John P. Livingston, August, 1819. Resigned May 1, 1820.
56. Alfonso Wetmore, December 25, 1819. Resigned February 28, 1831.
57. Thomas Staniford, March 1, 1820. Transferred to 2d Infantry, March, 1821.

58. Isaac Clark, Jr., August 27, 1822. Appointed Paymaster, November, 1836.
59. John Gant, February 28, 1823. Dismissed February 15, 1826.
60. Charles Pentland, July 21, 1823. Dismissed May 12, 1829.
61. Jacob Brown, April 7, 1825. Promoted Major 7th Infantry, February 27, 1843.
62. Zalmon C. Palmer, February 15, 1826. Resigned December 31, 1836.
63. William N. Wickliffe, February 15, 1826. Resigned July 31, 1837.
64. Henry Smith, July 7, 1826. Resigned November 16, 1836.
65. Nicholas I. Cruger, February 11, 1827. Resigned October 31, 1837.
66. Thomas Noel, May 1, 1827. Promoted Major 7th Infantry, May 9, 1846.
67. Joseph Pentland, October 31, 1827. Dismissed April 22, 1830.
68. Jason Rogers, August 30, 1828. Resigned July 31, 1836.
69. George C. Hutter, May 12, 1829. Promoted Major 1st Infantry, February 16, 1847.
70. Clifton Wharton, April 22, 1830. Appointed Major 1st Dragoons, March 4, 1833.
71. George W. Waters, March 4, 1833. Resigned April 30, 1837.
72. Levi N. Nute, July 31, 1836. Resigned January 31, 1838.
73. Mark W. Bateman, November 16, 1836. Died July 3, 1837.
74. George Andrews, December 31, 1836. Promoted Major 7th Infantry, August 14, 1848.
75. George H. Crossman, April 30, 1837. Relinquished the line June 18, 1846.
76. Joseph Van Swearingen, July 31, 1837. Killed, Battle of Okeechobee, Fla., December 25, 1837.
77. Joseph S. Worth, July 31, 1837. Transferred to 8th Infantry, July 7, 1838.
78. Gustavus Dorr, September 26, 1837. Dropped November 22, 1843.
79. Joseph D. Searight, December 25, 1837. Resigned November 7, 1845.
80. William Hoffman, February 1, 1838. Promoted Major 5th Infantry, April 15, 1851.
81. Albemarle Cady, July 7, 1838. Promoted Major 6th Infantry, January 27, 1853.
82. Thomas L. Alexander, July 7, 1838. Promoted Major 8th Infantry, June 1, 1853.
83. William Scott Ketchum, February 10, 1842. Promoted Major 4th Infantry, June 5, 1860.
84. Samuel Woods, February 27, 1843. Major, Paymaster, December 24, 1856.
85. John B. S. Todd, November 22, 1843. Resigned September 16, 1856.

86. William H. T. Walker, November 7, 1845. Promoted Major 10th Infantry, March 5, 1855.
87. James Monroe, Jr., May 9, 1846. Resigned May 9, 1855.
88. Charles S. Lovell, June 18, 1846. Promoted Major 10th Infantry, May 14, 1861.
89. Henry W. Wharton, February 16, 1847. Promoted Major 9th Infantry, September 9, 1861.
90. Langdon C. Eastman, April 15, 1851. Captain and A. Q. M. Relinquished line commission.
91. Edward Johnson, April 15, 1851. Resigned June 10, 1861.
92. Thomas Hendrickson, January 27, 1853. Promoted Major 3d Infantry, June 27, 1862.
93. James Belger, June 9, 1853. Relinquished line commission, June 9, 1853.
94. Rensselaer W. Foote, June 9, 1853. Killed in action, Gaines' Mill, Va., June 27, 1862.
95. Lewis A. Armistead, March 3, 1855. Resigned May 26, 1861.
96. Richard B. Garnett, May 9, 1855. Resigned June 19, 1861.
97. Franklin F. Flint, September 16, 1856. Promoted Major 16th Infantry, May 14, 1861.
98. Ralph W. Kirkham, December 24, 1856. Captain and A. Q. M. Resigned regimental commission, December 24, 1856.
99. George W. Lay, December 24, 1856. Resigned March 2, 1861.
100. Levi C. Bootes, June 5, 1860. Promoted Major 16th Infantry.
101. William P. Carlin, March 2, 1861. Promoted Major 16th Infantry.
102. Elisha G. Marshall, May 14, 1861. Promoted Major 16th Infantry, June 15, 1865.
103. Benjamin F. Smith, May 14, 1861. Promoted Major 27th Infantry, July 28, 1866.
104. John McCleary, May 17, 1861. Died of disease, Charleston, S. C., February 25, 1868.
105. Orlando H. Moore, May 26, 1861. Promoted Major 6th Infantry, June 8, 1874.
106. Montgomery Bryant, June 10, 1861. Promoted Major 14th Infantry, October 7, 1874.
107. John J. Upham, September 9, 1861. Transferred to 6th Cavalry, January 2, 1871.
108. Henry A. F. Worth, January 27, 1862. Resigned July 14, 1863.
109. William W. Sanders, June 27, 1862. Promoted Major 8th Infantry, December 15, 1880.
110. D. D. Lynn, July 14, 1863. Placed on awaiting orders by his own request, January 5, 1870.

111. Hamilton S. Hawkins, September 20, 1863. Promoted Major 10th Infantry, October 31, 1883.
112. Robert L. Eastman, February 8, 1864. Died November 7, 1865.
113. Joseph B. Rife, November 7, 1865. Resigned March 1, 1872.
114. Wright Rives. Dropped G. O. 16, A. G. O., March 11, 1869.
115. Clarence M. Bailey, July 28, 1866. Placed on awaiting orders, May 29, 1869.
116. Jeremiah P. Schindel, February 25, 1868. Died at Fort Thomas, Ky., November 9, 1894.
117. James W. Powell, Jr., July 28, 1866. Promoted Major 6th Infantry, August 1, 1891.
118. Sam. C. Williamson, January 22, 1867. Placed on awaiting orders.
119. John S. Poland, June 27, 1862. Promoted Major 18th Infantry, December 15, 1880.
120. William M. Wherry, April 5, 1886. Promoted Major 21st Infantry, April 20, 1891.
121. Edwin R. Ames, October 7, 1864. Resigned October 31, 1876.
122. Thomas Britton, March 1, 1872. Retired July 16, 1889.
123. Stephen Baker, June 8, 1874. Promoted Major 4th Infantry, July 7, 1897.
124. Daniel H. Murdock, October 7, 1874. Drowned in Grand River, Utah, June 6, 1886.
125. Jacob F. Munson, December 15, 1880. Retired November 19, 1896.
126. William Badger, December 15, 1880. Retired January 25, 1889.
127. C. G. Penney, June 26, 1883. Promoted Major 8th Infantry, August 15, 1898.
128. Wm. H. H. Crowell, October 31, 1884. Promoted Major 11th Infantry, August 22, 1898.
129. Frederick W. Thibaut, June 6, 1886. Died August 7, 1897, at Fort Thomas, Ky.
130. John Carland, January 25, 1899. Retired January 3, 1890.
131. Stephen W. Groesbeck, July 16, 1889. Appointed Major and J. A., April 2, 1892.
132. Alex M. Wetherill, January 3, 1890. Killed in action at Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July 1, 1898.
133. Thomas G. Townsend, April 20, 1891. Retired August 27, 1896.
134. George B. Walker, August 1, 1891. Transferred to 11th Infantry, January 24, 1900.
135. Arthur L. Wagner, April 2, 1892. Promoted Major, A. A. G., November 6, 1893.
136. Bernard A. Byrne, November 14, 1894. Promoted Major 13th Infantry, February 28, 1901.

137. Charles Byrne, August 27, 1896. Promoted Major 30th Infantry, September 22, 1901.
138. Zerah W. Torrey, November 19, 1896. Promoted Major 24th Infantry, November 8, 1901.
139. Reuben B. Turner, January 12, 1897. Promoted Major 8th Infantry, December 8, 1901.
140. Lyman W. V. Kennon, July 7, 1897. Promoted Major 10th Infantry, May 28, 1902.
141. Charles G. Morton, August 7, 1897. Promoted Major, May 28, 1902.
142. JOHN H. BEACOM, April 26, 1898.
143. OMAR BUNDY, April 26, 1898.
144. ELMORE F. TAGGART, July 1, 1898.
145. BENJAMIN W. ATKINSON, August 11, 1898.
146. WENDELL L. SIMPSON, September 17, 1898.
147. BENJAMIN A. POCRE, March 2, 1899.
148. WILLIAM K. JONES, March 2, 1899.
149. EDWIN T. COLE, July 12, 1899. Transferred from 11th Infantry, January 24, 1900.
150. WILLIAM H. SIMONS, February 2, 1901.
151. WILLARD E. GLEASON, February 2, 1901. Died January 9, 1903.
152. S. J. BAYARD SCHINDEL, February 2, 1901.
153. DWIGHT W. RYTHER, April 1, 1901. Transferred from 7th Infantry, October 29, 1901.
154. FRANK C. BOLLES, October 7, 1901.
155. EDGAR T. COLLINS, May 28, 1902.
156. LYMAN M. WELCH, May 28, 1902.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

1. Ebenezer Beebe, May 3, 1808. Promoted Captain, 1809.
2. John Christi, May 3, 1808. Promoted Captain, February, 1809.
3. John MacChesney, May 3, 1808. Promoted Captain, June, 1809.
4. George Nelson, May 3, 1808. Promoted Captain, September, 1809.
5. John T. Arrowsmith, May 3, 1808. Promoted Captain, October, 1809.
6. Gad Humphreys, May 3, 1808. Promoted Captain, December, 1809.
7. James Chambers, May 3, 1808. Died October 10, 1809.
8. John Walworth, December 12, 1808. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, June, 1810.
9. Peter Muhlenberg, Jr., December 12, 1808. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, October, 1810.
10. Clement Sadlier, January, 1809. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, November, 1811.
11. John Stewart, January 25, 1808. Killed in duel January, 1812.

12. Robert Sterry, June, 1809. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, January, 1812.
13. James E. A. Masters, September, 1809. Promoted Captain, June, 1812.
14. William Nicholas, February, 1809. Dismissed March 9, 1811.
15. Chancey Pettybone, October, 1809. Resigned July 1, 1811.
16. Henry Phillips, October, 1809. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, October, 1812.
17. John Jay Plume, December, 1809. Regimental Quartermaster, 1810. Resigned March, 1813.
18. James I. Vorhees, January, 1810. Dismissed June 30, 1811.
19. Charles K. Gardner, March, 1811. Transferred to 3d Artillery, July, 1812.
20. William Barnett, March 12, 1812. Transferred to 15th Infantry, 1812.
21. Thomas Blauvelt, June, 1812. "Out" in 1813.
22. Augustine Conant, June, 1812. Resigned October 31, 1812.
23. George McChain, September, 1813. Retained from 25th Infantry, May, 1815. Died October 19, 1818.
24. Frederick Aug. Sawyer, December, 1813. Retained from 11th Infantry, May, 1815. Resigned June 30, 1819.
25. Daniel Von der Hayden, February, 1814. Resigned June 2, 1814.
26. Edward Webb, October, 1810. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, February, 1814.
27. James Bailey, June 3, 1812. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, March, 1814.
28. Henry Shell, March, 1811. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, March, 1814.
29. Lendus L. Buck, January 3, 1812. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, April 19, 1814.
30. John Chapman, January 3, 1812. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, May, 1814.
31. Alexander R. Thompson, January 3, 1812. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, May 1, 1814.
32. William Hazzard, October, 1812. Promoted Captain 6th Infantry, June, 1814.
33. Gerard D. Smith, October, 1812. Promoted Captain, June, 1814. Adjutant, 1813.
34. George W. Ten Broeck, March 1813. Promoted Captain, July, 1814.
35. Robert Burton Cuyler, April, 1813. Promoted Captain, September, 1814.
36. Henry R. Wendell, March, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
37. George W. Runck, March, 1814. Mortally wounded September 7, 1814, at Plattsburg. Died September 8, 1814.
38. Henry Cook, April, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.

39. Isaac L. Dubois, May, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
40. Robert I. McClellan, May, 1814. Regimental Paymaster, August 25, 1812. Transferred to Artillery, May, 1816.
41. Samuel Tappan, June, 1814. Retained from 25th Infantry, May, 1815. Dismissed January 30, 1816.
42. Abraham Quackenbos, June, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
43. George Keyes, June, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
44. James Young, June, 1814. Transferred to 2d Infantry, May, 1815.
45. Henry De Witt, July 1814. Retained from 25th Infantry. Resigned October 17, 1815.
46. John Sisk, July, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
47. Walter Becker, September, 1814. Transferred to 2d Infantry, May, 1815.
48. John Harris, September, 1814. Resigned March, 1815.
49. De Lafayette Wilcox, October, 1814. Retained from 25th Infantry, May, 1815. Transferred to 5th Infantry, May, 1821.
50. Elijah Boardman, December, 1815. Transferred to 2d Infantry, May, 1821. Retained from 26th Infantry, 1st Lieutenant, March, 1817. Promoted Captain, March 3, 1817.
51. William F. Haile, May, 1815. Promoted Captain, May 14, 1818.
52. Ephraim Shaylor, August 15, 1813. Promoted Captain, May 1, 1819.
53. John P. Livingston, December, 1813. Promoted to Captain, August, 1819.
54. Alfonso Wetmore, July, 1814. Promoted Captain, December 25, 1819.
55. Thomas Staniford, September, 1814. Promoted Captain, March 1, 1820.
56. Isaac Clark, Jr., September, 1814. Promoted Captain, August 27, 1822.
57. John Ellison, March 31, 1817. Retained from Rifles, December, 1815. Resigned March 1, 1820.
58. Horace Broughton, July, 1817. Resigned April 5, 1818.
59. Samuel Keeler, Jr., May, 1818. Died May 27, 1820.
60. Gabriel Field, August 15, 1818. Retained from Rifles, March 2, 1821. Died April 16, 1823.
61. Hazen Bedel, October, 1818. Disbanded June 1, 1821.
62. John Gant, April 5, 1818. Promoted Captain, February 28, 1823.
63. Charles Pentland, July 31, 1818. Promoted Captain, July 21, 1823.
64. Jacob Brown, August 18, 1819. Promoted Captain, April 7, 1825.
65. Thomas W. Kavanaugh, November 10, 1819. Retained from Rifles, March 2, 1821. Died May 29, 1823.
66. James McIlvain, April, 1819. Retained from 42d Infantry, December, 1815. Transferred to 5th Infantry, May, 1821.
67. Benjamin Fitch, June, 1819. Retained from 25th Infantry, May, 1815. Disbanded June 1, 1821.

68. John Mansfield, December 25, 1819. Retained from 36th Infantry, December, 1815. Disbanded June 1, 1821.
69. Samuel Shannon, February 23, 1820. Retained from Rifles, March 2, 1821. Transferred to 1st Infantry, January, 6, 1823.
70. Henry Taylor, March 1, 1820. Died November 4, 1821.
71. Chas. F. L. Durand, May, 1820. Died June, 1821.
72. William D. McRay, November 5, 1820. Retained from Rifles, March 2, 1821. Resigned June 1, 1823.
73. Alfred Mitchell, December 1, 1820. By transfer from 1st Infantry. January 6, 1823. Resigned August 1, 1823.
74. Zalmen C. Palmer, March 1, 1820. Promoted Captain, February 15, 1826.
75. William N. Wickliffe, August 27, 1822. Promoted Captain, February 15, 1826.
76. John Bradley, October 2, 1822. Transferred to 2d Infantry, July 31, 1823.
77. Henry Smith, January 8, 1823. Promoted Captain, July 7, 1826.
78. William W. Morris, August 11, 1823. Transferred to 4th Artillery, July 31, 1824.
79. Nicholas I. Kruger, February 28, 1823. Promoted Captain, February 11, 1827.
80. Thomas Noel, April 16, 1823. Promoted Captain. May 1, 1827.
81. Joseph Pentland. June 11, 1823. Promoted Captain, October 31, 1827.
82. Jason Rogers, July 21, 1823. Promoted Captain, August 30, 1828.
83. George C. Huttler, September 30, 1823. Promoted Captain, May 12, 1829.
84. David H. Vinton, April 7, 1825. By transfer from 4th Artillery, March 19, 1823. Transferred to 3d Artillery, March 24, 1826.
85. Clifton Wharton, July, 1825. Promoted Captain, April 22, 1830.
86. George W. Folger, August 1, 1825. By transfer from 2d Infantry. June 5, 1823. Resigned December 20 1826.
87. George W. Waters, February 15, 1826. Promoted Captain, March 4, 1833.
88. Reuben Holmes, February 15, 1826. Appointed Captain 1st Dragoons, March 4, 1833.
89. Levi M. Nute, July 7, 1826. Promoted Captain, July 31, 1836.
90. Mark W. Bateman, December 20, 1826. Promoted Captain, November 16, 1836.
91. George Andrews, February 11, 1827. Promoted Captain, December 31, 1836.
92. Asa Richardson, May 1, 1827. Died at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., April 18, 1835.
93. John Nichols, October 31, 1827. Dismissed May 6, 1835.

94. George H. Crossman, August 30, 1828. Promoted Captain, April 30, 1837.
95. Joseph Van Swearingen, May 12, 1829. Promoted Captain, July 31, 1837.
96. Joseph S. Worth, April 22, 1830. Promoted Captain, July 31, 1837.
97. Henry St. James Linden, March 4, 1833. Died August 10, 1836, at Baltimore, Md.
98. Gustavus Dorr, March 4, 1833. Promoted Captain, September 26, 1837.
99. Joseph D. Searight, April 18, 1835. Promoted Captain, December 25, 1837.
100. Francis I. Brooke, May 6, 1835. Regimental Adjutant from April, 1833, to July, 1836. Killed in Battle of Okeechobee, Fla., December 25, 1837.
101. Nathaniel I. Eaton, July 31, 1836. Dropped April 18, 1837.
102. Robert Sevier, August 10, 1836. Regimental Adjutant from August, 1836 to September, 1837. Resigned October 31, 1837.
103. William Hoffman, November 16, 1836. Promoted Captain, February 1, 1838.
104. Albermarle Cady, December 31, 1836. Promoted Captain, July 7, 1838.
105. James S. Williams, April 18, 1837. Resigned September 6, 1837.
106. John Conrad, July 31, 1837. Died August 10, 1838.
107. Thomas L. Alexander, April 30, 1837. Promoted Captain, July 7, 1838.
108. George H. Griffin, July 31, 1837. Assistant Adjutant-General, July 7, 1838. Died October 8, 1839, at Tampa, Fla.
109. Jacob Edward Blake, September 26, 1837. Transferred to Topographical Engineers, July 7, 1838.
110. John P. Centre, September 26, 1827. Killed in Battle of Okeechobee, Fla., December 25, 1837. Regimental Adjutant, November, 1837.
111. Joseph P. Harrison, October 31, 1837. Regimental Adjutant from January to September, 1838.
112. William Scott Ketchum, December 25, 1837. Promoted Captain, February 10, 1842.
113. Samuel Woods, December 25, 1837. Promoted Captain, February 27, 1843.
114. John B. S. Todd, December 25, 1837. Promoted Captain, November 22, 1843.
115. Wm. H. T. Walker, February 1, 1838. Promoted Captain, November 7, 1845.
116. James Monroe, Jr., July 7, 1838. Promoted Captain, May 9, 1846.
117. William D. Berrien, July 7, 1838. Died at Fort Brooke, Fla., December 2, 1840.

118. John C. Fletcher, November 1, 1838. Regimental Adjutant from May, 1839, to January, 1840. Resigned November 10, 1840.
119. Charles S. Lovell, July 7, 1838. Promoted Captain, June 18, 1846.
120. Henry W. Wharton, August 11, 1838. Promoted Captain, February 16, 1847.
121. Langdon C. Easton, July 23, 1839. Promoted Captain, April 15, 1851.
122. Edward Johnson, October 9, 1839. Promoted Captain, April 15, 1851.
123. Thomas Hendrickson, December 3, 1840. Promoted Captain, January 27, 1853.
124. Benjamin C. Edes, February 10, 1842. Died March 30, 1844.
125. James Belger, February 7, 1843. Promoted Captain, June 9, 1853.
126. Rensselaer W. Foote, November 22, 1843. Promoted Captain, June 9, 1853.
127. Lewis A. Armistead, November 20, 1844. Promoted Captain, March 3, 1855.
128. Edward H. Fitzgerald, November 7, 1845. A. Q. M. (Captain), August 5, 1847. Transferred to 9th Infantry, August 26, 1847.
129. Leonidas Wetmore, May 9, 1846. Regimental Q. M., December, 1847. Died November 18, 1849.
130. John D. Bacon, June 18, 1846. Mortally wounded August 20, 1847, at Churubusco, Mex. Died October 12, 1847, at the City of Mexico.
131. Richard B. Garnett, February 16, 1847. Promoted Captain, May 9, 1855.
132. Franklin F. Flint, October 12, 1847. Promoted Captain, September 16, 1856.
133. Alexander Morrow, February 24, 1847. By transfer from 9th Infantry, August 26, 1847. Died January 7, 1851.
134. Andrew D. Nelson, November 18, 1847. Appointed Captain 10th Infantry, March 3, 1855.
135. Ralph W. Kirkham, January 7, 1851. Regimental Adjutant from January, 1846, to October, 1849. Regimental Q. M. from October, 1849, to November 17, 1854. A. Q. M. and Captain, November 17, 1854. Resigned regimental commission, December 24, 1856.
136. George W. Lay, April 15, 1851. Promoted Captain, December 24, 1856.
137. Charles T. Baker, April 15, 1851. Resigned December 31, 1851.
138. Simon B. Buckner, December 31, 1851. Commissary of Subsistence (Captain), November 3, 1852. Resigned March 26, 1855.
139. Winfield S. Hancock, January 27, 1853. Regimental Q. M., June 30, 1848, to October 1, 1849. Regimental Adjutant from October 1, 1849, to November 7, 1855. Appointed A. Q. M. (Captain),

- November 7, 1855. Relinquished the line June 5, 1860; vacated regimental commission.
140. Henry Heth, June 9, 1853. Appointed Captain 10th Infantry, March 3, 1855.
141. Levi C. Botes, June 9, 1853. Promoted Captain, June 5, 1860.
142. Darius D. Clarke, March 3, 1855. Died December 2, 1859, at Ft. Yuma, Calif.
143. William P. Carlin, March 3, 1855. Promoted Captain, May 22, 1861.
144. James L. Corley, March 3, 1855. Regimental Q. M., June 17 to November 27, 1855. Regimental Adjutant, November 27, 1855. Resignation accepted from June 4, 1861.
145. Elisha G. Marshall, March 26, 1855. Promoted Captain, May 14, 1861.
146. John C. Kelton, May 9, 1855. Regimental Q. M., November 27, 1855. Resigned Staff appointment, February 1, 1857. Appointed A. A. G., May 11, 1861.
147. Robert E. Patterson, September 16, 1856. Resigned May 1, 1857.
148. Benjamin F. Smith, December 24, 1856. Transferred to 8th Infantry, June 18, 1861.
149. Silas P. Higgins, December 24, 1856. Died July 18, 1860, at Ft. Yuma, Calif.
150. Henry H. Walker, May 1, 1857. Resigned May 3, 1861.
151. James A. Smith, December 2, 1859. Resigned May 9, 1861.
152. Charles G. Sawtelle, June 5, 1860. Regimental Q. M., February 15, 1857. Appointed Captain A. Q. M., May 17, 1861.
153. John McCleary, June 5, 1860. Promoted Captain, May 17, 1861.
154. A. B. Harcastle, June 5, 1860. Resigned June 19, 1861.
155. Orlando H. Moore, March 2, 1861. Promoted Captain, June 26, 1861.
156. Montgomery Bryant, May 3, 1861. Promoted Captain, June 10, 1861.
157. John J. Upham, May 4, 1861. Promoted Captain, September 9, 1861.
158. Henry A. F. Worth, May 7, 1861. Promoted Captain, June 27, 1862.
159. William W. Sanders, May 9, 1861. Promoted Captain, June 27, 1862.
160. Daniel D. Lynn, May 14, 1861. Promoted Captain, July 14, 1863.
161. Samuel A. Foster, May 14, 1861. Resigned September 20, 1863.
162. Hamilton S. Hawkins, May 14, 1861. Promoted Captain, September 20, 1863.
163. Robert L. Eastman, May 17, 1861. Promoted Captain, February 8, 1864.
164. Wright Rives, May 16, 1861. Promoted Captain, April 21, 1865.
165. James P. Drouillard, June 24, 1861. Resigned.
166. Billings B. Childs, August 5, 1861. Resigned August, 1863.
167. Joseph B. Rife, September 9, 1861. Promoted to Captain, November 7, 1865.

168. Alexander H. Freeman, June 27, 1861. Resigned, to date October 1, 1866.
169. George T. Hodges, June 27, 1861. Resignation accepted April 14, 1865.
170. Clarence H. Bailey, June 14, 1863. Promoted Captain, July 28, 1867.
171. Charles H. Pyne, August 11, 1863. Promoted Captain 42d Infantry, November 24, 1866.
172. George B. Drake, September 20, 1863. Resignation accepted March 23, 1865.
173. Abram Z. Dickley, September 20, 1863. Dismissed March 23, 1865.
174. Jeremiah P. Schindel, February 8, 1864. Promoted Captain, February 25, 1868.
175. Byron Kirby, February 1, 1865. Resigned November 7, 1865.
176. James McKim, March 23, 1865. Appointed Captain 29th Infantry, November 20, 1866.
177. Thomas Britton, March 28, 1865. Promoted Captain, March 1, 1872.
178. John W. Clous, April 1, 1865. Appointed Captain 38th Infantry, January 22, 1867.
179. Stephen Baker, May 3, 1865. Regimental Q. M., March 1, 1867. Promoted Captain, June 8, 1874.
180. Daniel H. Weilandt, November 7, 1865. Dropped at New York city, March 1, 1867.
181. Andrew K. Long, November 20, 1865. Promoted Captain and Commissary of Subsistence, February 25, 1867.
182. Solomon L. Hoge, July 28, 1866. Resigned September 12, 1869.
183. Daniel H. Murdock, July 28, 1866. Promoted Captain, October 7, 1874.
184. Stephen P. Jocelyn, July 28, 1866. Honorably mustered out, January 1, 1871.
185. Richard W. Ross, July 28, 1866. Retired December 31, 1870.
186. Charles Lyon, July 28, 1866. Resigned December 31, 1868.
187. Jacob F. Munson, October 31, 1866. Regimental Adjutant, April 1, 1867, to April 22, 1869, and from May 29, 1869, to January 31, 1875.
188. William Badger, February 25, 1867. Promoted Captain, December 15, 1880.
189. Russell H. Day, April 1, 1867. Died at Fort Thornburgh, Utah, October 18, 1882.
190. William W. Fleming, July 31, 1867. Placed on awaiting orders, G. O. 9, 1869, Department Missouri.
191. Frederick W. Thibaut, February 25, 1868. Promoted Captain, June 6, 1886.

192. Alanson E. Niles, January 4, 1867. Placed on awaiting orders, June 30, 1869.
193. George P. Sherwood, January 22, 1867. Wholly retired, October 25, 1870.
194. James Joyes, July 28, 1866. Placed on awaiting orders, May 29, 1869.
195. Michael J. Hogarty, July 28, 1866. Placed on awaiting orders, July 8, 1870.
196. John Carland, December 31, 1868. Promoted Captain, January 25, 1889. Regimental Q. M. from September 1, 1868, to May 29, 1869; from September 4, 1869, to October 30, 1871, and from March 1, 1883, to March 1, 1887.
197. George T. Cook, December 31, 1868. Honorably discharged the service to date December 31, 1870.
198. D. Mortimer Lee, September 12, 1866. Promoted Captain, October 31, 1876.
199. Charles G. Penney, November 4, 1867. Promoted Captain, June 26, 1883. Regimental Q. M., October 30, 1871, to March 1, 1883
200. Eugene B. Gibbs, February 18, 1869. Appointed Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. A., March 30, 1880.
201. W. H. H. Crowell, December 17, 1867. Promoted Captain, October 31, 1883. Regimental Adjutant from April 10, 1882, to October 31, 1883.
202. Edwin B. Atwood, March 1, 1872. Promoted Captain and A. Q. M., April 28, 1875.
203. Nelson Bronson, June 8, 1874. Retired November 30, 1879.
204. Stephen W. Groesbeck, October 7, 1874. Promoted Captain, July 16, 1889. Regimental Adjutant, February 1, 1875, to March 30, 1880, and from October 31, 1883, to November 1, 1886. Acting J. A., November 1, 1886.
205. Alex. M. Wetherill, April 28, 1875. Promoted Captain, January 3, 1890. Regimental Q. M. from March 1, 1887, to February 1, 1890.
206. David L. Craft, October 31, 1876. Died at Washington, D. C., November 12, 1890.
207. R. T. Jacob, Jr., November 30, 1879. Dismissed July 19, 1881.
208. Richard E. Thompson, March 30, 1880. Promoted Captain Signal Corps, January 24, 1891. Regimental Adjutant, March 30, 1880, to April 10, 1882.
209. Thomas G. Townsend, December 15, 1880. Promoted Captain, April 20, 1891.
210. George B. Walker, December 15, 1880. Promoted Captain, August 1, 1891.
211. Charles L. Gurley, July 19, 1881. Resigned December 31, 1882.

212. Arthur L. Wagner, October 17, 1882. Promoted Captain, April 2, 1892.
213. Bernard A. Byrne, December 31, 1882. Promoted Captain, November 14, 1894. Regimental Adjutant, November 1, 1886, to April 1, 1890.
214. Charles H. Ingalls, June 26, 1883. Appointed Captain and A. Q. M., July 2, 1883.
215. Charles Byrne, October 31, 1883. Promoted Captain, August 27, 1896.
216. Robert R. Stevens, June 16, 1884. Promoted Captain, February 20, 1894.
217. Zerah W. Torrey, June 6, 1886. Promoted Captain, November 19, 1896.
218. Reuben B. Turner, January 25, 1889. Promoted Captain, January 12, 1897.
219. Lyman W. V. Kennon, July 16, 1889. Promoted Captain, July 7, 1897.
220. Charles G. Morton, February 1, 1890. Promoted Captain, August 7, 1897.
221. Albert B. Scott, November 12, 1890. Transferred to 13th Infantry, July 20, 1891.
222. George B. Patten, January 24, 1891. Transferred to 22d Infantry, July 20, 1891.
223. Joseph P. O'Neill, April 20, 1891. Transferred to 25th Infantry, July 20, 1891.
224. Elmore F. Taggart, February 20, 1891. Transferred from 4th Infantry, July 20, 1891. Promoted Captain, July 1, 1898.
225. William P. Burnham, February 25, 1891. Transferred from 11th Infantry May 20, 1891. Transferred to 20th Infantry, July 22, 1895.
226. Benjamin W. Atkinson, March 12, 1891. Transferred from 20th Infantry, July 20, 1891. Promoted Captain August 11, 1898.
227. Leon S. Rondiez, August 1, 1891. Transferred to 1st Infantry, October 6, 1891.
228. Charles L. Beckurts, September 29, 1891. Transferred from 14th Infantry, October 6, 1891. Promoted Captain, 16th Infantry, January 11, 1899.
229. Robert L. Bullard, April 2, 1892. Transferred to 10th Infantry, September 28, 1892.
230. Benjamin A. Poore, September 16, 1892. Transferred from 10th Infantry, September 28, 1892. Promoted Captain, March 2, 1899.
231. William E. Wilkins, March 23, 1894. Transferred to 2d Infantry, August 3, 1896.
232. William K. Jones, November 9, 1894. Promoted Captain, March 2, 1899.

233. Edward R. Chrisman, May 31, 1895. Transferred from 20th Infantry, July 22, 1895. Promoted Captain, 20th Infantry, March 16, 1899.
234. Harry R. Lee, June 8, 1896. Transferred from 2d Infantry, August 3, 1896. Transferred to 11th Infantry, April 29, 1899.
235. Matt R. Peterson, August 27, 1869. Transferred from 7th Infantry, November 28, 1896. Promoted Captain, October 3, 1898.
236. Edwin T. Cole, August 27, 1896. Promoted from 8th Infantry. Promoted Captain 11th Infantry, July 12, 1899.
237. William S. Graves, November 19, 1896. Transferred to 7th Infantry, November 23, 1896.
238. William C. Bennett, January 6, 1896. Transferred from 12th Infantry, May 7, 1897. Promoted Captain, 16th Infantry, May 16, 1899.
239. Frederick S. Wild, January 12, 1897. Transferred to 12th. Infantry, May 12, 1897.
240. Henry J. Hunt, July 7, 1897. Promoted Captain, 11th Infantry, January 29, 1900.
241. Jules G. Ord, August 7, 1897. Killed at Battle of San Juan Hill, July 1, 1898.
242. William H. Simons, April 26, 1898. Promoted Captain, February 2, 1901.
243. Willard E. Gleason, April 26, 1898. Promoted Captain, February 2, 1901.
244. S. J. Bayard Schindel, April 26, 1898. Transferred from 3d Infantry. December 19, 1898. Promoted Captain, February 2, 1901.
245. Haydon Y. Grubbs, January 1, 1899. Killed in action near San Isidro, Negros, P. I., October 1, 1899.
246. Clarence N. Purdy, October 5, 1898. Promoted Captain 1st Infantry, June 10, 1901.
247. Houston V. Evans, December 28, 1898. Promoted Captain 13th Infantry, September 24, 1901.
248. Dwight W. Ryther, August 11, 1898. Transferred from 4th Infantry, June 19, 1899. Promoted Captain 7th Infantry, May 1, 1901.
249. Frank C. Bolles, January 11, 1899. Promoted Captain, October 7, 1901.
250. John Robertson, March 2, 1899. Promoted Captain 27th Infantry, June 28, 1902.
251. William F. Nesbitt, March 2, 1899. Promoted Captain 10th Infantry, July 4, 1902.
252. James V. Heidt, March 2, 1899. Promoted Captain 10th Infantry, July 23 1902.
253. ROBERT J. MAXEY, March 2, 1899.
254. David B. Mulliken, March 2, 1899. Transferred to 29th Infantry, August 16, 1902.

255. Augustus C. Ledyard, March 13, 1899. Killed in action at La Granja, Negros, P. I., December 8, 1899.
256. Martin L. Crimmins, October 1, 1899. Transferred to 19th Infantry, October 10, 1902.
257. OLIVER EDWARDS, April 26, 1898. Transferred from 11th Infantry, April 26, 1899.
258. JAMES B. KEMPER, December 8, 1899.
259. CHARLES B. CLARK, June 9, 1900.
260. LOUIS P. SCHINDEL, October 19, 1899. Transferred from 1st infantry, April 17, 1901.
261. Henry A. Hanigan, February 2, 1901. Transferred to 5th Infantry, June 17, 1902.
262. ERNEST H. AGNEW, February 28, 1901.
263. SIDNEY S. BURBANK, April 19, 1901.
264. Frank H. Aul, September 24, 1901. Transferred to 15th Infantry, October 24, 1902.
265. DAVIS C. ANDERSON, October 7, 1901.
266. GEORGE R. ARMSTRONG, February 2, 1901. Transferred from 5th Infantry, June 17, 1902.
267. HOWARD G. YOUNG, March 10, 1902.
268. H. F. DALTON, July 9, 1898. Transferred from 19th Infantry, October 10, 1902.
269. JOHN H. PAGE, Jr., September 20, 1902. Promoted from 3d Infantry.
270. WILLIAM H. PLUMMER, October 17, 1902. Promoted from 3d Infantry.
271. GEORGE W. ENGLAND, October 27, 1902.
272. FRANK R. CURTIS, October 27, 1902.
273. J. F. WILKINSON, March 2, 1898. Transferred from 15th Infantry, October 24, 1902.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

1. Clement Sadlier, May 3, 1808. Promoted First Lieutenant, January, 1809.
2. Robert Sterry, May 3, 1808. Promoted First Lieutenant, January, 1809.
3. James E. A. Masters, May 3, 1808. Promoted First Lieutenant, September, 1809.
4. Henry Phillips, May 3, 1808. Promoted First Lieutenant, October, 1809.
5. William Nicholas, May 3, 1808. Promoted First Lieutenant, February, 1809.
6. Chancey Pettybone, May 3, 1808. Promoted First Lieutenant, October, 1809.

7. Abel Morse, May 3, 1808. Resigned November 10, 1809.
8. John Jay Plume, June 18, 1808. Promoted First Lieutenant, December, 1809.
9. James J. Vorhees, June 18, 1808. Promoted First Lieutenant, January, 1810.
10. John Gillard, January 23, 1809. Resigned November 11, 1809.
11. Neil Shaw, June, 1809. Dismissed March 9, 1811.
12. Charles K. Gardner, June, 1809. Promoted First Lieutenant, March, 1811.
13. Edward Webb, February, 1809. Promoted First Lieutenant, October, 1810.
14. Henry Shell, September 1, 1809. Promoted First Lieutenant, March, 1811.
15. Jacob Heet, October, 1809. Dismissed March 29, 1811.
16. John Reigert, November, 1809. Resigned March 18, 1810.
17. Jacob Sinn, October, 1809. Dismissed March 9, 1811.
18. William Hazzard, January 3, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, October, 1812.
19. Gerard D. Smith, January 3, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, October, 1812.
20. Geo. W. Ten Broeck, January 3, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, March, 1813.
21. Robert Burton Cuyler, January 3, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant. April, 1813.
22. Frederick J. Prevost, January 3, 1812. Dismissed October 4, 1812.
23. Thomas D. Jenkins, January 3, 1812. Dismissed October 4, 1812.
24. William Barnett, January 3, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 12, 1812.
25. Thomas Blauvelt, January 3, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, June, 1812.
26. Augustus Conant, January 3, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, June, 1812.
27. Daniel Von der Heyden, January 3, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, February, 1814.
28. Henry R. Wendell, January 3, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, March, 1814.
29. George W. Runck, January 3, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, March, 1814.
30. Henry Cook, March, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, April, 1814.
31. Isaac L. Dubois, October, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, May, 1814.
32. Robert J. McClellan, October, 1812. Promoted First Lieutenant, May, 1814.

33. Nathaniel Sherman, October, 1812. Died May 1, 1813.
34. William B. Stadler, March, 1813. Resigned September 26, 1814.
35. William B. Statts, March, 1813. Resigned September 26, 1814.
36. John B. Harding, March, 1813. Resigned July 15, 1816. Retained from 5th Infantry, May, 1815.
37. Abraham Quackenbos, April, 1813. Promoted First Lieutenant, June, 1814.
38. George Keyes, February, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, June, 1814.
39. James Young, February, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, June, 1814.
40. Henry Meyer, March, 1814. "Struck off" June 2, 1814.
41. John Sisk, March, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, July, 1814.
42. Walter Bicker, May, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, September, 1814.
43. John Harris, May, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, September, 1814.
44. John Ellisen, May, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 31, 1817.
45. John Wood, May, 1814. Transferred to 2d Infantry, May 17, 1815.
46. Thomas Tupper, May, 1814. Retained from 11th Infantry, May 17, 1815. Captain, Asst. Dep. Quartermaster-General, November 15, 1816. Dismissed December 31, 1818.
47. Samuel Holcomb, May, 1814. Retained from 25th Infantry, May 17, 1815. Resigned November 15, 1815.
48. Caleb B. Campbell, May, 1814. Retained from 25th Infantry, May 17, 1815. Resigned September 10, 1816.
49. Patrick Ford, May, 1814. Resigned November 20, 1814.
50. John Grayson, June, 1814. Adjutant, June, 1814. Transferred to Artillery, May, 1816.
51. Samuel Keeler, Jr., June, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, May, 1818.
52. Hazen Bedel, June, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, October, 1815.
53. Erastus Roberts, June, 1814. Regimental Quartermaster, 1814. Transferred to Artillery, May, 1816.
54. Crowell Sprague, June, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
55. Charles Talman, June, 1814. Disbanded, June, 1814.
56. James McIlvain, July, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, April, 1819.
57. Benjamin Fitch, May 25, 1814. Promoted to First Lieutenant, June, 1819.
58. Pinchas Andrews, July 2, 1814. Retained from 25th Infantry, May 17, 1815. Resigned October 31, 1815.
59. Edmond P. Bacon, July, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.

60. John Mansfield, September, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 25, 1819.
61. Jacob Brown, September 1, 1814. Promoted First Lieutenant, August 18, 1819.
62. Waddy Bacon, September, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
63. Henry Barker, September, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
64. Louis Collame, September, 1814. Disbanded June, 1815.
65. Stedman Van Wyck, February 11, 1815. Transferred to 2d Infantry, May 17, 1815.
66. Horace Boughton, February 19, 1817. Promoted First Lieutenant, July, 1817.
67. Henry Taylor, February 17, 1817. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 1, 1820.
68. Wm. Augustus Mix, February 13, 1818. Disbanded June, 1821.
69. Charles F. L. Durand, February 23, 1818. Promoted First Lieutenant, May, 1820.
70. Charles Burbridge, June 16, 1815. Transferred to 5th Infantry, May, 1821.
71. Henry H. Loring, July 24, 1818. Transferred to Light Artillery, August 27, 1818.
72. William C. Givens, December 4, 1818. Disbanded June 1, 1821.
73. William D. McRay, February 3, 1819. Promoted First Lieutenant, November 5, 1820.
74. Joseph Buckley, August 13, 1819. Retained from Ordnance, March 2, 1821. Resigned June 1, 1822.
75. Andrew O. Waterhouse, August 13, 1819. Resigned June 15, 1820.
76. John Duncan, December 4, 1819. Retained from Rifles. March 2, 1821. Resigned December 4, 1821.
77. Wm. N. Wickliffe, September 20, 1819. Promoted First Lieutenant, August 27, 1822.
78. John Bradley, January 25, 1820. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 2, 1822.
79. Thomas McArthur, July 1, 1820. Resigned October 24, 1820.
80. William W. Morris, July 1, 1820. Promoted First Lieutenant, August 11, 1823.
81. Nicholas I. Cruger, July 1, 1820. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 28, 1823.
82. Thomas Noel, July 1, 1820. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 16, 1823.
83. Wharton Rector, July 12, 1820. Retained from Rifles. March 2, 1821. Resigned November 20, 1821.
84. Augustus G. Monroe, July 12, 1820. Disbanded June 1, 1821.

85. Richard Wells, October 27, 1820. Retained from Rifles, March 2, 1821. Resigned December 1, 1821.
86. William Alexander, October 27, 1820. Transferred to 5th Infantry, June 1, 1821.
87. Joseph Pentland, July 1, 1821. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 1, 1823.
88. Jason Rogers, July 1, 1821. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 1, 1823.
89. David M. Porter, July 1, 1821. Resigned July 31, 1823.
90. William W. Gaillard, July 1, 1821. Died October 11, 1822.
91. William P. Buchanan, June 21, 1822. Drowned in Mississippi River, September 20, 1822.
92. David H. Vinton, July 1, 1822. Transferred from 4th Artillery, March 19, 1823. Transferred to 3d Artillery, March 24, 1826.
93. George W. Folger, July 1, 1822. Transferred from 2d Infantry, June 5, 1823. Resigned December 20, 1826.
94. George W. Waters, July 1, 1823. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 15, 1826.
95. Levi M. Nute, July 1, 1823. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 7, 1826.
96. Mark W. Bateman, July 1, 1823. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 20, 1826.
97. George Andrews, July 1, 1823. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 11, 1827.
98. George H. Crossman, July 1, 1823. Promoted First Lieutenant, August 30, 1828.
99. Reuben Holmes, July 1, 1823. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 15, 1826.
100. Asa Richardson, July 1, 1823. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 1, 1827.
101. John Nicholls, July 1, 1823. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 31, 1827.
102. Joseph Van Swearingen, July 1, 1824. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 12, 1829.
103. William W. Eaton, July 1, 1824. Died May 10, 1828.
104. Joseph S. Worth, July 1, 1825. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 22, 1830.
105. Gustavus Dorr, July 1, 1825. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 4, 1833.
106. Henry St. James Linden, July 1, 1825. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 4, 1833.
107. Nathaniel H. Street, July 1, 1825. Resigned September 1, 1826.
108. Albert S. Johnston, July 1, 1826. Regimental Adjutant from 1828 to 1832. Resigned March 31, 1834.

109. Francis J. Brooke, July 1, 1826. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 6, 1835.
110. Joseph D. Searight, July 1, 1826. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 18, 1835.
111. Nathaniel J. Eaton, July 1, 1827. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 31, 1836.
112. John Hills, Jr., June 25, 1827. Resigned December 17, 1831.
113. Philip St. George Cooke, July 1, 1827. Regimental Adjutant from 1832 to March, 1833. Appointed First Lieutenant, 1st Dragoons, March 4, 1833.
114. Robert Sevier, July 1, 1828. Promoted First Lieutenant, August 10, 1836.
115. Gustavus S. Rousseau, July 1, 1828. Resigned April 30, 1833.
116. Thomas S. Drayton, July 1, 1828. Resigned August 15, 1836.
117. Thomas H. Pierce, July 1, 1828. Resigned March 21, 1829.
118. Jonathan Freeman, July 1, 1829. Resigned May 15, 1837.
119. William Hoffman, March 4, 1833. Promoted First Lieutenant, November 16, 1836.
120. Albemarle Cady, March 4, 1833. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 31, 1836.
121. Thomas L. Alexander, March 4, 1833. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 30, 1837.
122. James S. Williams, May 31, 1834. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 18, 1837.
123. John Conrad, April 18, 1835. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 31, 1837.
124. George H. Griffin, May 6, 1835. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 31, 1837.
125. William H. De Forest, April 18, 1836. Resigned September 30, 1827.
126. Jacob Edmund Blake, July 31, 1836. Promoted First Lieutenant, September 26, 1837.
127. John P. Centre, August 10, 1836. Promoted First Lieutenant, September 26, 1837.
128. George H. Ringgold, August 15, 1836. Resigned March 31, 1837.
129. Joseph P. Harrison, November 16, 1836. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 31, 1837.
130. William Scott Ketchum, December 31, 1836. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 25, 1837.
131. Samuel Woods, July 1, 1837. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 25, 1837.
132. John B. S. Todd, July 1, 1837. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 25, 1837.

133. Wm. H. T. Walker, July 31, 1837. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 1, 1835.
134. Wm. D. Berrien, October 10, 1837. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 7, 1838.
135. James Monroe, Jr., August 17, 1837. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 7, 1838.
136. Charles S. Lovell, October 18, 1837. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 7, 1838.
137. Henry W. Wharton, October 31, 1837. Promoted First Lieutenant, August 11, 1838.
138. Langdon C. Easton, July 1, 1838. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 23, 1839.
139. Edward Johnson; July 1, 1838. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 9, 1839.
140. Thomas Hendrickson, July 31, 1838. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 3, 1840.
141. John C. Fletcher, July 1, 1838. Promoted First Lieutenant, November 1, 1838.
142. Benjamin C. Edes, August 1, 1838. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 10, 1842.
143. James Mason Scarritt, July 1, 1838. Transferred to Engineer Corps, July 7, 1838.
144. Charles J. Hughes, July 1, 1838. Died August 22, 1839, at Ft. Brooke, Florida.
145. William Hulbert, July 1, 1838. Killed by Indians in Florida, March 2, 1839, while on a scout.
146. Frederick Van Lieu, August 1, 1838. Died December 31, 1839.
147. Andrew Jackson Fields, August 1, 1838. Resigned May 11, 1841.
148. James Belger, October 15, 1838. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 7, 1843.
149. Rensselaer W. Foote, November 1, 1838. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 22, 1843.
150. Lewis A. Armistead, July 10, 1839. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 20, 1844.
151. Edward H. Fitzgerald, October 26, 1839. Promoted First Lieutenant, November 7, 1845.
152. Leonidas Wetmore, December 31, 1839. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 9, 1846.
153. James R. Emory, October 21, 1839. Resigned February 9, 1843.
154. Edward S. Osgood, October 24, 1839. Resigned March 31, 1841.
155. John D. Bacon December 3, 1840. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 18, 1846.

156. Richard B. Garnett, July 1, 1841. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 16, 1847.
157. Franklin F. Flint, July 1, 1841. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 12, 1847.
158. Anderson D. Nelson, February 10, 1842. Promoted First Lieutenant, November 18, 1847.
159. Rudolph F. Ernst, February 9, 1843. Mortally wounded at Molino del Rey, September 8, 1847. Died at the City of Mexico, September 22, 1847.
160. Ralph W. Kirkham, February 27, 1843. Promoted First Lieutenant, January 7, 1851.
161. George W. Lay, November 22, 1843. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 15, 1851.
162. Charles T. Baker, March 3, 1844. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 15, 1851.
163. Edwin Howe, November 7, 1845. Died at Ft. Leavenworth, K. T., March 31, 1850.
164. Simon B. Buckner, May 9, 1846. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 31, 1851.
165. Winfield S. Hancock, June 18, 1846. Promoted First Lieutenant, January 27, 1852.
166. Henry Heth, September 22, 1847. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 9, 1853.
167. George T. Shackelford, December 30, 1847. Died September 28, 1848.
168. Thomas O. Davis, December 30, 1847. Dismissed May 15, 1851.
169. Levi C. Bootes, September 28, 1848. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 9, 1853.
170. John L. Tubbs, November 18, 1849. Resigned May 6, 1851.
171. Joseph L. Tidball, May 31, 1850. Appointed First Lieutenant 10th Infantry, March 3, 1855.
172. Darius D. Clark, January 1, 1851. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 3, 1855.
173. William P. Carlin, April 15, 1851. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 3, 1855.
174. James L. Corley, May 6, 1851. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 3, 1855.
175. Elisha G. Marshall, May 15, 1851. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 26, 1855.
176. John C. Kelton, December 31, 1851. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 9, 1855.
177. Alden Sargent, April 15, 1851. Appointed First Lieutenant 9th Infantry, March 3, 1855.

178. Robert E. Patterson, January 27, 1853. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 16, 1856.
179. John T. Shaff, June 9, 1853. Transferred to 2d Cavalry, March 3, 1855.
180. Hugh B. Fleming, June 9, 1853. Transferred to 9th Infantry, March 3, 1855.
181. Benjamin F. Smith, March 5, 1855. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 24, 1856.
182. Silas P. Higgins, March 3, 1855. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 24, 1856.
183. Harry H. Walker, March 3, 1855. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 1, 1857.
184. James A. Smith, March 3, 1855. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 2, 1859.
185. Charles G. Sawtelle, March 3, 1855. R. Q. M., February 15, 1857. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 5, 1860.
186. John McCleary, March 26, 1855. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 5, 1860.
187. William B. Reynolds, May 29, 1855. Cashiered May 9, 1856.
188. Aaron B. Hardcastle, June 7, 1855. Promoted First Lieutenant, June, 1860.
189. Ralph Abercrombie, June 30, 1855. Resigned May 31, 1857.
190. Orlando H. Moore, June 27, 1856. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 2, 1861.
191. Owen K. Memore, September 16, 1856. Resigned April 8, 1861.
192. Montgomery Bryant, February 21, 1857. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 3, 1861.
193. Archibald J. Harrison, February 21, 1857. Resigned September 5, 1859.
194. John Heth, May 14, 1857. Declined.
195. William H. F. Lee, May 31, 1857. Resigned May 31, 1859.
196. Edward Dillon, June 30, 1857. Dropped June 25, 1861.
197. Charles E. Jessup, May 31, 1859. Resigned August 20, 1860.
198. Edwin H. Stoughton, September 5, 1859. Resigned March 4, 1861.
199. John J. Upham, December 2, 1859. Regimental Adjutant, July, 1861, to September 9, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 4, 1861.
200. Henry A. F. Worth, June 5, 1860. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 7, 1861.
201. William W. Sanders, June 23, 1860. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 9, 1861.
202. Daniel D. Lynn, July 18, 1860. Promoted from 3d Infantry. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 14, 1861.
203. Samuel A. Foster, August 20, 1860. From 1st Infantry. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 14, 1861.

204. Henry Hambricht, March 23, 1861. Declined.
205. Robert L. Eastman, May 6, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 17, 1861.
206. Hamilton S. Hawkins, April 26, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 14, 1861.
207. Wright Rives, May 6, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 17, 1861.
208. Olin F. Rice, May 6, 1861. From 9th Infantry. Dismissed June 6, 1861.
209. Campbell D. Emory, May 6, 1861. Transferred to 9th Infantry, May 25, 1861.
210. Tillinghast L'Hommedieu, April 26, 1861. Transferred to 1st Cavalry, May 1, 1861.
211. Justin E. Dimick, June 24, 1861. Transferred to 1st Artillery, August 14, 1861.
212. James P. Drouillard, June 24, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 24, 1861.
213. Billings B. Childs, August 5, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, August 5, 1861.
214. Joseph B. Rife, August 5, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, September 9, 1861.
215. Alexander H. Freeman, August 5, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 27, 1862.
216. George T. Hodges, August 5, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 27, 1862.
217. Clarence M. Bailey, August 5, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 27, 1862.
218. Charles M. Pyne, August 5, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 27, 1862.
219. Frank Ridgely, August 5, 1861. Resigned August 22, 1862.
220. George B. Drake, August 5, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, September 20, 1863.
221. William McCormick, August 5, 1861. Dismissed July 26, 1862.
222. Abram W. Bickley, August 5, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, September 20, 1863.
223. Jeremiah P. Schindel, October 24, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 8, 1864.
224. Byron Kirby, October 24, 1861. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 1, 1865.
225. George Anderson, July 18, 1862. Dropped September 18, 1863.
226. James McKim, July 18, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 23, 1865.

227. Thomas Britton, November 18, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 28, 1865.
228. John W. Clous, November 29, 1862. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 1, 1865.
229. Stephen Baker, May 3, 1865. Promoted First Lieutenant, May 3, 1865.
230. Daniel H. Weilandt, October 10, 1865. Promoted First Lieutenant, November 7, 1865.
231. Andrew K. Long, November 20, 1865. Promoted First Lieutenant, November 20, 1865.
232. Solomon L. Hoge, February 23, 1866. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 28, 1866.
233. Daniel H. Murdock, February 23, 1866. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 28, 1866.
234. John W. Godman, February 23, 1866. Dropped January 8, 1867.
235. Stephen P. Jocelyn, February 23, 1866. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 28, 1866.
236. Richard W. Ross, February 23, 1866. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 28, 1866.
237. Charles D. Lyon, April 13, 1866. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 28, 1866.
238. Jacob F. Munson, May 11, 1866. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 31, 1866.
239. William Badger, May 13, 1866. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 25, 1867.
240. Russell H. Day, May 30, 1866. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 1, 1867.
241. William W. Fleming, June 18, 1866. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 31, 1867.
242. Frederick W. Thibaut, January 22, 1867. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 25, 1868.
243. George R. Walbridge, March 7, 1867. Resigned May 14, 1868.
244. John Carland, March 7, 1867. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 31, 1868.
245. Harry R. Anderson, March 7, 1867. Unassigned April 22, 1869.
246. Charles A. Van Deursen, March 7, 1867. Cashiered August 15, 1867.
247. Henry C. Hadley, March 7, 1867. Resigned November 20, 1868.
248. George T. Cook, March 18, 1867. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 31, 1868.
249. Alexander M. Wetherill, May 9, 1867. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 28, 1875.
250. David L. Craft, August 24, 1867. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 31, 1876.

251. Richard T. Jacob, Jr., October 1, 1867. Promoted First Lieutenant, November 30, 1879.
252. Richard Rees, August 24, 1867. Mustered out December 23, 1870.
253. Richard E. Thompson, June 15, 1868. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 30, 1880.
254. Thomas N. Willey, June 10, 1868. Resigned November 30, 1875.
255. Nelson Bronson, July 28, 1866. From Second Lieutenant, 42d Infantry. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 8, 1874.
256. M. C. Wilkinson, July 28, 1866. From Second Lieutenant, 42d Infantry. Unassigned June 28, 1869.
257. Andrew C. Bayne, July 28, 1866. From Second Lieutenant, 42d Infantry. (R. Q. M.) Retired March 25, 1871.
258. Stephen W. Groesbeck, July 28, 1866. From 42d Infantry. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 7, 1874.
259. George P. McDougall, January 22, 1867. From 42d Infantry. Discharged October 26, 1870.
260. Henry H. Kuhn, January 22, 1867. From 42d Infantry. Unassigned April 22, 1869.
261. Douglas G. Risley, July 28, 1866. From 42d Infantry. Unassigned April 22, 1869.
262. Charles E. Campbell, July 28, 1866. From 42d Infantry. Unassigned April 22, 1869.
263. Edwin B. Atwood, May 11, 1866. From 2d Infantry. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 1, 1872.
264. Thomas G. Townsend, June 12, 1871. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 15, 1880.
265. George B. Walker, June 14, 1872. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 15, 1880.
266. Charles L. Gurley, July 27, 1872. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 19, 1881.
267. Theodore H. Eckerson, June 17, 1874. Resigned September 15, 1875.
268. Arthur L. Wagner, June 16, 1875. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 17, 1872.
269. Bernard A. Byrne, October 15, 1875. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 31, 1882.
270. Charles H. Ingalls, February 20, 1876. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 26, 1883.
271. Hamilton Rowan, June 15, 1876. Transferred to 2d Artillery, January 9, 1877.
272. Charles Byrne, January 9, 1877. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 31, 1883.
273. Edwin R. Ames, March 1, 1877. Resigned April 20, 1877.

274. Robert R. Stevens, June 15, 1877. Promoted First Lieutenant, January 16, 1884.
275. Zerah W. Torry, June 12, 1880. Promoted First Lieutenant, June 6, 1886.
276. John J. Shaw, June 24, 1880. Dropped to date May 9, 1887.
277. Enno F. Wenckebach, March 18, 1881. Resigned July 31, 1881.
278. Reuben B. Turner, June 11, 1881. Promoted First Lieutenant, January 25, 1889.
279. Lyman W. V. Kennon, July 19, 1881. From Add. Second Lieutenant 1st Infantry. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 16, 1889.
280. Simeon M. Dinkins, July 31, 1881. From Add. Second Lieutenant 11th Infantry. Resigned February 1, 1883.
281. Charles G. Morton, June 13, 1883. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 1, 1890.
282. Elmore F. Taggart, June 13, 1883. Promoted First Lieutenant 4th Infantry, February 20, 1891.
283. William P. Burnham, July 3, 1883. Promoted First Lieutenant 11th Infantry, February 25, 1891.
284. Benjamin W. Atkinson, October 10, 1883. Promoted First Lieutenant 20th Infantry, March 12, 1891.
285. Clarence E. Dentler, June 15, 1884. Promoted First Lieutenant 20th Infantry, April 27, 1891.
286. Charles L. Beckurts, October 30, 1884. Promoted First Lieutenant 14th Infantry, September 29, 1891.
287. Amos B. Shattuck, July 1, 1886. Promoted First Lieutenant 25th Infantry, October 19, 1892.
288. Ambrose J. Moriarity, June 12, 1887. Resigned December 15, 1887.
289. George A. Detchmندی, February 6, 1888. Promoted First Lieutenant 1st Infantry, April 6, 1895.
290. William C. Bennett, February 11, 1899. Promoted 1st Lieutenant 12th Infantry, January 9, 1896.
291. Frank D. Webster, June 12, 1889. Transferred from 25th Infantry. Promoted First Lieutenant 20th Infantry, December 7, 1896.
292. Harry H. Bandholtz, June 12, 1890. Promoted First Lieutenant 24th Infantry, February 12, 1897.
293. Chas. DeL. Hine, June 12, 1891. Resigned August 5, 1895.
294. George C. Saffarrans, June 12, 1891. Promoted First Lieutenant 25th Infantry, March 10, 1898.
295. Palmer E. Pierce, July 16, 1891. Transferred from 9th Infantry. Promoted First Lieutenant 13th Infantry, March 23, 1898.
296. William H. Simons, October 7, 1891. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 26, 1898.

297. Willard E. Gleason, June 11, 1892. Promoted First Lieutenant, April 26, 1898.
298. Francis D. Ely, June 12, 1894. Transferred to 13th Infantry, September 10, 1895.
299. S. J. Bayard Schindel, June 12, 1894. Appointed Second Lieutenant Artillery, June 12, 1893. Transferred to 16th Infantry, February 25, 1895. Transferred to 6th Infantry, April 12, 1895. Appointed First Lieutenant 3d Infantry, April 26, 1898.
300. Matt R. Peterson, June 24, 1899. Transferred from 13th Infantry. Promoted First Lieutenant 7th Infantry, August 27, 1896.
301. Eli A. Helmick, August 5, 1888. From 4th Infantry, September 11, 1895. Transferred to 2d Infantry, December 2, 1895.
302. Dwight W. Ryther, November 6, 1895. Transferred from 2d Infantry, December 6, 1895. Appointed First Lieutenant, August 11, 1898.
303. Reuben S. Turman, March 23, 1896. Died, July 4, 1898, of wounds received in action at Battle of San Juan, Cuba.
304. Clarence N. Purdy, August 27, 1896. Promoted from A. S. L. 2d Infantry. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 5, 1898.
305. Houston V. Evans, June 12, 1896. Promoted First Lieutenant, December 28, 1898.
306. Louis N. Gross, March 2, 1897. Retired with rank of First Lieutenant, March 2, 1899. Disability resulting from wound received at Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July 1, 1898.
307. John Robertson, April 12, 1898. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 2, 1899.
308. James V. Heidt, April 12, 1898. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 2, 1899.
309. William F. Nesbitt, April 26, 1898. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 2, 1899.
310. Robert J. Maxey, April 26, 1898. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 2, 1899.
311. Frederick S. L. Price, July 9, 1898. Promoted First Lieutenant 14th Infantry, March 11, 1900.
312. Marshall Childs, July 9, 1898. Promoted First Lieutenant 12th Infantry, August 19, 1899.
313. J. Pierre Drouillard, September 9, 1898. Promoted First Lieutenant 1st Infantry, September 30, 1899.
314. Louis P. Schindel, September 9, 1898. Promoted First Lieutenant 1st Infantry, October 19, 1899.
315. Alexander Wetherill, September 9, 1898. Promoted First Lieutenant 13th Infantry, November 15, 1899.
316. Ephraim G. Peyton, February 15, 1899. Promoted First Lieutenant 18th Infantry, February 2, 1901.

317. Henry A. Hanigan, April 5, 1899. Promoted First Lieutenant, February 2, 1901.
318. George S. Richards, Jr., April 10, 1899. Promoted First Lieutenant 28th Infantry, February 2, 1901.
319. Israel Putnam, April 10, 1899. Transferred from 14th Infantry, April 28, 1899. Resigned November 2, 1900.
320. Howard G. Young, May 1, 1899. Promoted First Lieutenant, March 10, 1902.
321. Hugh K. Taylor, October 1, 1899. Transferred to Artillery Corps, May 7, 1901.
322. Sidney S. Burbank, October 1, 1899. Promoted First Lieutenant, July 31, 1902.
323. Frank A. Awl, December 1, 1899. Promoted First Lieutenant, September 24, 1901.
324. Davis C. Anderson, January 1, 1900. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 7, 1901.
325. FRANK S. BOWEN, June 13, 1900.
326. ELLIOT M. NORTON, July 25, 1900.
327. GEORGE W. ENGLAND, February 2, 1901. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 27, 1902.
328. Clyde B. Parker, February 2, 1901. Promoted First Lieutenant 26th Infantry, June 28, 1902.
329. Frank R. Curtis, February 2, 1901. Promoted First Lieutenant, October 27, 1902.
330. JOSEPH C. WILSON, February 2, 1901.
331. KIRWIN T. SMITH, February 2, 1901.
332. HENRY G. STAHL, February 2, 1901.
333. LEIGHTON POWELL, February 2, 1901.
334. CHARLES M. BLACKFORD, February 2, 1901.
335. DAVID A. SNYDER, February 2, 1901. Transferred from 30th Infantry, April 24, 1902.
336. JOHN R. MCGINNISS, June 12, 1902.
337. ROBERT J. WEST, October 17, 1902.
338. BOWERS DAVIS, November 17, 1902.

ADDITIONAL SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

1. Ariosto McCrimmen, June 15, 1877. Promoted 2d Lieutenant 13th Infantry, September 20, 1877.
2. Samuel A. Smoke, June 12, 1887. Promoted Second Lieutenant 18th Infantry, September 30, 1887.
3. Frank C. Bolles, June 12, 1896. Promoted 2d Lieutenant 18th Infantry, January 6, 1897.
4. Charles H. Bridges, June 11, 1897. Promoted 2d Lieutenant 22d Infantry, March 8, 1898.

THIRD LIEUTENANTS.

1. James Young, March, 1813. Promoted February, 1814.
2. John Sisk, March, 1813. Promoted March, 1814.
3. William Bezeau, March, 1813. Transferred to Artillery, August, 1813.
4. George Keyes, March, 1813. Promoted First Lieutenant, February, 1814.
5. John Harris, July, 1813. Promoted First Lieutenant, March, 1814.
6. Patrick Forde, July, 1813. Promoted Second Lieutenant, May, 1814.
7. Charles Rowan, July 19, 1813. Resigned February 1, 1814.
8. Walter Bicker, August, 1813. Promoted First Lieutenant, May, 1814.
9. John Wood, January, 1814. Promoted Second Lieutenant, May, 1814.
10. Henry Meyer, March, 1813. Promoted Second Lieutenant, March, 1814.
11. Edmund P. Bacon, May, 1814. By transfer from 20th Infantry, March, 1814. Promoted Second Lieutenant, July, 1814.
12. John Grayson, May, 1814. Promoted Second Lieutenant, June, 1814.
13. Waddy Bacon, May, 1814. Promoted Second Lieutenant, September, 1814.
14. Louis Collume, May, 1814. Promoted Second Lieutenant, September, 1814.
15. Crowell Sprague, May, 1814. Promoted Second Lieutenant, June, 1814.
16. Charles Tallman, May, 1814. Promoted Second Lieutenant, June, 1814.
17. Erastus Roberts, May, 1814. Promoted Second Lieutenant, June, 1814.

ENSIGNS.

1. Edward Webb, May 3, 1808. Promoted Second Lieutenant, February, 1809.
2. William Gamble, May 3, 1808. Resigned April 30, 1809.
3. Charles K. Gardner, May 3, 1808. Promoted Second Lieutenant, June, 1809.
4. Neil Shaw, May 3, 1808. Promoted Second Lieutenant, June, 1809.
5. Henry Shell, May 3, 1808. Promoted Second Lieutenant, September 1, 1809.
6. Jacob Linn, May 3, 1808. Promoted Second Lieutenant, October, 1809.
7. Jacob Heet, May 3, 1808. Promoted Second Lieutenant, October, 1809.
8. Asa Grimes, May 3, 1808. Resigned May 31, 1809.
9. John Reigart, January 25, 1809. Promoted Second Lieutenant, November, 1809.
10. William Burnett, January 3, 1812. Promoted Second Lieutenant, January 31, 1812.
11. Benjamin Brewer, January 3, 1812. Resigned March 23, 1812.
12. Henry Cooke, January 3, 1812. Promoted Second Lieutenant, March, 1812.

13. Thomas D. Jenkins, January 3, 1812. Promoted Second Lieutenant, January 3, 1812.
14. Robert J. McClellan, January 3, 1812. Promoted Second Lieutenant, October, 1812.
15. James McLean, January 13, 1812. Resigned February 1, 1813.
16. George W. Runck, January 3, 1812. Promoted Second Lieutenant, January 3, 1812.
17. Nathaniel Sherman, January 3, 1812. Promoted Second Lieutenant, October, 1812.
18. Henry B. Wendell, January 3, 1812. Promoted Second Lieutenant, January 3, 1812.
19. Isaac L. Dubois, May 1, 1812. Promoted Second Lieutenant, October, 1812.
20. Abraham Quackenbos, May 25, 1812. Promoted Second Lieutenant, April, 1813.
21. William B. Statts, December 22, 1812. Promoted Second Lieutenant, May, 1813.
22. Isaac Tucker, January 4, 1813. Resigned March 20, 1813.
23. Henry Barker, May 17, 1814. Promoted Second Lieutenant, September, 1814.
24. James Young, January 13, 1813. Promoted Third Lieutenant, March, 1813.
25. John Sisk, January 13, 1813. Promoted Third Lieutenant, March, 1813.
26. William Bezeau, January 19, 1813. Promoted Third Lieutenant, March, 1813.
27. Henry Meyer, January 22, 1813. Promoted Third Lieutenant, March, 1813.
28. Patrick Ford, May 20, 1813. Promoted Third Lieutenant, January, 1813.
29. Walter Bicker, July 29, 1813. Promoted Third Lieutenant, August, 1813.
30. John Wood, July 29, 1813. Promoted Third Lieutenant, January, 1814.
31. Edmund P. Bacon, July 29, 1813. Promoted Third Lieutenant, May, 1814.
32. John Grayson, October 27, 1813. Promoted Third Lieutenant, May, 1814.
33. Waddy Bacon, March 2, 1814. Promoted Third Lieutenant, May, 1814.
34. Louis Collume, March 2, 1814. Promoted Third Lieutenant, May, 1814.
35. Cowell Sprague, March 2, 1814. Promoted Third Lieutenant, May, 1814.
36. Charles Tallman, March 2, 1814. Promoted Third Lieutenant, May, 1814.
37. Erastus Roberts, March 2, 1814. Promoted Third Lieutenant, May, 1814.

ROSTER OF REGIMENT AT PRESENT TIME.

(February 28, 1903.)

OFFICERS.

Colonel—Charles W. Miner.
Lieut.-Colonel—Henry Wygant.
Major—Robert H. R. Loughborough
(3d Batt.).
Major — William W. Wotherspoon
(2nd Batt.).
Major—Charles G. Morton
(1st Batt.).
Chaplain—John A. Randolph.
Adjutant—Benjamin A. Poore.
Quartermaster — Wendell L. Simpson.
Commissary—S. J. Bayard Schindel.
Adj., 1st Batt.—Louis P. Schindel.
Adj., 2d Batt.—James B. Kemper.
Adj., 3d Batt.—Davis C. Anderson.
Q. M. and C. S., 1st Batt.—Frank S. Bowen.
Q. M. and C. S., 2d Batt.—Henry G. Stahl.
Q. M. and C. S., 3d Batt.—Elliot M. Norton.

COMPANY A.

Captain—Elmore F. Taggart.
1st Lieut.—Sidney S. Burbank.
2d Lieut.—Kerwin T. Smith.

COMPANY B.

Captain—William H. Simons.
1st Lieut.—Howard G. Young.
2d Lieut.—David H. Snyder.

COMPANY C.

Captain—Edwin T. Cole.
1st Lieut.—John H. Page, Jr.
2d Lieut.—Joseph C. Wilson.

COMPANY D.

Captain—Dwight W. Ryther.
1st Lieut.—Charles B. Clark.
2d Lieut.—(Vacancy).

COMPANY E.

Captain—(Vacancy).
1st Lieut.—Robert J. Maxey.
2d Lieut.—Bowers Davis.

COMPANY F.

Captain—Frank C. Bolles.
1st Lieut.—George R. Armstrong.
2d Lieut.—(Vacancy).

COMPANY G.

Captain—Omar Bundy.
1st Lieut.—Ernest H. Agnew.
2d Lieut.—(Vacancy).

COMPANY H.

Captain—Benjamin W. Atkinson.
1st Lieut.—William H. Plummer.
2d Lieut.—(Vacancy).

COMPANY I.

Captain—John H. Beacom.
1st Lieut.—Harry F. Dalton.
2d Lieut.—Robert J. West.

COMPANY K.

Captain—Lyman M. Welch.
1st Lieut.—George W. England.
2d Lieut.—Leighton Powell.

COMPANY L.

Captain—William K. Jones.
1st Lieut.—Frank R. Curtis.
2d Lieut.—Charles M. Blackford.

COMPANY M.

Captain—Edgar T. Collins.
1st Lieut.—John F. Wilkinson.
2d Lieut.—John R. McGinness.

NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF.

Regtl. Sgt.-Maj.—Joseph S. Schmidt.
Regtl. Q. M. Sgt.—Harry P. Willax.
Regtl. Com. Sgt.—Frederick Lind.

Color Sergt.—William W. Leggett.
 Color Sergt.—(Vacated by retirement of Geo. Cloutier).
 Batt. Sergt.-Maj. (1st Batt.)—John P. Stacke.
 Batt. Sergt.-Maj. (2d Batt.)—Lucien A. Beyris.
 Batt. Sergt.-Maj. (3d Batt.)—Elmer Canaday.

BAND.

Chief Musician—George H. Buchholz.
 Principal Musician—John S. Niev-
 ergelt.
 Drum Major—(Vacancy).

Sergeants—

Charles R. Bales.
 Martin Dusha.
 Alva Coultas.
 Frank L. Thomson.

Corporals—

Augustin Buhl.
 Arthur J. Houston.
 Charles C. Hillegass.
 James J. Donlevy.
 Felix Kinne.

Cook—

Charles H. Clark.

Privates—

Frank E. Beers.
 Ora B. Bowen.
 Charles W. Caldwell.
 Luther C. Douglas.
 George Goodpaster.
 James Green.
 Michael Greenblatt.
 Louis M. Leidy.
 Cleveland Lobdell.
 Homer T. Mitchell.
 Lafayette Printup.
 David B. Sell.
 John G. Stallard.
 William Wibrasky.

COMPANY A.

First Sergeant—

Paul A. Radhke.

Quartermaster Sergeant—
 Frederick Schneider.

Sergeants—

Charles L. Gothal.
 Charles W. Silvers.
 Arthur Whaley.
 Andrew Crichton.

Corporals—

Henry Cooper.
 Peter J. Moran.
 John R. Dearing.
 John W. Hilton.
 Charles L. Morton.

Cooks—

Jacob W. Smith.
 Ernst Roskowski.

Musicians—

Edward F. Bradley.
 Casper L. Opp.

Artificer—

James Denpy.

Privates—

Marion Adams.
 Otto S. Bedell.
 Frank S. Brindley.
 William E. Brown.
 William S. Brown.
 William C. Burdett.
 John H. Caloon.
 Robert E. Cantrill.
 Isaac N. Cardwell.
 Frank Carme.
 Charles S. Carpenter.
 Lamie Clement.
 William J. Coleman.
 Albert B. Clemmer.
 George A. Cox.
 John Cronin.
 Thomas Crawford.
 James Deignon.
 John J. Driscoll.
 Thomas H. Edwards.
 Frank B. Emory.
 John W. Everman.
 Robert B. Fissell.
 Terrence Fleming.
 George Gilbo.
 Tony Gostonski.
 John Hall.
 John S. Harman.

Harold N. Hallman.
 Joseph Harrop.
 William S. Herndon.
 Charles L. Holcomb.
 Edward F. Holmes.
 James Humphreys.
 Charles D. Loudenslager.
 Louis McDaniel.
 David A. Maloney.
 William A. Moore.
 Otho L. Pardo.
 Jehue F. Poplin.
 Francis X. Seifert.
 John B. Snyder.
 Erbey Thomas.
 Elmer N. Warren.
 Richard Tandler.

COMPANY B.

First Sergeant—

William J. Ayers.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Charles Hardy.

Sergeants—

Charles H. Ingram.
 Harry Clyatt.
 Eugene F. Briere.
 Peter Galvin.

Corporals—

Charles C. Smith.
 John S. Weadon.
 John F. Wallan.
 Rufus Troxel.
 Hensley G. Harris.
 Martin Bridgewater.

Musicians—

Edward H. Rant.
 Franklin Williams.

Cooks—

Hervey Truss.
 Frank Overstreet.

Artificer—

Edward Lewis.

Privates—

George Adkins.
 William Albright.

John D. Anderson.
 Roy E. Arnold.
 Albert W. Barnes.
 Frederick G. Bethune.
 George Bird.
 Walter J. Bowers.
 William D. Bradley.
 Charles Brehm.
 John Brennan.
 Carver Brown.
 Joseph L. Brunner.
 Samuel Carr.
 William Clark.
 Peter Cominsky.
 Alton Cousino.
 Dorsey B. Croy.
 James R. Dison.
 Lee Duvall.
 Frank Fike.
 Charles H. Fulton.
 Elkins S. Johnson.
 Jasper B. Killgore.
 George T. King.
 Charles A. Lamb.
 Louis P. Larson.
 Harry D. Louis.
 Robert Maguire.
 Abraham W. Martin.
 Benj. F. McGill.
 Hans Olafson.
 Chester A. Pearson.
 Jesse H. Perkins.
 Louis C. H. Perlick.
 Charles J. Pfeiffer.
 Ruliff Rees.
 Rufus R. Rogers.
 George L. Rowe.
 Frank Schroder.
 Milton Shields.
 Fred O. Shipton.
 Ransford Squires.
 William B. Swain.
 William H. Thomas.
 Harry Ungar.

COMPANY C.

First Sergeant—

Walter T. F. Johnson.

Quartermaster Sergeants—

George A. Westover.
 Bernhard G. Tcepel.

Sergeants—

Edwin A. Yambert.
Hans Hanson.
Ernest H. Young.

McCallester, Joseph L.
Newman, Carol H.
Perryman, William M.
Ratajczak, Thomas.
Rowoholt, Barney.
Tindle, William.
Twomey, John T.
Shelton, John.
Smith, Charles R.
Smith, Edward.
Seright, Dilver.
Spohn, August M.
Van Tien, Henry A.
Wagar, George.
Warnke, John.
Watson, Asa E.
Welf, John W.

Corporals—

Eugene B. Allen.
James M. Kavanaugh.
Ross M. Armstrong.
Morris J. Wrabel.
Louis A. Saylor.
Clarence F. Smith.
William H. Hall.
Charles W. Zimmerli.
Harry Davis.
Denna G. Smith.

Cooks—

Joseph Baeyrle.
Theodore Dennis.

COMPANY D.

First Sergeant—

Henry S. Sullivan.

Artificer—

Peter A. Van Tien.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Henry Wilson.

Musicians—

William A. Thompson.

Sergeants—

John J. Buehrle.
Walter R. Childs.
Thomas C. Fain.

Privates—

Aldridge, Joseph A.
Andrews, James.
Barron, Wayman.
Beard, Will P.
Blanton, Benton T.
Blauvelt, Walter H.
Burk, James.
Carr, John.
Carr, Louis E.
Campbell, Preston A.
Chappell, Thomas.
Christian, Francis.
Christensen, Harold.
Coffield, Charles.
Clark, Joseph M.
Cundiff, Orie M.
Cramer, Morris.
De Lion, George M.
Gill, Edward.
Hargis, George T.
Ivcry, John.
Jenson, Nels P.
Knight, Roland J.
Mallonee, Frank C.

Corporals—

Charles P. Norman.
William H. Medford.
Henry M. Bridwell.
Calvin E. Lapham.

Cooks—

Alfred O. Salmon.
John T. Hancock.

Musicians—

Benjamin F. Davies.
John A. Toney.

Artificer—

John Brown.

Privates—

Samuel Adams.
William E. Allen.
Jess P. Ashurst.
Alford E. Brown.
John Brown.
Elbert P. Breeding.
John Bryan.
William Carroll.

James P. Carver.
 William Casey.
 Lewis E. Cray.
 Estle David.
 Walter Dickinson.
 Harry P. Douglass.
 Robert L. Field.
 Francis Gavan.
 Michael Hartzel.
 Frank Holt.
 Dean Humphries.
 Charles H. Kayner.
 Charles A. Lane.
 James Melton.
 William G. Miller.
 Jacob Miller.
 John P. Mohr.
 William J. O'Neal.
 Resolve P. Palmer.
 Albert Perry.
 George E. Prichard.
 Raleigh R. Rhodes.
 James W. Riley.
 John M. Ring.
 Reuben L. Roehm.
 George M. Sharp.
 William C. Sievers.
 Elmer Skaggs.
 William E. Slimp.
 Banks Smith.
 Farmer T. Smith.
 John Smith.
 John G. Speck.
 William J. Strouse.
 Patrick H. Sullivan.
 Chaley C. Thomas.
 Ralph E. Towle.
 Perry C. Van Zant.
 Alonzo C. Wheeler.
 James L. Williston.

COMPANY E.

First Sergeant—

Henry Kline.

Sergeants—

George Cook.
 Oliver W. Scott.
 James Tull.
 Samuel T. Cooper.

Quartermaster Sergeants—

George Smith.
 Clarence Marcy.

Corporals—

Harry Pitts.
 Hans Hanson.
 Jesse L. Wafford.
 Arthur W. Frossard.
 John R. Vickery.
 Thomas Kingsley.

Musicians—

Robert J. Watson.
 Grant Morris.

Cooks—

Otto E. Stewart.
 Joseph H. Lydens.

Artificer—

Henry F. Kohl.

Privates—

Arnold, Harry B.
 Ausbrook, James F.
 Beattie, Robert.
 Bennett, Ora.
 Bomar, Berry.
 Brewer, William.
 Briers, Thomas W.
 Centers, Charles L.
 Curry, Mitchel R.
 Cushing, Frank.
 Denny, Frank.
 Edwards, Thomas E.
 Egbers, George.
 Ferrin, Floyd C.
 Ford, Herbert L.
 Fordyce, Bliss P.
 Goad, Thomas H.
 Hartman, Henry.
 Hensley, Merida.
 Jent, Thomas.
 Kelly, Joseph A.
 Kress, Manfred.
 Martin, Thomas.
 Miller, Frank.
 Moore, Thomas G.
 Nelson, Omer L.
 Newton, Ellis J.

Nosek, Leonard J.
 Pendleton, Fred C.
 Posner, Traugott A.
 Pruitt, John W.
 Seitz, Andrew.
 Shelton, Watson.
 Sherman, Adam J.
 Stewart, Claude L.
 Stone, Everett D.
 Teufel, Andrew M.
 Thayer, Guy E.
 Van Zant, Gerrie.
 Veiherr, Joseph.
 White, Thomas R.
 Weaver, Harvey.
 Wilson, Luther.
 Worden, Jay A.
 Young, Jesse M.

COMPANY F.

First Sergeant—

Lonnie E. De Loach.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

John P. Lewis.

Sergeants—

William A. Hyers, Jr.
 Archie Bell.
 George H. Knight.
 Charles Melvin.
 Harry C. Poole.

Corporals—

Jesse P. Smyly.
 Thomas V. Morris.
 Harry K. Guild.
 William S. Faircloth.
 William H. Senior.
 John C. Gillespie.
 Joseph E. Levis.
 Benjamin F. Warren.

Cooks—

William F. Williams.
 Philip McGrath.

Musicians—

Sam Unfried.
 Wesley B. Hensley.

Artificer—

Clarence E. Sharp.

Privates—

Bunnerlight, Frederick.
 Burdick, Barnard.
 Butler, Harry H.
 Chambers, Harley C.
 Colley, Ernest J.
 Collins, John J.
 Dixon, Charlie E.
 Dominick, John E.
 Driggers, Jesse I.
 Fetro, Ira.
 Forsyth, Mancil.
 Gamler, Albert M.
 Gorham, George.
 Gorney, John.
 Hall, Wesley B.
 Hibbs, George.
 Howard, Lee.
 Johnson, William J.
 Johnson, William P.
 Jones, James O.
 Jones, James.
 Klimes, Frank L.
 Knox, Joseph A.
 Lamkin, Albert W.
 Legg, Marcus G.
 Lott, Alton.
 Lycan, Sartain.
 McBride, Joseph A.
 McCain, John E.
 McFadden, Dan.
 McPheron, George D.
 Owens, Mose G.
 Rice, Irwin E.
 Richards, Thomas N.
 Robinson, Louis P.
 Schell, Frank.
 Strobridge, Harvey J.
 Winburn, John V.
 Wooton, Richard G.

COMPANY G.

First Sergeant—

George W. Gledhill.

Quartermaster Sergeant—
 Raymond Henninger.*Sergeants—*

Thomas P. Duggan.
 Walther Hagedorn.
 James Buchanan.

Robert T. Young.
Warner P. Scarborough.
John Fardy.

Corporals—

Harold C. Henry.
Ben H. Smith.
George Smart.
Frederick Linton.
Samuel E. Fitzgerald.
Bert G. Lants.
Edward Thomas.
James Delaney.

Musicians—

John W. Hogan.
Joseph C. Bechtold.

Cooks—

August J. Ladreyt.
John J. F. McCormick.

Artificer—

Frederick W. Nitzsky.

Privates—

Brommer, Benjamin.
Burt, Howard O.
Chapman, Robert H.
Clapp, Albert M.
Cowan, John M.
Cromah, Frank.
Eason, William.
Enderlin, Joseph.
Etchison, John A.
Friel, Hugh.
Goodwin, Henry H.
Halderman, John G.
Jennings, John A.
Jones, Claude.
Kelly, William.
Koehler, George.
Kumph, Edward.
Lamphere, Claud L.
Mansfield, Edward M.
Matus, Anthony.
May, Jacob S.
McGee, James T.
Merideth, Calender.
Merrell, George.
Moras, John.
Moore, Perry.
Myers, Charles A.

Niece, Walter J.
Noble, Fred E.
Oswald, Edward.
Price, Benjamin L.
Pope, Vastor.
Ross, James R.
Steward, Edward B.
Taylor, Donald N.
Teeter, Artie.
Topham, Joseph L.
Welch, James.
Wells, Albert B.
Williams, Emil F.
Williamson, Albert.
Woods, —.

COMPANY H.

First Sergeant—

Orville Jackson.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

John McWilliams.

Sergents—

Charles Helle.
Michael Gleason.
Herman Stoll.
Ernst Witte.
Edward Burns.
Jordan F. Parker.

Corporals—

Anthony L. Schiminsky.
Clate Wilson.
Jacob Auckerman.
Edward Storm.

Cooks—

Lawrence Nigg.
Charles Lang.

Musicians—

Jerome Brindel.
Hector Barlow.

Artificer—

Philip Allen.

Privates—

Bach, Nicolas C.
Barth, Peter.
Beam, Fred W.
Bidwell, William L.
Bundy, David A.

Burns, James.
 Bush, Frank E.
 Campbell, Joseph.
 Carnes, Ernest.
 Closuit, Gustav.
 Carnell, Sidney V.
 Fairchild, William.
 Fox, Thomas J.
 Funke, August.
 Glass, Roy E.
 Gordon George F.
 Gordon, Elmer E.
 Hedges, Russell.
 Ingram, Albert H.
 Janesky, August.
 Jenkins, William B.
 Johnson, Virgil.
 Joplin, Samuel B.
 Kohn, Theodore.
 Larson, Charles J.
 Lewis, Luke R.
 Longanecher, Ira.
 Marshall, Clarence E.
 Mayfield, Charles R.
 McElwee, Owen.
 McWilliams, William H.
 Merritt, Edward L.
 Miller, Robert.
 Miller, Henry.
 Nagele, Eugene.
 Phulphs, Robert.
 Powell, John.
 Rader, Herbert.
 Reese, Mullard J.
 Schiminsky, Michael A.
 Smith, John E.
 Stribel, Hugo.
 West, Alfred.

COMPANY I.

First Sergeant—

Thomas K. McClane.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Henry G. Wright.

Sergeants—

Patrick Casey.
 Edward Egan.
 Joseph L. Bland.
 William Rayworth.

Adam Lepphardt.
 Garret J. Maher.

Corporals—

George Bess.
 Henry S. Hines.
 Jesse O. Voyles.
 John Ehrmann.
 Albert Grocott.
 Moses F. Mitchell.

Cooks—

John I. Turnham.
 David G. Hillman.

Musician—

Francis L. Stanford.

Artificer—

Charles Severine.

Privates—

Anderson, Gust. A.
 Bendzus, August C.
 Beckwith, George.
 Brindley, Daniel.
 Bland, David O.
 Bogart, David H.
 Brobst, Milton G.
 Cox, William J.
 Cochran, Charles A.
 Clark, George.
 Dugan, Mark F.
 Dickinson, Clement.
 Depompa, Nicola.
 Darley, William.
 Ellis, Robert.
 Friedeck, William A.
 Fleming, Frank L.
 Gibbs, Nathaniel.
 Hickey, Joseph H.
 Henry, George E.
 Harley, Benjamin.
 Jordon, Cal. D.
 Kissinger, Edgar.
 Kelch, Joseph E.
 McKinney, William.
 McTier, Thomas A.
 Marple, Charles T.
 McCrossin, Thomas.
 Owen, Walter C.
 Page, Walter E.

Pollock, Samuel F.
 Smith, Herman F.
 Schiffcar, John.
 Stangier, Thomas J.
 Stanley, Arthur W.
 Sowders, Martin L.
 Thurman, Edward D.
 Turner, Julius R.
 Windel, Adolph H.
 Williams, Emerick.
 Wolfe, Louis H.
 Worden, Howard W.
 Wolf, James.

COMPANY K.

First Sergeant—

John O. Lackey.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

James Hudson.

Sergeants—

Robert A. Montague.
 Denis, Guiney.
 Ollie Lofferior.
 Edwin W. Morgan.

Corporals—

Ruby P. King.
 George H. Moore.
 Clarence L. De Hart.
 Thomas M. Canfield.
 William C. Heinecke.

Cooks—

James J. White.
 John B. Gulley.

Musicians—

Hiram A. Edwards.
 Peter L. Zickgraf.

Artificer—

Jonas B. Jacobs.

Privates—

Barnett, Steven.
 Bell, Homer J.
 Breakfield, Homer E.
 Britt, John F.
 Campbell, John H.
 Charkowski, Leo.
 Crosby, William T.

Davis, Sidney H.
 Doherty, Daniel.
 Ferstle, Andrew.
 Gardner, Ransom.
 Goodman, William J.
 Hack, William H.
 Hill, William R.
 Hoar, Isaiah.
 Inklebarger, Samuel.
 Jorgenson, Christian L.
 Kelley, Thomas.
 Lynch, Peter.
 McJenn, Henry.
 O'Brien, Frank.
 Patten, Harry C.
 Peixotto, Irving R.
 Pepper, Thomas E.
 Pranger, Paul.
 Reese, George G.
 Robertson, John H.
 Sayers, John J.
 Seeley, Edward.
 Shelton, Lewis A.
 Sheridan, Michael.
 Smith, James R.
 Snyder, Geo. W.
 Sowers, Harry F.
 Spradlin, Robert L.
 Stevens, John F.
 Stewart, Fred C.
 Suttles, Daniel J.
 Texter, Frank H.
 Traub, Lewis P.
 Tripp, Fred L.
 Walters, Frank.
 White, Charles G.
 Whitney, Bert.
 Witter, Erwin H.
 Woodson, William B.

COMPANY L.

First Sergeant—

Ralph G. Craven.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

David H. Brown.

Sergeants—

Wilson Foster.
 Edwin Hart.

Jack Dublin.
John F. Warth.
George Geschwind.
Samuel W. Hawkins.

Corporals—

John P. Lancy.
Ægidius E. Abel.
William F. Howard.
Elmer R. McCagg.
Charles A. Shields.
Samuel Frey.
William H. Kochersperger.
Charles F. Turner.

Cooks—

James Isham.
John Wenzel.

Artificer—

John Mortensen.

Privates—

Thomas L. Baldwin.
Other M. Barton.
James Burcham.
Charles A. Butler.
Robert W. Cain.
Abe Charen.
George W. Clark.
Jasper O. Craig.
Orlo W. Dallas.
Dennie Dixon.
Osborn T. Earles.
George H. Fisher.
Alfred J. Gates.
Mark Green.
Edward P. Garrigan.
Byron D. Griffith.
Joseph J. Gause.
Lewis A. Hammond.
John H. Herzog.
John J. Hiland.
John R. Jordan.
George M. Ketchabaw.
George Leavitt.
Herman L. Liston.
Cleveland Lobdell.
James L. Majors.
James W. May.
Ervie Miller.
George Nimmo.
James E. Price.

William J. Pusey.
Jefferson M. Rector.
Bruce W. Sebaugh.
Thomas J. Sheftall.
Bert M. Shoemaker.
Dudley T. Smith.
George J. Stine.
Albert H. Troupe.
Curtis Vandever.
Joseph E. Webster.
Charles B. Werner.
William C. Wiles.

COMPANY M.

First Sergeant—

Henry C. Wreidt.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Herman E. Schnippel.

Sergeants—

John W. Knox.
Eddie L. Mott.
John C. Reed.
John H. Meacham.

Corporals—

Rufus Brown.
Frank H. Kenney.
William Graf.
John McNeil.
Fred Gibelling.
John W. Denbo.

Cooks—

Edward P. Coffey.
Henry C. Koch.

Musicians—

William Curll.
Samuel A. Wells.

Privates—

Anderson, Anton.
Armour, Charles.
Bishop, William I.
Coleman, Tillman E.
Condit, Bert M.
Cramton, Lester.
Dudney Murray J.
Dunn, Michael.
Gleason, John M.

Grotenhoff, George.
 Gustafson, Gustaf A.
 Hampton, Homer H.
 Hardy, William.
 Hatcher, Benjamin C.
 Hinkel, Robert A.
 Holstead, Willis S.
 Jackson, Sidney J.
 Jenner, John.
 Keck, Edward.
 Leckey, Oscar L.
 Lovell, John W.
 McNally, John C.
 Milne, William.
 Murray, William.
 Myers, Demcey.
 Nagle, Arthur.
 Odom, Fred M.

Parsons, Henry J.
 Reardon, James.
 Schneble, Frederick.
 Shannon, William.
 Smith, Harry.
 Strus, Louis F.
 Taylor, Thomas.
 Thompson, Fred.
 Tomberlin, George F.
 Vanzant, Burt N.
 Vorderman, Charles E.
 Watkins, Clarence O.
 Weiss, George W.
 Welsh, Thomas F.
 Wilt, George.
 Wood, Lee V.
 Wycoff, Oscar.
 Young, Isham N.

CUBAN ROSTERS AND MEMORIALS.

ROSTER OF OFFICERS, JULY 1, 1898.

Note.—Names marked (*) denote officers who were in Cuba.

Colonel—Melville A. Cochran. Absent waiting retirement since June 6, 1898.

Lieutenant - Colonel — H. C. Egbert.* Commanding regiment from May 27 to July 1, 1898.

Major—C. W. Miner.* Commanding Second Battalion.

Adjutant—W. C. Bennett.*

Quartermaster—B. W. Atkinson.*

A.

Captain—A. M. Wetherill.*

First Lieutenant—E. T. Cole.*

B.

Captain—R. B. Turner.*

First Lieutenant—H. J. Hunt.*

Second Lieutenant—W. E. Gleason.*

C.

Captain—G. B. Walker.*

First Lieutenant—J. G. Ord.*

Second Lieutenant—L. H. Gross.*

D.

Captain—Z. W. Torrey.*

First Lieutenant—H. R. Lee.

Second Lieutenant—C. N. Purdy.*

E.

Captain—C. G. Penney.

First Lieutenant—B. A. Poore.

Second Lieutenant—W. H. Simons.*

F.

Captain—Charles Byrne.*

First Lieutenant—E. F. Taggart.*

Second Lieutenant—R. J. Turman.*

G.

Captain—W. H. H. Crowell.*
 First Lieutenant—W. K. Jones.*
 Second Lieutenant—John. Robert-
 son.*

H.

Captain—B. A. Byrne.*
 First Lieutenant—C. L. Beckurts.*
 Second Lieutenant—S. J. B. Schin-
 del.*

I.

Captain—L. V. W. Kenron.*

First Lieutenant—E. R. Chrisman.*
 Second Lieutenant—D. W. Ryther.*

K.

Captain—C. G. Morton.
 First Lieutenant—M. R. Peterson.
 Second Lieutenant—J. V. Heidt.*

L.

Second Lieutenant—W. F. Nesbitt.*

M.

Second Lieutenant—E. N. Bench-
 ley.*
 Second Lieutenant—R. J. Maxey.*

Roll of Honor.

OFFICERS.

CAPTAIN ALEX M. WETHERILL,
 killed in action July 1, at Battle
 of San Juan, Cuba.

FIRST LIEUTENANT JULES G.
 ORD, killed in action July 1,
 1898, at Battle of San Juan,
 Cuba.

SECOND LIEUTENANT R. S. TUR-
 MAN, mortally wounded July 1,
 1898, at Battle of San Juan,
 Cuba. Died of wounds July 4.

SECOND LIEUTENANT E. N.
 BENCHLEY, killed in action at
 Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July
 1, 1898.

LIST OF WOUNDED.

OFFICERS.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL HARRY C. EGBERT, at Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July 1, 1898.	
CAPTAIN GEORGE B. WALKER, at Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July 1, 1898.	SECOND LIEUTENANT LOUIS H. GROSS, at Battle of San Juan, July 1, 1898.
CAPTAIN ZERAH W. TORREY, at Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July 1, 1898.	SECOND LIEUTENANT WILLIAM H. SIMONS, at Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July 1, 1898.
SECOND LIEUTENANT CLARENCE N. PURDY, at Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July 1, 1898.	SECOND LIEUTENANT JOHN ROBERTSON, at Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July 1, 1898.

NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF AND BAND.

MEN WHO EMBARKED FOR CUBA.

Regimental Sergeant - Major — Charles H. Devereaux.	Dickon, Herman E. Gross, Adolph. House, Joseph V. Kennedy, William E. Kinne, Felix. Marti, John. Melton, Henry A. O'Rourke, Michael. Smith, Charles G. Smith, Pearl. Seiwert Joseph. Stasiowski, Joseph. Stephens, William J. Woelffel, Frank A. Collier, James J.
Regimental Quartermaster - Sergeant—Lewis R. Taft.	
Chief Musician—Ludwig Kinne.	
Principal Musician—James Smith.	
Principal Musician — Clement L. Hackleman.	
<i>Privates—</i>	
Anderson, Nels.	
Buechner, William.	
Burck, Theodore.	
Chance, Luroy.	

LIST OF WOUNDED.

PRIVATE PEARL SMITH, at Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July 1, 1898, while bearing wounded to rear.	PRIVATE JOSEPH STASIOWSKI, at Battle of San Juan, Cuba, July 1, 1898, while bearing wounded to rear.
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COMPANY A.

First Sergeant—

Harold M. Hallman.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

John Meyer.

Sergeants—

Daniel Moore.

John Lenahan.

Henry H. Belden.

Corporals—

Dennis Guiney.

Frank Chezanski.

Patrick Carroll.

Dennis Murphy.

Henry J. Pinchon.

Musicians—

John A. Petrie.

Edward D. White.

Artificer—

Lorenzo F. Gardiner.

Wagoner—

John H. Kerns.

Privates—

Ansmus, Daniel.

Blazer, John G.

Braithwaite, Wm.

Barlag, Joseph.

Bone, Jesse W.

Brown, Geo. S.

Burns, Henry M.

Burns, Patrick.

Cavert, John P.

Conway, James.

Colthar, Wm. H.

Graffen, Frank.

Greer, John L.

Harm, William.

Hefke, Rudolf.

Jones, Frank E.

Lane, Thos.

Manning, James.

Michaux, Chas. E.

McCormick, Michael.

Montague, Robt. A.

Norris, Roy C.

Pryor, John C.

Roberts, Henry.

Roberts, Park.

Rose, Wm. M.

Rottern, Chas.

Sandwick, Chris.

Schomm, William.

Schiebelnutte, Henry.

Schrag, Wm. H.

Stevens, Geo.

Stokes, Wm. A.

Sullivan, Joseph.

Taulbee, Western C.

Waleur, James A.

Werner, Alexander.

West, John B.

Wright, Warren E.

COMPANY B.

First Sergeant—

Thomas Farrell.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Edward T. Courtney.

Sergeants—

James McCredie.

James J. Gardner.

Fred Starkey.

William H. Illingworth.

Corporals—

Oliver W. Williams.

John McConville.

William Marshall.

Jack Doublin.

Oliver Coultas.

Wm. A. Laccoppidan.

Artificer—

Celora Gerard.

Wagoner—

Geo. Korber.

Privates—

Bass, John.

Blackburn, Sanford.

Bledsoe, Joseph A.

Brannock, John E.

Brown, George Z.

Caldwell, Harvey E.

Colvin, Theodore P.

Conrey, Robt. L.

Conway, Matthew J.

Doan, John H.

Dolan, Chas.

Egan, William V.

Fogle, Robt. L.

Forbes, John F.

Goddard, Evander C.

Goehrig, Jacob.

Gray, Dalbert.
 Grinstead, William.
 Hartfiel, Ray.
 Hemphill, William.
 Hemphill, Geo.
 Hollars, John M.
 Hughey, Robt. F.
 Huninghake, John.
 Ingram, Chas. H.
 Ison, James N.
 Jackson, Orville.
 Justice, Demalien.
 Law, Frank.
 Long, Matthew J.
 Lynch, Arthur.
 McGuinness, Francis.
 McCue, William.
 Miller, Andrew A.
 Moore, Buse H.
 Moore, Chas. F.
 Nail, Harry B.
 Norman, Chas. L.
 Reed, John H.
 Reed, Geo. J.
 Romine, Walter.
 Sager, George.
 Schuch, Frank.
 Simpson, Morgan.
 Smith, Theodore F.
 Thorn, Charles.
 Turney, Joseph.
 Wells, Louis P.
 West, William I.
 Westover, Geo. A.

COMPANY C.

First Sergeant—

John Murray.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Frank Abel.

Sergeants—

W. P. Phillips.
 Lorenzo H. Farge.
 John Wodecker.
 J. E. Brink.

Corporals—

F. S. Wygant.
 D. A. Pulson.
 Lawrence J. Butterfield.
 Alonzo Carroll.

Dudley Ockendon.
 Francis Christian.

Musician—

Ralph Howard.

Artificer—

Charles Eiker.

Wagoner—

John E. Nelson.

Privates—

Apitz, W.
 Baith, Edward.
 Beck, M.
 Beiler, O. F.
 Brown, D. C.
 Blirsch, A.
 Coburn, Joe F.
 Connelly, Philip.
 Cronin, Patrick.
 Davis, Caz. F.
 Fordyce, Charles.
 Franklin, Charles.
 Gardner, Robt. W.
 Gordon, Patrick.
 Greenfield, Clem.
 Hedt, W. J.
 Heigoldt, H.
 Hosch, Joseph.
 Hewling, J. J.
 Eisnen, James.
 Jacobs, Luther.
 Judd, Bruce W.
 Klue, Edward.
 Kortey, John.
 Kruger, Charles.
 Tiles, Richard P.
 Maier, John.
 Manth, Sebastian.
 Miller, William C.
 Miller, W. H.
 Morg, Herman.
 Munson, Winfred.
 McCool, Charles.
 Puillette, Ferdinand.
 Seder, Lewis.
 Sulk, John.
 Shellato, Samuel G.
 Smith, L. E.
 Soward, Homer W.
 Stratton, J. E.
 Thompson, Charles.
 Willis, Edward G.
 Wolfe, Lewis.

COMPANY D.

First Sergeant—

Alexander Wyley.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

John Arnold.

Sergeants—Christian Reiff.
William J. Schuck.
George Dang.
John Wunder.*Corporals*—Dail C. Lytle.
Fred Stranger.
Albert C. Wyslong.
Geo. W. Orwick.
Charles Noll.
Carl F. Meyar.
Chas. H. Campbell.
Zillia Jenkins.*Artificer*—

John Egan.

Wagoner—

Ammon R. Begley.

Musicians—Chas. H. Jenkins.
Joseph Best.*Privates*—Algor, Geo. B.
Beal, Alveno A.
Begley, Dillman.
Bodecker, Ernest.
Bodecker, William.
Braunwart, Frank.
Brown, John.
Brown, David H.
Buehele, John J.
Callahan, John R.
Camphaus, Barney.
Dantaz, Robt. C.
Fryden, Fred R.
Dryden, Porter.
Fagans, David W.
Feltz, William J.
Fox, Edward.
Gilson, Olin.
Grant, Alexander M.
Hackworth, William.
Horace, Joseph L.Hill, Frank E.
Hollandbeck, Albert.
Holt, Frank.
Huston, William L.
Kelley, Dennis P.
Laundauer, Albert F. C.
Lapham, Calvin E.
Laniess, William.
Mardes, Lewis.
McCall, John J.
McKenna, Michael.
Meyers, Willard.
Morrisey, Thomas.
Meyers, Eugene.
Nelson, Nimrod.
Noonan, Thomas.
O'Brien, Robert L.
Parker, Edward.
Patrick, Dennis P.
Pemberton, Cullen W. S.
Phillips, William C.
Price, George.
Renecker, Jacob R.
Roe, Dalton.
Seeth, Albert.
Squires, John H.
Sutton, Lewis.
Saylor, Arten G.
Westfalanger, Harry.
Williams, Alvia.

COMPANY E.

First Sergeant—

Joseph Bennett.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Henry Kline.

Sergeants—Theodore Jamison.
James M. Irvin.
William C. Cooper.*Corporals*—Patrick Flaherty.
Sidney C. Gilles.
John P. Manly.
George Cook.
Joseph Duschle.
Granville W. Buckland.*Musician*—

Henry Allen.

Artificer—

John H. Cisler.

Wagoner—

Harry B. Evans.

Privates—

Anderson, David S.
 Baysore, Harry H.
 Bechelheimer, Algeron.
 Blake, William.
 Bradford, Logan B.
 Breese, Robt. H.
 Byrd, James F.
 Cogan, John T.
 Connaughton, Michael C.
 Converse, Lewellyn H.
 Conway, John.
 Everett, Abe L.
 Flynn, Jeremiah.
 Flyn, John.
 Gordy, Arthur C.
 Gump, Jefferson.
 Harrison, Edward.
 Haas, Rubert.
 Herrin, Chas. C.
 Hackenberry, Harry M.
 Horn, Charlie H.
 Hurt, James C.
 Jeffries, John.
 Kinzle, August.
 Ladyhoof, Henry A.
 Manning, Mont.
 McGuire, Harvey.
 Procter, Geo. W.
 Muckridge, Chas. C.
 Pangburn, Warren J.
 Pepper, John J.
 Pugh, L. E.
 Ryle, John.
 Sampson, Wm. F.
 Stead, James.
 Taphorn, William.
 Templin, Walter T.
 Wagner, Elvin H.
 Waters, Thomas.
 West, Frank B.
 West, Loranza D.
 Wilson, John H.
 Wilson, Louis J.
 Wyper, David.
 Zeigler, Emanuel.
 Begley, Leander.
 Campbell, Zechariah B.
 Pereira, Willard A.

COMPANY F.

First Sergeant—

Dick Carter.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Charles Crisler.

Sergeants—

John A. Bade.
 Holger C. Keime.
 John D. Tanner.

Corporals—

John Burman.
 William H. Miller.
 Edward F. Moore.
 William C. Lynch.
 Edward Fairchild.
 Charles P. Kilkarry.

Musicians—

Charles A. Hayden.
 Herman Hulswitt.

Artificer—

Geo. Kochlar.

Wagoner—

Jacob Auckerman.

Privates—

Addison, Richard.
 Bias, Joseph H.
 Bradford, Henry T.
 Bratton, Joseph.
 Carter, Doctor Fink.
 Craycraft, Jerry.
 Conlin, William.
 Dempsey, George.
 Devena, William A.
 Donagan, Edward.
 Dorsley, William.
 Eaton, Nathaniel R.
 Edwards, Henry.
 Erwin, Valerious W.
 Evans, William.
 Farris, Benjamin S.
 Friel, Thomas.
 Furrow, Edward O.
 Gerwin, Barnard.
 Goodwin, Joseph M.
 Hart, William.
 Helser, John J.
 Hobbs, Frank D.
 Hoff, Raymond.
 Holder, Luther M.
 Hottel, Jesse A.

Hughes, William.
 Hunt, Byron.
 Hunter, Jefferson P.
 Ketchurn, Bert L.
 Kleindeinst, Frank.
 Krause, Paul F.
 Lambert, Walter.
 Levitt, James A.
 Markley, Frank T.
 Markley, John B.
 Martin, Jesse S.
 Martt, Joseph.
 McGuire, Ambrose M.
 McIlroy, James R.
 McManermon, William.
 Murphy, Martin F.
 Nichols, Edgar.
 Nicolaz, Herman.
 Niemeyer, Harry.
 Osbourne, Henry D.
 Parsons, John E.
 Peixotto, Irving R.
 Reno, Edward L.
 Roenker, Joseph J.
 Schmidt, Charles.
 Stath, Louis.
 Straube, Fred D.
 Taylor, Vernon H.
 Nanvalkenburg, Bert.
 Wakefield, Welburn.
 Wardlow, Ore E.
 Welch, Lamar.
 Wise, Harold, A.
 Young, Thomas.
 Young, William.
 Burdick, Barnard.
 Preston, Edwin L.
 Thur, Frederick.

COMPANY G.

First Sergeant—

Charles Sandstrom.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Geo. W. Gledhill.

Sergeants—

Isaac Green.
 Tobias Wonder.
 Thomas H. Gray.

Corporals—

William E. Bennett.
 John N. Shephard.

Nathan Colgate.
 Charles Wiles.
 Walter Cox.
 Albert W. Wells.

Artificer—

Christian C. Mahlman.

Privates—

Allard, Frank G.
 Baxley, Hampson.
 Brennan, John C.
 Campbell, Wm. D.
 Collins, Thomas F.
 Curran, John S.
 Eck, Edward.
 Edward, Thomas.
 Everidge, Joseph.
 Fetty, Henry.
 Fessenden, Frank R.
 Fleming, Farrence.
 Godshaw, Henry.
 Herron, William J.
 Hinkle William F.
 Hitchner, Geo. H.
 Holzencamp, Edward.
 Howard, Charles.
 Hoyle, Joseph W.
 Horsely, Edward E.
 Hussey, Peter.
 Irwin, Perry F.
 Jennings, Paul.
 Lammers, Henry.
 Light, Augustus.
 Marlow, Jonathan L.
 McDaniel, Wilbur A.
 McKay, James.
 McKinsey, Claud.
 Myers, Andrew.
 Miller, Jacob L.
 Morton, Jacob.
 Mundy, Greeley.
 O'Leary, John.
 Oskey, Ora.
 Pfeiffer, Julius.
 Rosser, James L.
 Rowland, George.
 Schweitzer, C. Frederick.
 Sprigg, Henry B.
 Stuart, Robt.
 Weghurst, Henry G.
 Whittington, John.
 Woods, James.
 Zimmerman, Robert.

COMPANY H.

First Sergeant—

William J. Browne.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Houston B. Parrott.

Sergeants—

James Decker.

Alfred Squires.

James Kelley.

Corporals—

John Coss.

Hans F. Weu-thoff.

William Murphy.

Albert Spambalg.

Alexander Kulesza.

Andrew Cook.

Musicians—

George McCue.

Luther C. Douglas.

Artificer—

Paul Becker.

Wagoner—

George Cloutier.

Privates—

Anderson, John.

Atkins, Moses D.

Bess, James W.

Buck, William E.

Buck, Walter C.

Callis, Joseph M.

Caldwell, George H.

Caniff, John A.

Culliane, Robert.

Dotson, John F.

Duggan, Thomas P.

Fitzpatrick, Martin.

Folry, John.

Free, John H.

Gray, Allan.

Hall, John M.

Holden, James.

Linck, Julius H.

Llewellyn, William G.

Lyons, Michael.

Mayfield, John.

McKenna, Thomas.

McKinney, William C.

Moore, John C.

Nelson, Peter.

Nigg, Lauranz.

Noe, Robert H.

O'Connell, Philip S.

Pasno, Melvin.

Pearce, Samuel.

Powell, William M.

Radel, Jerry A.

Rein, Max.

Ripberger, Frederick.

Shanahan, John J.

Sims, William S.

Smith, Charles A.

Stine, Bert.

Walsh, Michael.

Ward, John.

Warnick, John.

Weisbrod, Rubin.

White, Ralph.

Wildermuth, Harry A.

Wyatt, Matthew H.

Roll of Honor.

COMPANY A.

FRANK GRAFFEN, Private, killed in action July 1, 1898, at Battle of San Juan.

ALEXANDER WERNER, Private, mortally wounded July 1, 1898 at Battle of San Juan. Died July 10, 1898.

COMPANY B.

JOHN McCONVILLE, Corporal, killed in action July 1, 1898, at Battle of San Juan.

WILLIAM V. EGAN, Private, killed in action July 1, 1898, at Battle of San Juan.



Firing a Salute at the Burial of a Dead Comrade.

COMPANY C.

JOHN MAIER, Private, mortally wounded at the storming of San Juan, July 1, 1898. Died July 2, 1898.

O. S. BIELER, Private, mortally wounded at the storming of San Juan, July 1, 1898. Died July 2, 1898.

JOHN E. NELSON, Wagoner, wounded at storming of San Juan, July 1, 1898. Died in field hospital July 2, 1898.

COMPANY D.

THEODORE BROWN, Private, killed in action at Battle of San Juan, July 1, 1898.

CLARE MILLER, Private, mortally wounded at Battle of San Juan, July 1, 1898. Died July 2, 1898.

COMPANY E.

DAVID BUTLER, Private, killed in action July 1, 1898, at Battle of San Juan.

 Roll of Honor.

HARVEY M. McGUIRE, Private, died in hospital, Santiago, Cuba, October 4, 1898.

JOHN J. PEPPER, Private, died in hospital, Santiago, Cuba, October 4, 1898.

COMPANY F.

PATRICK LEONARD, Sergeant, killed in action July 1, 1898, at Battle of San Juan.

JOHN DORANDORN, Corporal, killed in action July 1, 1898, at Battle of San Juan.

JAMES M. MULLEN, Private, killed in action July 1, 1898, at Battle of San Juan.

EDWARD NEAL, Private, killed in action July 1, 1898, at Battle of San Juan.

DANIEL DEMPSEY, Private, mortally wounded July 1, 1898, at Battle of San Juan. Died in hospital July 16, 1898.

JAMES M. HANEY, Private, died in hospital August 16, 1898, of typhoid malarial fever.

COMPANY G.

JOHN F. W. HENDERSON, Musician, mortally wounded July 1, 1898, at siege of Santiago. Died in field hospital July 2, 1898.

FRANK G. ALLARD, Private, mortally wounded July 2, 1898, at Battle of San Juan. Died at Fort McPherson, Georgia, July 17, 1898.

PETER HUSEY, Private, died at general hospital, Fort Thomas, Ky., November 21, 1898, of consumption.

PERRY F. IRWIN, Private, died at Camp Wikof, September 7, 1898. Dysentery.

COMPANY H.

WILLIAM S. SIMS, Private, died of heart failure while on picket duty in front of enemy's trenches at Santiago, Cuba, at 8 o'clock p. m. July 7, 1898.

LIST OF WOUNDED.

COMPANY A.

First Sergeant—
Harold M. Hallman.

Corporals—
Dennis Guiney.
Frank Chezanski.

Privates--
Henry M. Belden.
Wm. Braithwaite.
Wm. Harm.
Robt. A. Montague.

COMPANY B.

First Sergeant—
Thomas Farrell.

Sergeant—
James J. Gardner.

Corporal—
Oliver Coultas.

Artificer—
Celora Gerard.

Privates—
Robert L. Conrey.
Matthew J. Conway.
Dalbert Gray.
Robt. F. Hughey.
John Huninghake.
Matthew J. Long.
Joseph Turney.
Joseph A. Bledsoe.

COMPANY C.

Quartermaster Sergeant—
Frank Abel.

Corporals—
Dudley Ockendon.
Francis Christian.

Musician—
Ralph Howard.

Artificer—
John Eilker.

Wagoner—
John E. Wilson.

Privates—

W. Apitz.
O. F. Beiler.
Chas. Franklin.
Clem Greenfield.
W. J. Hedt.
John Kortey.
Chas. Kruger.
John Main.
Winfred Munson.
Samuel G. Shelato.

COMPANY D.

Sergeant—
Christian Reiff.

Corporals—
Dale C. Lyttle.
Fred Stranger.
• Carl F. Meyer.

Privates—
Geo. B. Algor.
Alvin A. Beal.
Dillmon Begley.
Ernst Bodecker.
Porter Dryden.
David W. Fagans.
William J. Feltz.
Alvin Gibson.
William L. Huston.
Willard Meyers.
Dennis B. Patrick.
Cullen W. S. Pemberton.

COMPANY E.

Sergeant—
James M. Irwin.

Privates—
Leander Begley.
Robt. H. Breeze.
Lewellyn H. Converse.
Jeremiah Flynn.
Arthur C. Gordy.
Charlie H. Horn.
Jefferson Gump.
Mont Manning.
William Taphorn.
Thomas Waters.

COMPANY F.

Quartermaster Sergeant—
Chas. Crisler.

Sergeant—
Holger C. Keime.

Corporals—
Wm. H. Miller.
Edward F. Moore.

Privates—
Richard Addison.
Henry T. Bradford.
Doctor Fink Carter.
Valerious W. Ervin.
Barnard Gerwin.
Paul F. Krause.
Frank T. Markley.
Jesse S. Martin.
Edgar Nichols.
Herman Nicolaz.
Thomas Young.
William Young.

COMPANY G.

Sergeant—
Tobias Wunder.

Corporal—
John N. Shephard.

Musicians—
John F. W. Henderson.
Geo. H. Doherty.

Privates—
Frank G. Allard.
John C. Brennan.
Edward Eck.
Edward Horsely.

COMPANY H.

Sergeant—
James Decker.

Corporal—
William Murphy.

Musician—
Geo. McCue.

Privates—
James W. Bess.
Walter C. Buck.
Thomas B. Duggan.
John M. Hall.
Thos. McKenna.
Melvin Pasno.
Frederick Ripberger.
Michael Walsh.
Rubin Weisbred.

PHILIPPINE ROSTERS AND MEMORIALS.

ROSTER OF OFFICERS AT EMBARKATION, MAY 22, 1899.

Colonel—E. R. Kellogg,* left transport sick at Honolulu. Promoted Brigadier-General December 15, 1899.

Lieutenant-Colonel—C. W. Miner.* In command of regiment from June 1, 1899. Promoted Colonel December 15, 1899.

Major—F. A. Whitney. Recruiting service, New York City.

Major—W. H. H. Crowell. Detached service, Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

Adjutant—Captain B. A. Poore.*

Quartermaster — Captain Omar Bundy.*

Commissary—First Lieutenant S. J. B. Schindel.*

Adjutant First Battalion — First Lieutenant E. T. Cole.*

Adjutant Second Battalion — First Lieutenant H. V. Evans.*

Adjutant Third Battalion — First Lieutenant W. E. Gleason.*

COMPANY A.

Captain — E. F. Taggart. En route to join regiment.

Second Lieutenant — Marshall Childs.*

COMPANY B.

Captain—R. B. Turner. Detached service, Spokane, Wash.

First Lieutenant—H. J. Hunt.* Commanding company. Recruiting officer.

Second Lieutenant—J. P. Drouillard.*

COMPANY C.

Captain—G. B. Walker.* Commanding First Battalion.

First Lieutenant—John Robertson. Detached service, Camp Meade, Pa.

Second Lieutenant — H. A. Hanigan.*

COMPANY D.

Captain—Z. W. Torrey.*

First Lieutenant — Oliver Edwards.*

Second Lieutenant — E. G. Peyton.*

COMPANY E.

Captain—W. L. Simpson.*

First Lieutenant—W. H. Simons.*

Second Lieutenant — F. S. L. Price.*

COMPANY F.

Captain — Charles Byrne. Commanding Third Battalion.*

First Lieutenant—H. Y. Grubbs. Detached service, Holguin, Cuba.

COMPANY G.

Captain — B. W. Atkinson. Recruiting service, Bridgeport, Conn.

First Lieutenant—J. V. Heidt.*

COMPANY H.

Captain — B. A. Byrne.* Commanding Second Battalion.

First Lieutenant—W. F. Nesbitt.*
Second Lieutenant—R. J. Maxey.*

NOTE.—Names marked (*) denote officers who embarked with the regiment.

COMPANY I.

Captain — L. V. W. Kennon. Major and A. A. G., Division of Cuba, U. S. V.
 First Lieutenant — E. R. Chrisman. Mustering officer, Huntsville, Ala.
 Second Lieutenant — George S. Richards, Jr.*

COMPANY K.

Captain—C. G. Morton. Assistant mustering officer, Georgia.
 First Lieutenant — W. C. Bennett. Absent sick, Ft. Thomas, Ky.

COMPANY L.

Captain—W. K. Jones.*
 First Lieutenant — C. N. Purdy. Detached service, assistant mustering officer, Ga.

COMPANY M.

Captain—J. H. Beacom. En route to join regiment.
 First Lieutenant — F. C. Bolles. With Eighteenth Infantry, Philippine Islands.
 Second Lieutenant — L. P. Schindel.*

ATTACHED.

Chaplain—J. A. Randolph, U. S. A.*

Roll of Honor.

OFFICERS.

MAJOR FOLLIOU H. WHITNEY.
 died August 11, 1900, at Silay, Negros, P. I., heart failure.

FIRST LIEUTENANT AUGUSTUS C. LEDYARD, killed in action at La Granja, Negros. P. I., December 8, 1899.

FIRST LIEUTENANT HAYDON Y. GRUBBS, killed in action near San Isidro, Negros, P. I., October 1, 1899.

LIST OF WOUNDED.

OFFICERS.

FIRST LIEUTENANT FRANK C. BOLLES, near Macate, Panay, P. I., February 24, 1900.

ROSTER OF OFFICERS WITH REGIMENT ON RETURN.

Colonel—C. W. Miner, commanding regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel—H. Wygant, absent on leave in United States.

Major—R. H. R. Loughborough.

Major—W. W. Wotherspoon, not yet joined.

Major—C. G. Morton, absent on leave in United States.

Chaplain—J. A. Randolph.

Adjutant—Captain B. A. Poore.

Quartermaster—Captain Willard E. Gleason.

Commissary—First Lieutenant S. J. B. Schindel.

Adjutant First Battalion—First Lieutenant J. Robertson.

Adjutant Second Battalion—First Lieutenant D. B. Mulliken.

Adjutant Third Battalion—First Lieutenant W. F. Nesbitt.

Quartermaster First Battalion—Second Lieutenant D. C. Anderson.

Quartermaster Second Battalion—Second Lieutenant, S. S. Burbank.

Quartermaster Third Battalion—Second Lieutenant E. M. Norton.

COMPANY A.

Captain—E. F. Taggart, detached service U. S. A. T. "Relief."

First Lieutenant—L. P. Schindel.

Second Lieutenant—K. T. Smith.

COMPANY B.

Captain—W. H. Simons.

Second Lieutenant—D. A. Snyder, recently transferred; not yet joined.

COMPANY C.

Captain—E. T. Cole, on duty with casualties at Manila, P. I.

Second Lieutenant—J. C. Wilson.

COMPANY D.

Captain—D. W. Ryther.

First Lieutenant—C. B. Clark.

Second Lieutenant—H. G. Stahl.

COMPANY E.

Captain—W. L. Simpson, on duty with recruits at Columbus, O.

First Lieutenant—R. J. Maxey.

Second Lieutenant—F. R. Curtis, on duty with casualties at Manila, P. I.

COMPANY F.

Captain—F. C. Bolles, absent with leave in United States.

First Lieutenant—G. R. Armstrong, never joined regiment.

Second Lieutenant—F. S. Bowen.

COMPANY G.

Captain—Omar Bundy.

Second Lieutenant—C. B. Parker, absent sick at Presidio, San Francisco.

COMPANY H.

Captain—B. W. Atkinson.

First Lieutenant—J. B. Kemper.

Second Lieutenant—H. G. Young.

COMPANY I.

Captain—E. T. Collins, not yet joined.

First Lieutenant—M. L. Crimmins, absent with leave in United States.

Second Lieutenant—G. W. England, on duty with casualties at Manila, P. I.

COMPANY K.

Captain—L. M. Welch, not yet joined.

COMPANY L.

Captain—W. K. Jones on duty with casualties at Manila, P. I.

COMPANY M.

Captain—J. H. Beacom, absent with leave.

First Lieutenant—J. V. Heidt.

Second Lieutenant—F. A. Awl.

NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF AND BAND.

ROSTER OF MEMBERS WHO WENT TO THE PHILIPPINES.

STAFF.

Regimental Sergeant Major —
Hans Frank.
Regimental Quartermaster, Ser-
geant—Joseph Bennett.
Regimental Commissary Sergeant
—Frederick Lind.
Sergeant Major First Battalion—
Hans F. Wensthoff.
Sergeant Major Second Battalion
—William E. Bennett.
Sergeant Major Third Battalion—
James J. Gardner.

BAND.

Chief Musician—August F. C. Ull-
rich.
Principal Musician — Clement L.
Hackleman.
Drum Major—Gustave Paulus.

Sergeants—

Arthur Johnson.
Frederick Simon.
Ernest Bruhet.

Herman C. Dingler.

Corporals—

Felix Kinne.
George W. Buchholz.
Albert G. Boyd.
John G. Nievergelt.
Patrick H. Couch.
Frank W. Reed.
James J. Donlevy.
John J. Redmond.

Cook—

Herman E. Dickow.

Privates—

Charles H. Boyer.
Augustin Buhl.
Luther C. Douglas.
James W. Hewitt.
Dennis Moran.
Joseph T. Rooney.
Martin J. Simpson.
John J. Sullivan.
Edward Van Dyck.

Roll of Honor.

NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF AND BAND.

SERGEANT FRED SIMON, band.
Accidentally drowned at Ba-
colod, Negros, September 27,
1899.

COOK HENRY C. DINGLER,
band. Died at Bacolod, Ne-
gros, July, 29, 1900. Dysen-
tery.

PRIVATE HIRAM V. SHEDD,
band. Died at San Francisco,
Cal., August 5, 1901. Abscess
of liver.

NON-COMMISSIONED STAFF AND BAND.

ROSTER OF MEMBERS WHO RETURNED FROM THE PHILIPPINES.

STAFF.

Regimental Sergeant Major —
Daniel H. Lynch.
Regimental Quartermaster Ser-
geant—Lewis R. Taft.
Regimental Commissary Sergeant
—Frederick Lind.
Color Sergeant — Joseph S.
Schmidt.
Sergeant Major First Battalion—
John P. Stacke.
Sergeant Major Second Battalion
—David Costello.
Sergeant Major Third Battalion—
Ernest Haggerty.

Sergeants—

Walter A. Schofield.
Jacob J. Doctor.
Charles R. Bales.

Corporals—

Martin Dusha.
Alva Coultas.
George W. Malin.
Frank L. Thomson.
Augustin Buhl.

Cook—

Felix Kinne.

BAND.

Chief Musician—George H. Buch-
holz.
Principal Musician—John H. Nie-
vergelt.

Privates—

Luther C. Douglas
Grant Hill.
Michael Greenblatt.

COMPANY ROSTERS.

MEN WHO WENT TO THE PHILIPPINES.

COMPANY A.

First Sergeant—

Harold M. Hallman.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

George Chase.

Sergeants—

Henry H. Belden.
Frank Chezanski.
James McClure.
George Stevens.

Corporals—

John G. Blazer.
Henry Roberts.
Abe L. Everitt.
Nathan A. Williams.
Christian Tacke.
Arthur Whaley.
Maurice Plaut.
Michael Hayden.
Fred L. Hudson.

Chas. L. Gothal.
John W. McLean.
Frederick Schneider.

Cooks—

James Conway.
William Schomm.

Artificer—

Chester H. Walbridge.

Privates—

Adams, Daniel E.
Affeldt, Elmer F.
Barr, Joseph J.
Bayne, Lester M.
Bergin, Arthur.
Berigan, James.
Blackwell, Zack.
Boenke, Julius.
Bcne, Jesse W.
Brown, Harry.
Bryson, Edward.
Buisley, Jule.

Burchett, Willie.
 Burke, Geo.
 Burton, Thomas.
 Carr, Frank.
 Carroll, Chas. A.
 Colston, Geo. A.
 Condon, John H.
 Conway, Dennis.
 Cotay, Chas. W.
 Crawford, James.
 Crawford, Joseph.
 Dale, Frank.
 Dean, Wm. F.
 Donnelly, Michael.
 Drumm, John P.
 Earls, Robert.
 England, Herbert F.
 Franco, Ellery G.
 Frueh, John.
 Graves, Henry B.
 Green, Wm. S.
 Gunn, Geo. B.
 Gusnard, Harry.
 Haller, Adolph.
 Hanley, Michael.
 Hanley, Wm. A.
 Hanson, Otto O.
 Harrison, Geo. S.
 Hefke, Rudolph.
 Heyde, Fred.
 Hovas, Turpin G.
 Johnsborg, Chas. G.
 Johnson, Abram.
 Johnson, Daniel B.
 Keener, Eugene.
 Kelley, Marion.
 Kober, James.
 Krackman, Chas.
 Lake, Frank.
 Littleton, Frank J.
 Manning, James.
 Manning, John S.
 Mara, John F. J.
 McCram, Francis J.
 McLean, Allen C.
 McNeal, Frank.
 Moran, Peter J.
 Murphy, Stephen J.
 Murphy, William.
 Nally, William L.
 Norton, John H.
 O'Brien, William J.
 O'Donnell, Martin J.
 Oppenheimer, Barney.

O'Shea, William E.
 Pfister, Joseph F.
 Quinn, William B.
 Rantz, John.
 Rechnitzer, Louis.
 Reimstadt, Henry A.
 Rowan, Geo. W.
 Rowohlt, Garney.
 Sharp, Thomas.
 Silvers, Chas. W.
 Smith, Thomas E.
 Sonkins, Samuel T.
 Stanford, John W.
 Stephens, Henry.
 Stovall, William.
 Tudor, Raymond.
 Wittman, Andrew J.
 Worth, Henry.
 Wright, Warren E.
 Young, Arthur W.

COMPANY B.

First Sergeant—

Thomas Farrell.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Wm. H. Illingworth.

Sergeants—

James McCredie.

Fred Starkey.

Jack Dublin.

Wm. A. Lacoppidar.

Corporals—

Frank McCantyre.

Orville Jackson.

Geo. A. Westover.

John McWilliams.

Gilbert M. Allen.

Robt. L. Klune.

Charles Hardy.

August W. Johnson.

Charles H. Ingram.

William Hemphill.

Andrew C. Love.

Musicians—

Frank J. Buckenberger.

Edward H. Rant.

Cooks—

Stephen F. Sainpolis.

Geo. Korber.

Artificer—

Fred H. Doughty.

Privates—

Askew, Henry J.
 Bening, Frank C.
 Beall, Otho S.
 Black, Michael H.
 Bollinger, Leroy S.
 Boyce, John.
 Brennan, Charles J.
 Brown, Wm. S.
 Brock, Harold W.
 Bundy, David A.
 Burns, Edward.
 Bush, King.
 Campbell, Harry.
 Cole, Lorenzo E.
 Cole, Charlie.
 Conrey, Robt. L.
 Cooper, Charles E.
 Cregan, John.
 Davis, George.
 Delaney, Michael J.
 Deck, Frederick.
 Dime, Thomas.
 Eardley, John.
 Embrey, Clayton B.
 Endress, Christ G.
 Fitzgerald, Robt. E. J.
 Foley, John.
 Forbes, John F.
 Freeman Frank.
 Fuller, Charles.
 Gallagher, Hugh M.
 Glennon, Eugene.
 Gordon, Geo. F.
 Griffin, Edward.
 Grinstead, William.
 Hagan, James E.
 Hatcher, Zack.
 Hines, John.
 Hollars, John M.
 Hughes, William D.
 Humphrey, Peter A.
 Hunninghake, John.
 Jones, James A.
 Klesius, Louis M.
 Koch, Andrew.
 Leonard, Joseph J.
 Lount, William F.
 Lynch, James J.
 Martin, Louis W.
 Meksa, Stanislaw.
 Middleton, Thomas F.
 Miller, Andrew A.
 Molner, Emerick.

Maguire, James.
 McCaffrey, Hugh.
 McGuire, Henry.
 McGuire, Bernard W.
 McGuinness, Francis.
 McLeod, William J.
 Ocker, Frank C.
 O'Donnell, Terrence E.
 O'Leary, John.
 Overstreet, Frank.
 Patterson, Lewis H.
 Penkert, Otto B.
 Pluss, Otto.
 Remsen, Benjamin.
 Robison, Jesse W.
 Rogers, Bernard W.
 Rowland, William J.
 Ryan, John.
 Sager, George.
 Sauls, Colson.
 Sherry, John.
 Sloan, Richard T.
 Smith Thomas E.
 Smith, Charles C.
 Smith, George.
 Stack, Michael.
 Stearns, Leslie D.
 Wessels, William H.
 West, William I.
 Woting, William.
 White, George.
 Williams, William J.
 Young, John R.

COMPANY C.

First Sergeant—

Francis Christian.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

John Noedecker.

Sergents—

Herman Moege.
 Joseph A. Jolafski.
 Samuel G. Shelato.
 Charles Foráyce.

Corporals—

Charles Thompson.
 Louis E. Smith.
 Dudley Ockendon.
 William M. Meagan.
 Patrick J. Coady.
 John P. Stacke.
 Patrick M. McQuinn.
 Charles McCool.

Lewis E. Caufield.
Fred W. Rich.

Musicians—

Ralph H. Howard.
Geo. P. Bonnett.

Cooks—

Harry H. Ostendorf.
Charles Hering.

Artificer—

Daniel F. Murphy.

Privates—

Allobin, John J.
Allen, Eugene B.
Andrews, Magruder.
Arthur, George.
Armstrong, James J.
Augeustein, Herman.
Aumuck, Herbert.
Babcock, Elkanah.
Barritt, William P.
Beadler, Geo.
Bleauvelt, Walter H.
Brewster, Eugene F. P.
Devine, William.
Dunn, Richard E.
Erdman, Carl.
Foster, Robert J.
Frascer, William.
Fuller, William B.
Furnival, Joseph.
Gannon, John.
Gilbert, Frank R.
Griffin, Frank D.
Hailparn, Samuel.
Hall, Onim T.
Hardwick, Geo. T.
Henderson, Bruce T.
Hughes, William D.
Hughes, Thomas J.
Heach, Joseph.
Hutchinson, Horace.
Johnson, Harry.
Johnson, Thomas F.
Kalish, Alexander.
Kavanaugh, Jas. M.
Klinger, Emil.
Latham, Charles.
Liles, Richard E.
Lohrbaur, Carl.
Louth, Adam L.
Lovas, Paul.
Malcolm, Mike.

Martin, Charles A.
Meinke, George.
Meuth, Sebastian.
McCabe, John F.
McEntee, Joseph.
McGee, Samuel G.
Moore, James M.
Moran, William J.
Murray, Joseph P.
Nash, Frank P.
O'Leary, Humphrey.
Purdon, Archibald S.
Pfeiffer, Charles.
Pontius, Geo. H.
Reich, Max.
Rogers, W. N. G.
Ruegg, Carl.
Ryback, Joseph.
Scotte, Charles.
Seymour, John J.
Shenfield, Max.
Simmons, John P.
Spohn, August M.
Smollek, John R.
Sorrel, George.
Starrett, Charles.
Stein, Charles.
Steinke, Fred A.
Szymanski, Stan.
Pfeiffer, Charles.
Thurston, Charles.
Tracey, Martin.
Tobin, Michael E.
Towle, Warren H.
Twomey, John T.
Wager, George.
Walsh, James J.
Wolf, Francis P.
Wolfgang, Fred.
Wrabel, Morris J.
Wright, John G.
Winkler, Michael.
Wyley, Clifford E.

COMPANY D.

First Sergeant—

Alexander Wyley.

Quartermaster Sergeants—

Charles Noll.
Fred Stanger.
Albert C. Wysong.
David H. Brown.
John J. McCall.

Corporals—

Joseph M. Harris.
 William Hackworth.
 Frank Holt.
 Dalton Roe.
 Dennis B. Patrick.
 Porter Dryden.
 Calvin E. Lapham.
 Harry Westphalinger.
 Alvia Williams.
 Bert W. Durkee.
 Charles Gillice.
 Frank G. Hamilton.

Artificer—

Nimrod Nelson.

Cooks—

Thomas Noonan.
 Gotfried Schwartz.

Musicians—

James W. Bryant.
 Milton D. Hernandez.

Privates—

Anderson, Christian.
 Ayers, James C.
 Brown, John.
 Brown, James C.
 Brown, Rufus.
 Barley, John J.
 Burlee, Raymond F.
 Burgess, Richard.
 Caplan, Harry.
 Carr, Edward.
 Clark, John E.
 Class, Harry M.
 Cooley, Arthur F.
 Croffey, James E.
 Dellorn, Dennis M.
 Dimick, Myron.
 Driscoll, Timothy.
 Duke, James M.
 Dutch, Parfere.
 Duvald, William N.
 Eagan, John.
 Ellis, Charles F.
 Fain, Thomas C.
 Fairlamb, Geo. C.
 Fallon, Pete M.
 Flynn, Thomas C.
 Freemont, Alva J.
 Gaines, Robert N.

Gallagher, James.
 Gibson, Alvia.
 Giesler, Eustace C.
 Glass, Roy E.
 Grant, Alexander M.
 Green, David R.
 Halter, John H.
 Hanna, Charles.
 Hauser, Rudolph.
 Heids, Thomas A.
 Horger, Frederick H.
 Huggard, William J.
 Hutten, William.
 Jones, Miles D.
 Kelley, Dennis P.
 Kennedy, Edward.
 Kopecky, Charles.
 MacGregor, William.
 Maddux, Winfield H.
 Mangan, Thomas F.
 Marshall, Warren R.
 Marshall, Edward.
 Maurice, Zephriam.
 McCormack, William.
 MacMahon, Frank P.
 McNutty, Michael J.
 Mohr, John P.
 Miller, William J.
 Mullins, John.
 Mulvihill, Thomas J.
 Murnane, Frank.
 Norman, K.
 Neaman, William E.
 Newlands, Geo. P.
 Patterson, James N.
 Peffer, William L.
 Plummer, Norman R.
 Ramsey, William S.
 Reneker, Jacob R.
 Rigby, James A.
 Robinson, John.
 Ruse, Simon.
 Schroder, John.
 Scott, George W.
 Simpson, William.
 Sleeth, Alvin.
 Smith, John L.
 Smith, Albert.
 Speer, James D.
 Steel, William.
 Stillman, Harry B.
 Sullivan, Patrick.
 Taulbee, Western C.

Van Zant, Perry C.
 Vaughee, Patrick.
 Wallace, Thomas.
 Welte, Frank.
 Whalen, Michael.
 Wilson, Henry.
 Wilson, James E.
 Zaisser, Charles A.

COMPANY E.

First Sergeant—

Henry Kline.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Harry E. Clearman.

Sergeants—

Geo. Cook.
 Jos. P. Deuschle.
 Leander Begley.
 Abraham Emlaw.

Corporals—

Geo. Procter.
 Elliott Pugh.
 William Blake.
 McClelland Ward.
 Lewellyn H. Converse.
 Charlie E. Horn.
 Henry Allen.
 Thomas Jones.
 Thomas Raymond.
 Frank P. Rooney.
 Charles C. Brehm.

Artificer—

Frank Puller.

Cooks—

James Burns.
 Otto E. Stewart.

Musicians—

Gustav Baumann.
 Robt. J. Watson.

Privates—

Aaronson, Michael.
 Anderson, Allen.
 Augsburg, Rudolph.
 Asplund, Fred O.
 Black, Wm. J.
 Biehler, Paul W.
 Bloom, John A.
 Bradford, Logan B.
 Brady, Thomas J.

Brinkerhoff, Chas. F.
 Buckland, Granville A.
 Clark, Albert P.
 Clark, Daniel J.
 Clark, Sigmund.
 Clayton, James M.
 Cornwell, John.
 Drichter, Joe.
 Dunn, Thomas J.
 Ebert, Charles.
 Elsbery, Fred.
 Flynn, William T.
 Foster, David.
 Gallion, William P.
 Galvin, Peter F.
 Goodrick, Thomas H.
 Greve, Frederick H.
 Griffith, John H.
 Gump, Jefferson.
 Hansen, William.
 Harley, Joseph W.
 Hilliker, Chas. P.
 Johnson, Ben A.
 Jones, George A.
 Karston, Otto.
 Kellerman, Ferdinand.
 Klever, Frank N.
 Koch, William F.
 Kramer, Charles.
 La Beaw, Mose.
 La Roche, William.
 Larkin, John A.
 Lawrence, Robt. E.
 Lepphardt, Adam.
 Linfert, Geo. F.
 Lotz, William J.
 Maguire, Joseph.
 Mann, John K.
 Martin, Michael J.
 Mayer, Max.
 Mayer, Valentine A.
 McCabe, James E.
 McCullagh, Thomas.
 McDonald, James J.
 McFadden, Henry J.
 McGinn, John J.
 McKinney, William H.
 Meachem, John A.
 Merkle, Christian.
 Miller, Charles.
 Moore, Alexander.
 Moran, Paul E.
 Moris, Samuel.

Mullaney, Edward B.
 Nenstiehl, Frederick A.
 O'Neill, Eugene H.
 Outerson, Joseph F.
 Padgett, Joseph P.
 Peel, John C.
 Reardon, John C.
 Roush, David.
 Rubright, John C.
 Schermerhorn, Henry S.
 Schoppe, Adolph W.
 Schultz, Geo. W.
 Shearer, Geo.
 Sheedy, William R.
 Shinaly, George.
 Smith, John W.
 Smith, Felix.
 Sparks, Walter C.
 Stone, Roy.
 Swiney, Preston.
 Wagner, Elvin H.
 Watts, Jesse H.
 Whitney, Jack.
 Woodrick, Wilhelm.
 Womack, John A.
 Wyatt, James W.
 Yuul, Paul.
 Zechiel, Fritz.

COMPANY F.

First Sergeant—

Benjamin F. Paullin.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Charles Crisler.

Sergeants—

John A. Bade.
 John Burman.
 William H. Miller.

Corporals—

William C. Lynch.
 James A. Levitt.
 Bernard Gerwin.
 John B. Markley.
 Harry McBride.
 Jacob Auckerman.
 Henry Edwards.
 James R. McIlroy.
 Harry S. Watson.
 Daniel McGrale.
 Edward E. Crawford.

Cooks—

David H. Tussey.
 William T. Fletchur.

Musicians—

Charles A. Hayden.
 Benjamin S. Faris.

Artificer—

Theodore Moczygemba.

Privates—

Adkins, Charles O.
 Allmon, Edwin E.
 Alward, Chas. E.
 Anderson, Arthur J.
 Becker, Leander F.
 Bell, Archie.
 Belter, Jacob.
 Bias, Joseph H.
 Bohl, William.
 Burdick, Barnard.
 Campbell, William N.
 Carter, Doctor Fink.
 Charles, Charles.
 Chitty, Richard G.
 Cohagan, Jesse F.
 Conrad, Ernst.
 Craycraft, Jerry.
 Dearing, John R.
 Edmonson, Joe A.
 Evans, William.
 Elsner, Adolph O.
 Franklin, Willy.
 Gaines, Jos. A.
 Gavin, James.
 Gillentine, Samuel P.
 Green, Walter.
 Hall, John.
 Hartner, William.
 Harrison, Henry E.
 Hayes, Edward E.
 Hess, Otto.
 Houston, Chas. B.
 Hyers, Wm. A. Jr.
 Jennings, John A.
 Jett, Alpha.
 Kane, John J.
 Keefer, Frederick W.
 Kienast, Edward.
 King, Walter H.
 Kissen, Benjamin S.
 Krebs, Frank.
 Krueger, Louis H.
 Lane, Andrew J.
 Lawrence, Frederick A.
 Lewis, John P.
 Lutz, Jacob.
 Malinouski, August.

Mason, Chas. E.
 McCabe, William S.
 McMahon, Eugene.
 McMahon, Francis P.
 McNamara, Richard.
 Miles, Oscar B.
 Miller, Charles E.
 Moore, Edward F.
 Mulligan, Frank.
 Nelms, Abner R.
 Nelms, David H.
 Nicolaz, Herman.
 Noble, Henry.
 O'Donnell, Patrick.
 Parker, Abe.
 Patterson, Henry.
 Richardson, James.
 Richardson, Steve F.
 Rohan, Geo. S.
 Roth, Charles.
 Ryan, James M.
 Ryan, Thomas J.
 Scarborough, Warner P.
 Schlehlein, Matt.
 Schlegel, William.
 Shanahan, James.
 Sheehan, Thomas A.
 Smith, Frederick.
 Smith, John.
 Smith, Stephen.
 Soden, Albert B.
 Stelzner, Gustav.
 Strader, Paul.
 Stultz, Oscar.
 Temple, John J.
 Thompson, James.
 Tierney, John J.
 Warren, Benjamin F.
 Welch, John.
 Wright, Joseph.
 Young, Harry.

COMPANY G.

First Sergeant—

Chas. Sandstrom.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Geo. W. Giedhill.

Sergeants—

John N. Shephard.

Charles Wiles.

Thomas F. Collins

Christian C. Mahlman.

Corporals—

Axel L. Melgrin.

James McKay.

John Randolph.

Wilbur A. McDaniell.

Henry B. Sprigg.

Edward E. Horsely.

Edward Holzenkamp.

George Smart.

Harry Swainey.

James E. McDonald.

Hampson Baxley.

Thomas P. Duggan.

Cooks—

John O'Leary.

William J. Herron

Artificer—

John Dea.

Musician—

Christian Hartz.

Privates—

Ahmendt, Walter.

Bays, Charles.

Bihson, John.

Billings, Andrew J.

Brenner, Henry.

Bush, Lester V.

Christian, Joseph A.

Cole, Orville D.

Coleman, Powell B.

Conlon, Thomas.

Costello, Michael.

Caswell, John P.

Cowan, John M.

Earl, Norman S.

Eck, Edward.

Elders, Charles G.

Everage, Joseph.

Ferguson, Charles E.

Fessenden, Frank R.

Finkernagle, Louis.

Flanagan, Edward.

Fleming, Terrence.

Flynn, Martin.

Ganter, Stephen H.

Gerstner, Joseph.

Grigg, James N.

Hagedorn, Walther.

Halyin, Thomas H.

Higgins, John J.

Howard, Charles.

Hoyle, Joseph W.

Huttle, Daniel.
 Jenkins, Ray E.
 Jursik, James.
 Kron, Hilmer.
 Leonard, Charles L.
 Light, Augustus.
 Long, Charles E.
 Maher, Garrett J.
 Mayers, Henry.
 Markwardt, Wm.
 Martin, Walker L.
 McGee, Warren D.
 McCormack, John J. F.
 McCrodden, Howard S.
 Meyers, Andrew.
 Milligan, Wm. L.
 Mouseau, Joseph.
 Murphy, Michael.
 O'Connell, Frank.
 Ornstein, Adolph.
 O'Shea, James I.
 Pine, William L.
 Pouls, Ernest.
 Quigley, James J.
 Rafferty, John.
 McReddy, Herbert.
 Ruark, Clarence.
 Scott, John W.
 Settlemyer, Jacob A.
 Shiel, Lawrence.
 Smith, Frank.
 Stevenson, Eddie.
 Stevens, John W.
 Syckrowsky, Edward.
 Tewers, John.
 Thome, Leo B.
 Thornton, Stephen D.
 Tompkins, Robert A.
 Turner, James.
 Vitt, Antone.
 Werner, Fred.
 Weyant, Charles H.
 White, Geo. F.
 Wheeler, Valentine M.
 Willax, Harry P.
 Woods, James.
 Wolff, John.
 Wollam, Harry.
 Wollenberger, Paul.
 Young, Philip.
 Baker, Richard A.

COMPANY I.

First Sergeant—
 John P. Manley.

Quartermaster Sergeant—
 Burt Vanvalkenburg

Sergeants—
 Geo. W. Quick.
 Denis Guiney.
 Wesley King.
 Thomas K. McClane

Corporals—
 Wm. F. Hinkle.
 John Walsh.
 James W. Bess.
 Patrick Casey.
 Henry G. Wright.
 Richard Barrett.
 George Bluto.
 Robert Hensley.
 Eugene S. Burke.
 John A. McGonigle

Cooks—
 Michael Maloney.
 Frederick Kellerman.

Musicians—
 John H. Temme.
 Theodore F. Coe.

Artificer—
 James Denfy.

Privates—
 Applegate, Geo. W.
 Bendix, Oscar.
 Bland, Joseph L.
 Boggs, George.
 Boyle, Patrick.
 Bradley, Geo. A.
 Brehmer, Herman.
 Bright, John S.
 Broyles, Andrew J.
 Cawthon, Herbert.
 Claman, Wm. F.
 Carr, Joseph L.
 Casey, Hugh.
 Claunch, Thomas S.
 Cream, Albert.
 Daly, Beverly C.
 Davis, Clarence.
 Dempsey, George.
 Doorley, William.
 Dummond, Arthur E.
 Dyson, Frank.

Company H roster omitted because of
 misplaced record

Egan, Michael.
 Egan, Edward.
 Everleigh, John E.
 Fleisher, Henry.
 Flynn, William.
 Fox, Edward.
 Ganno, Palmo.
 Fleming, Frank L.
 Gavet, Edwin L.
 Gregg, George.
 Grocott, Albert.
 Hamilton, Lovet P.
 Heisinger, William.
 Hines, Henry S.
 Hoffman, Geo. W.
 Howard, John S.
 Howard, Hodie H.
 Hubert, Frank.
 Hyde, Francis P.
 Johnson, Edward J.
 Jones, Thomas E.
 Landers, William A.
 Lehman, Frederick.
 Lubbecke, Theodore C.
 Luberoff, George.
 McCumber, Charles L.
 McDonough, Harry L.
 McGarry, James.
 McIsaac, John.
 Martin, Charles E.
 Metcalf, Geo. W.
 Metcalf, Wade.
 Metcalf, Woodward.
 Meley, Roger.
 Miner, James H.
 Munson, Charles H.
 O'Connor, Maurice.
 O'Flaherty, Thomas J.
 Palmer, Mead.
 Polander, Hugo.
 Rabke, Frank.
 Rayworth, William.
 Reilly, Frank E.
 Ritter, Peter.
 Ross, James R.
 Rust, Raymond J.
 Sampson, Wm. F.
 Schweitzer, Frederick C.
 Seabridge, Jr. Geo.
 Sherrell, Jesse W.
 Smith, Thomas J.
 Schulte, Frederick A.
 Sowders, Martin L.
 Stangier, Thomas J.

Steiner, Wm. C.
 Stewart, James S.
 Stinson, Alva B.
 Thomas, James W.
 Toebben, Harry O.
 Tomkins, John.
 Trabrand, Phillip J.
 Weinstein, Ike.
 Wengler, Peter.

COMPANY K.

First Sergeant—

Wm. J. Schuck.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Moses D. Atkins.

Sergents—

Lawrence J. Butterfield.

Robt. A. Montague.

Louis P. Wells.

Alfred Roeder.

Corporals—

Valirens W. Erwin.

Thomas A. Mackey.

Alfred S. Gray.

Phil. J. Murray.

Jacob Bruck.

Wm. T. Bailey.

William Voegli.

Chas. T. Taylor.

Walter W. Bartlow.

Frank S. Swan.

Beverly Reynolds.

Cooks—

Frank Blosseg.

Frank G. Cook.

Musicians—

James Steele.

Edward Brown.

Artificer—

John Conway.

Privates—

Anderson, David S.

Bauer, Charles.

Bedlovitz Stephen.

Bennett, Abner.

Bink, Peter.

Boncil, John.

Brown, Geo. Z.

Boughner, Peter.
 Carey, Peter.
 Cadergreen, William.
 Charkowski, Leo.
 Clark, Geo. H.
 Clark, William H.
 Cronin, Charles J.
 Conklin, Henry.
 Dawkins, Manning.
 Degraff, Nicholas.
 Deutschmann, John J.
 Devein, Thomas.
 Donnelly, Chas. W.
 Dwyer, George.
 Dworaczyk, Peter.
 Fauber, William.
 Felpel, Jacob J.
 Fitterer, Enick.
 Fisher, Stanley M.
 Fitzgerald, Michael J.
 Floyd, Joseph T.
 Foster, George.
 Free, John H.
 Frey, Lawrence.
 Freyen, William.
 Gillin, Arthur U.
 Good, William G.
 Grace, Benjamin V.
 Grames, Stanislaus.
 Hayward, George.
 Heger, Vincent.
 Heichemer, John J.
 Hertzberger, John.
 Hodges, Fred J.
 Holm, Svend.
 Horstman, William.
 Jacobs, Luther.
 Jinks, Albert C.
 Kirkpatrick, Alonzo.
 Knodel, Rudolph.
 Lackey, John O.
 Loftus, John.
 L'Hommedien, Hubert S.
 Lowry, Francis A.
 Lutz, William J.
 Lynch, James A.
 Mackey, Joseph V.
 Martin, Solan B.
 McKinney, John P.
 Munger, David R.
 Murphy, Daniel P.
 Nicolas, Edward.

Norman, Chas. L.
 Nuckols, John E.
 Oakman, Abe R.
 O'Brien, Thomas W.
 Osborne, George.
 Peffer, Robt. H.
 Peterson, Thomas J.
 Peterson, Albert.
 Polkey, Chas. C.
 Queen, Joseph J.
 Quick, Clemens.
 Reed, William.
 Russell, Frank.
 Schoenberger, Joseph.
 Sellers, Thomas.
 Smith, Geo. E.
 Spitznagel, Jacob.
 Stamper, Thomas A.
 Stein, Nicolas.
 Stoltz, Chas. J.
 Teylin, William M.
 Weidriech, William.
 Wile, Harry.
 Wright, John W.

COMPANY L.

First Sergeant—

Julius Labadie.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Ralph G. Craven.

Sergeants—

John Coss.

Matthew J. Long.

August Swarz.

Edward Klug.

Corporals—

Wilson Foster.

James L. Rosser.

Western C. Taulbee.

Lawrence E. Grennan.

Maurice G. Fishel.

Cornelius F. Doyle.

Edwin Hart.

Henry N. Davenport.

Musician—

Frank W. Reed.

Artificer—

William Parsons.

Privates—

Amyx, Thomas J.	Mantle, Geo. C.
Bainsey, Joseph.	Mayfield, Herman.
Behringer, Harvey.	McClosky, Daniel.
Beyer, Henry J.	McGrann, John J.
Blair, William.	McKenna, Michael.
Braun, Richard.	McLachlan, Daniel.
Brill, Joseph.	Michaux, Charles E.
Brown, Alexander.	Miller, Jacob.
Byrnes, Peter J.	Mullin, John.
Caldwell, Geo. H.	Nierins, John.
Calligan, James H.	Patyk, Joseph.
Clyde, Frank A.	Rice, Charles R.
Cochran, Henry H.	Rick, John.
Cohen, Ellis.	Rink, Paul.
Connor, Thomas F.	Roberts, Fred A.
Colbert, John J.	Rowan, Patrick.
Connor, Thomas F.	Rzepinskie, Frank.
Cornelius, Edward.	Scanlon, William.
Coyle, John J.	Smith, John.
Croft, Ervin C.	Schmidt, Lenard.
Dreutler, Adolph.	Schroeder, Theodore.
Eagan, Geo. J.	Schweitzer, John A.
Erhlich, Henry.	Scott, Frank L.
Farler, Abraham L.	Schuchard, Geo. A.
Fleischer, Otto C.	Seriskey, John.
Foley, James.	Shanahan, Daniel F.
Freund, William.	Shine, Eugene.
Frey, Samuel.	Smith, Joseph.
Geschwind, Geo.	Smith, Charles R.
Gill, Edward M.	Smith, Simeon H.
Gould, Francis.	Sohm, Charles W.
Grassberger, John P.	Tucker, Sidney G.
Greenfield, Max M.	Walsh, James J.
Hanks, Luther T.	Wanick, Peter.
Hansen, Hans.	Worth, John F.
Harrold, Chesley.	Weiss, Charles.
Hill, Levi D.	Wyman, Chester L.
Hogan, William.	Zucheke, August A.
Holland, James.	Brown, Herbert A.
Hoss, Frank.	Bussche, Carl F.
Hossfield, Henry.	Mueller, Louis W.
Hughes, James A.	O'Keefe, Charles F.
Isham, James.	Klockenpemper, Henry H.
Jack, Robt. W.	Cree, Archie B.
Jackson, Churchill.	Davis, Charles A.
Jameison, Wm. J.	Horan, John J.
Keefer, Chas. C.	Conway, Patrick H.
Krankel, Jacob.	
Lewis, George.	
Lowery, Chas. A.	
Manley, Eddie R.	

COMPANY M.

First Sergeant—

Burdick.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Zeigler.

Sergants—

Tanner.

Bengel.

Brady.

Braunwart.

Corporals—

Wise.

Mayfield.

O'Connor.

Cassidy.

Burns.

Garty.

Morton.

Stephenson.

Dravis.

Doutaz.

Jenny.

Cooks—

Sheridan.

Jones.

Musicians—

Boyer.

Van Rossom.

Artificer—

Smith.

Privates—

Allison.

Anderson.

Barlow.

Bayless.

Barnes.

Bischoff.

Bishop.

Bush.

Budahn.

Carpenter.

Colburn.

Cook.

Connelly.

Costello.

Curtis.

Chittenden.

Crabtree.

Covert.

Duffy.

Doran.

Egg.

Erdman.

Freed.

Gautier.

Gormley.

Gorry.

Gaither.

Gingery.

Gutberlet.

Ginster.

Hoff.

Halloran.

Holmes.

Holsman.

Johnson, First.

Johnson, Second.

Jordan.

Keeny.

Kelley.

Kenney.

Klenk.

Knox.

Koch.

Lawhead.

Logan.

Martin.

Miller, First.

Miller, Second.

Miller, Third.

Mortenson.

Mott.

Murray.

McCauley.

McClone.

McMullen.

McTighe.

Neal.

Newman.

Ordd.

Payne.

Plain.

Pitts.

Post.

Purcell.

Purroft.

Rector.

Reed.

Roberson.

Roe.

Rogers.

Ross.

Rosseau.

Ryder.
Sheehan.
Sloan.
Smoot.
Sorrell.
Stirling.
Stovall.
Striebel.
Southerland.

Sydenstricker.
Thelander.
Tyler.
Werner.
Whalen.
Winseman.
Womack.
Wriedt.
Law.
Zimmerman.



Soldiers' Graves at Cemetery, Calivo, Panay.

Roll of Honor.

ENLISTED MEN.

COMPANY A.

FRANK CHEZANSKI, Sergeant, drowned at Calivo, Panay Is., July 6, 1901.

ADOLPH HALLER, Private, died of fever at Calivo, Panay Island, August 14, 1901.

CHARLES A. CARROLL, Private, died of fever at Calivo, Panay Island, August 16, 1900.

DANIEL E. ADAMS, Private, killed in action at Maulbaul, Cebu Island, September 17, 1899.

CHARLES N. COTEY, Private, killed in action at Maulbaul, Cebu Island, September 17, 1899.

WILLIAM M. HANLEY, Private, killed in action at Cebu Mountains, Cebu Island, September 22, 1899.

COMPANY B.

JOHN HINES, Cook, died at Bacolod, Negros Island, July 27, 1900. Dysentery.

WILLIAM KUNZIG, Private, died at Iloilo, August 1, 1899. Typhoid fever.

FRANK C. OKER, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Island, March 4, 1899. Typhoid fever.

PETER A. HUMPHREY, Private, died at Sara, Panay Island, September 17, 1901. Chronic dysentery.

COMPANY C.

FRANK ABEL, Q. M. Sergeant, killed by a locomotive at Tucson, Ariz., May 19, 1899.

WILLARD L. DITTMAN, Corporal, killed in action at Agutay, Panay Island, August 24, 1900.

ADOLPH HUTTUNA, Private, died at Calivo, Panay Is., July 6, 1900. Heart trouble.

CORNELIUS MULLEN, Private, died at San Francisco, Calif., May 28, 1899. Fever.

JOHN SMITH, Private, died at Cebu, Cebu Is., November 14, 1899. Stomach trouble.

JACOB F. WEISCHEDAL, Private, killed accidentally at target practice at Capiz, Panay Is., October 15, 1899.

BERT TEBER, Private, died at Capiz, Panay Is., November 26, 1901. Smallpox.

ABRAHAM WOLF, Private, died at Capiz, Panay Is., November 2, 1900. Smallpox.

COMPANY D.

CHARLES A. ZAISSER, Private, died at Iloilo, Panay Is., October 31, 1899. Suicide.

THOMAS A. HEIDE, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., November 22, 1899. Acute dysentery.

JAMES E. CROFFEY, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., December 20, 1899. Typhoid fever.

PETER M. FALLEN, Private, died at Binalbagan, Negros Is., March 3, 1900. Acute dysentery.

Roll of Honor.

ENLISTED MEN.

- WILES D. JONES, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., March 19, 1900. Chronic dysentery.
- MILTON D. HERNANDEZ, Musician, died at Manila (3d Division Hospital), May 25, 1900. General dropsy.
- ALFRED B. CONGAR, died at Binalbagan, Negros Is., June 30, 1900. Phthisis.
- CHARLES F. ELLIS, Private, died at Bacalod, Negros Is., August 14, 1900. Dysentery.
- GEORGE W. SCOTT, Private, died at Binalbagan, Negros Is., August 22, 1900. Acute dysentery.
- JOHN H. HALTER, Private, died in hospital ship "Relief," April 21, 1901. Pulmonary tuberculosis.
- THOMAS H. MULVIHILL, Private, died at Ysabela, Negros Is., —, 1901. Alcoholic apoplexy.
- THOMAS WALLACE, Private, died at Binalbagan, Negros Is., August 2, 1901. Fracture of skull.
- COMPANY E.
- PAUL E. MORAN, Sergeant, died at Escalante, Negros Is., October 20, 1899. Gunshot wound.
- LEWELLYN H. CONVERSE, Corporal, died at Escalante, Negros Is., April 7, 1901. Acute dysentery.
- JACK WHITNEY, Private, died at Bacalod, Negros Is., December 26, 1899. Acute dysentery.
- COMPANY F.
- WILLIAM H. MILLER, Sergeant, died at Manila, Luzon Is., May 31, 1891. Gastro-enteritis.
- JOSEPH A. GAINES, Private, died at Bacalod, Negros Is., December 13, 1901. Acute dysentery.
- COMPANY G.
- JAMES V. O'SHEA, Private, died at Dumaguete, Negros Is., March 11, 1900. Dysentery.
- JOHN O'LEARY, Private, died at Dumaguete, Negros Is., January 17, 1901. Dysentery.
- CHARLES L. LEONARD, Private, died at Bacang, Negros Is., January 27, 1901. Knife wound inflicted by Filipino assassin.
- COMPANY H.
- JOSEPH M. CALLIS, Corporal, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., September 29, 1899. Acute uræmia.
- MICHAEL WALSH, Cook, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., July 14, 1899. Gunshot wound done accidentally by sentinel.
- JOHN J. BLAKE, Private, accidentally drowned near Ysabela, Negros Is., August 4, 1899, while crossing river.
- WILLIAM M. CURRY, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., November 7, 1899. Smallpox.

Roll of Honor.

ENLISTED MEN.

WILLIAM G. LEWELLYN, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., January 10, 1900. Pulmonary apoplexy.

JOHN J. WHALEN, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., April 27, 1901. Dysentery and peritonitis.

JOHN A. CANIFF, Private, died at Bacalod, Negros Is., May 15, 1901. Abscess of liver.

ROBERT CULHANE, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., December 20, 1899. Acute ascites.

HARRY D. MAWBY, Private, died at San Francisco, Calif., June 12, 1900. Chronic dysentery.

COMPANY I.

ROBERT HENSLEY, Corporal, died at Colasi, Panay Is., March 3, 1901. Shot by Private Herbert Cawthorn.

EDWIN L. GAVITT, Private, died at sea, June 18, 1899. Pneumonia.

COMPANY K.

BENJAMIN GRACE, Cook, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., January 13, 1900. Dysentery.

DAVID S. ANDREWS, Private, killed in action at Bongbong, Negros Is., July 18, 1899.

VINCENT HEGER, Private, killed in action at San Isidro, Negros Is., July 30, 1899.

JOHN J. HEICHEMER, Private, killed in action at San Isidro, Negros Is., July 30, 1899.

WILLIAM FAUBER, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., October 1, 1899. Acute dysentery.

JAMES STEELE, Private, shot by musician Brown at Castellana, Negros Is., November 17, 1899.

WILLIAM J. SHENELL, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., December 2, 1899. Acute dysentery.

EDMUND BROWN, Private, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., January 3, 1900. Heart disease.

WILLIAM BAILEY, Private, died at Manila, Isla de Luzon, January 11, 1900. Chronic dysentery.

THOMAS SELLERS, Private, died at Bacalod, Negros Is., June 25, 1900. Chronic dysentery.

FRANCIS B. BEULING, Private, died at Iloilo, Panay Is., September 29, 1900. Chronic dysentery.

CHARLES C. PALKEY, Private, died at Manila, Isla de Luzon, February 12, 1901. Malarial Cachexia.

FRANK J. DUNN, Private, died at San José, Panay Is., September 6, 1901. Acute dysentery.

COMPANY L.

JULIUS LABADIE, First Sergeant, died at La Carlota, Negros Is., October 3, 1899. Typhoid fever.

HENRY J. KLOCKENKEMPER, Cook, died at Salay, Negros Is., August 23, 1900. Oedematous laryngitis.

Roll of Honor.

ENLISTED MEN.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>FRANCIS GOULD, Cook, died at Salay, Negros Is., September 23, 1900. Acute peritonitis.</p> <p>CHARLES W. SOHN, Private, drowned near Baga, Negros Is., August 3, 1899.</p> <p>JOHN C. COYLE, Private, died at Bacalod, Negros Is., June 25, 1900. Acute dysentery.</p> <p>JAMES CAMPBELL, Private, died at Bacalod, Negros Is., August 2, 1900. Acute dysentery.</p> <p>GEORGE SCHUCARD, Private, killed in action at Taal, Panay Is., February 4, 1900.</p> <p>GEORGE C. MANTLE, Private, died at Bacalod, Negros Is., August 19, 1900. Acute dysentery.</p> <p>PAUL RINK, Private, wounded in</p> | <p>action at Balangtang, Panay Is., November 21, 1899, died from wound at Balangtang, November 30, 1900.</p> <p>EUGENE SHINE, Private, died at Bacalod, Negros Is., September 24, 1900. Acute dysentery.</p> |
|--|--|

COMPANY M.

- FRANK BRAUNWART, Sergeant.
 JOHN L. GREER, Private.
 GARLAND B. SUTHERLAND, Private.
 CHARLES E. ORDD, Private.
 EDWARD E. ANDERSON, Private.
 JOHN A. SLOAN, Private.
 HARRY L. ALLISON, Private.
 CONRAD GAUTIER, Private.
 EUGENE A. MILLER, Private.

MEN WHO RETURNED FROM PHILIPPINES.

ENLISTED MEN.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p style="text-align: center;">COMPANY A.</p> <p><i>First Sergeant</i>—
Paul A. Radhke.</p> <p><i>Quartermaster Sergeants</i>—
Frederick Schneider.</p> <p><i>Sergeants</i>—
Charles L. Gothal.
Harold M. Hallman.
Charles W. Silvers.</p> <p><i>Corporals</i>—
Arthur Whaley.</p> | <p>Fred Burt.
Andrew Crichton.
Henry Cooper.</p> <p><i>Cook</i>—
Frank N. Brindley.</p> <p><i>Musicians</i>—
Edward F. Bradley.
John H. Caloon.</p> <p><i>Privates</i>—
Angstead, Ira.
Blaine, Ballinger G.</p> |
|--|---|

Bedell, Otto S.
 Burdett, Wm. C.
 Cantrell, Robt. E.
 Cochran, John.
 Cox, Geo. A.
 Dearing, John R.
 Deignon, Jam s.
 Denfy, James.
 Fissell, Robt. B.
 Fleming, Terrence.
 Holmes, Edgar F.
 Lewis, John P.
 Roskowski, Ernst.
 Russell, LeRoy.
 Schuman, Charles A.
 Shouse, Joseph F.
 Warren, Benjamin F.

COMPANY B.

First Sergeant—

Charles Hardy.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Chas. H. Hingram.

Sergeants—

Fred Starkey.
 Wm. Lambson.

Corporals—

Clyatt.
 Eugene Brier.
 Harry Bath.
 Harry Burgess.
 Chas. Smith.
 John Weadon.
 Geo. F. Young.
 Chas. Hutchinson.
 John F. Wallace.

Musicians—

Geo. Dunnaway.
 Edwin Rant.

Artificer—

Wm. Kennedy.

Cooks—

Hervey Truss.
 James Hamilton.

Privates—

Baine, Patrick.
 Beach, James.

Beyris, Lucian.
 Carter, Edward.
 Cousins, Elton.
 Croy, Dorsey.
 Diawiddie, Wm.
 Freidley, Albert.
 Johnson, Elkins.
 Killgore, Jasper.
 Lamb, Chas.
 Larsons, Lewis.
 Lewis, Edward.
 Mannen, Edward.
 Martin, Abraham.
 Morris, Frank.
 McPherson, Jas. A.
 Organus, Arthur.
 Overstreet, Frank.
 Owen, Roy.
 Patrick, Lewis.
 Ross, Edward A.
 Rees, Rulif.
 Reilly, Frank.
 Rogers, Chas.
 Schroder, Frank.
 Troxel, Rufus.
 Turner, John.
 Shipton, Fred.
 Sauls, Colson.

COMPANY C.

First Sergeant—

Francis Christian.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Morris Cramer.

Sergeants—

Ernest Young.
 Harley C. Chambers.
 Bernard G. Toepel.
 Edwin A. Yambert.

Corporals—

Eugene B. Allen.
 Harry H. Davis.

Cooks—

James Andrews.
 Clarence F. Smith.

Musician—

Pfaff, Wm. P.

Artificer—

Chas. W. Zimmerli.

Privates—

Aldridge, Joseph A.
 Armstrong, Ross M.
 Pasley, Tracey G.
 Christensen, John N.
 Coffield, Charles.
 Garrett, John W.
 Holston, David K.
 Spohn, August M.
 Wager, George.
 Wolfe, John W.

COMPANY D.

First Sergeant—

Henry S. Sullivan.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Calvin E. Lapham.

Sergeants—

Fred Stanger.
 John J. Buehrle.
 Francis Gavan.
 Henry Wilson.

Corporals—

Robt. L. Field.
 Walter A. Childs.
 William Casey.
 Porter Arnold.
 Charles P. Norman.
 William H. Medford.

Artificer—

John Brown.

Cooks—

John Check.
 John P. Mohr.

Musicians—

Benjamin F. Davis.
 John A. Toney.

Privates—

Ashurst, Jess P.
 Birdwell, Henry M.
 Bryan, John.
 Clark, James.
 Corbridge, Edward.
 Croy, Lewis E.
 Dickinson, Walter.
 Duffy, Patrick.
 Fain, Thomas C.
 Hancock, John T.

Holt, Frank.

Kayner, Charles H.
 Miller, Wm. G.
 Miller, Jacob.
 O'Neal, William J.
 Reynolds, Geo. C.
 Riley, James W.
 Ring, John M.
 Salmon, Alfred O.
 Sharpnack, Joseph S.
 Sullivan, Patrick H.
 Thomas, Charley C.
 Vanzant, Perry C.
 Wheeler, Alonzo C.
 Wilson, William.

COMPANY E.

First Sergeant—

Henry Kline.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

John A. Womack.

Sergeants—

Geo. Cook.
 — Hunt.
 Robt. Beattie.

Corporals—

John A. Adams.
 Chas. C. Hillegass.
 Otto E. Stewart.
 Oliver, W. Scott.
 Andrew M. Teufel.
 James Tull.

Cooks—

Clarence Marcy.
 Ora Bennett.

Artificer—

John R. Vickery.

Privates—

Ausbrook, James.
 Armiger, Wm. N.
 Barry, Robt. J.
 Bender, Daniel M.
 Brooks, Jack.
 Centers, Chas.
 Frossard, Arthur W.
 Grim, Elmer.
 Hanson, Hans.
 Hartman, Henry.

Holliday, William.
 Jones, Michael.
 Kress, Manfred.
 Kirschner, Henry.
 Klever, Frank N.
 Kohl, Henry F.
 McBride, Geo.
 Mahon, Daniel F.
 Moore, Thomas.
 Miller, Frank.
 Nelson, Omer L.
 Perry, —.
 Piatt, Ben M.
 Pitts, Harry.
 Rowland, Holman B.
 Root, Linnaeous.
 Rudd, —.
 Shelton, Watson.
 Skinner, Clarence V.
 Walker, Henry.
 White, Thomas R.
 Wilson, Luther.
 Wafford, Jesse L.
 Valleroy, Louis.
 Hammerfahr, Walter.
 Pendleton, Fred. C.
 Maple, Sam.

COMPANY F.

First Sergeant—

Lonnie E. DeLoach.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Samuel G. Shelato.

Sergeants—

Henry Edwards.
 Edward Moore.
 Albert N. Wissler.
 William A. Hyers
 Archie Bell.

Corporals—

Henry O. Baker.
 Geo. Koehler.

Cooks—

James Haney.
 Thomas V. Morris.

Musicians—

Ira Jetro.
 Wesley B. Hensley.

Artificer—

Harry C. Poole.

Privates—

Barrett, John T.
 Blackburn, David H.
 Butler, Harry H.
 Collins, John J.
 Faircloth, Wm. S.
 Fanagan, James D.
 Gavin James.
 Goodpaster, Geo.
 Greer, Claud T.
 Greer, Ernst J.
 Guild, Harry T.
 Hartman, Chas. E.
 Knight, Geo. H.
 Landrum, Chas. H.
 Loucks, Eli.
 Lycan, Sartain.
 Mayfield, Chas. R.
 McFadden, Dan.
 McMillen, Jacob I.
 Miller, Wm. J.
 Owens, Mose G.
 Parkhill, James B.
 Schell, Frank.
 Smvly, Jessie P.
 Stobridge, Harvey J.
 Suffridge, Wm. T.
 Tretter, Geo.

COMPANY G.

First Sergeant—

Geo. W. Gledhill.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Geo. Smart.

Sergeants—

Thomas P. Duggan.
 Raymond Henninger.
 Harry P. Willax.
 John M. Cowan.

Corporals—

Ollie Mullins.
 Walter Hagedorn.
 Thomas E. Tousey.
 James Buchanan.
 Robt. F. Young.
 Warner P. Scarborough.
 John Fardy.
 John J. F. McCormack.

Cooks—

Benjamin L. Price.
James Welch.

Teeter, Artie.
Woods, James.
Wells, Albert B.

Musicians—

James Turner.
John W. Hogan.

COMPANY H.

Privates—

Batterson, Verne E.
Bolton, John W.
Brommer, Benjamin.
Burt, Howard O.
Bush, Lester V.
Chapman, Robt. H.
Clapp, Albert M.
Coomans, Joseph J.
Doke, Frank.
Eagle, Peter B.
Eddington, John J.
Etchison, John A.
Fitzgerald, Samuel E.
Fonner, Samuel S.
Friel, Hugh.
Gains, Wesley R.
Groth, John.
Haldeman, John G.
Hansen, Julius L.
Henry, Harold C.
Hurley, Beverley.
James, Charles C.
Jennings, John A.
Kelly, William.
Kennedy, Edward.
Killen, Thomas.
Kumpf, Edward.
Ladreyt, August J.
Lants, Burt G.
Linton, Frederick.
Mansfield, Edward M.
McGovern, Thomas F.
Merrell, George.
Niece, Walter J.
Nitzskey, Frederick.
Noble, Fred E.
Oswald, Edward.
Ross, Herman.
Ross, James R.
Singleton, John.
Smith, Ben H.
Terrent, Monroe.
Thomas, Edward.

First Sergeant—

Frederick T. Frohm.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Alexander Kulesza.

Sergents—

Charles Helle.
Carl A. Aspegren.

Corporals—

Michael Gleason.
Herman Stoll.
Herman A. Oelkers.
Ernest F. Witte.
Orville Jackson.
Edward F. Burns.
Jordan F. Parker.

Cooks—

Lauranz Nigg.
John Vaughn.

Musicians—

Jerome Brindel.
Aaron Lea.

Artificer—

George Cloutier.

Privates—

Allen, Philip.
Anthony, John E.
Ashton, Frank.
Auckerman, Jacob.
Backer, Henry W.
Barkhurst, Harvey S.
Barth, Peter.
Bauser, Geo.
Berg, Geo. H.
Bidwell, Wm. L.
Bundy, David A.
Burns, James.
Campbell, Jos. F.
Carnes, Earnest.
Clousit, Gustave.
Cornell, Sidney V.
Fox, Thomas.
Glass, Roy E.

Hedges, Russell.
 Hilt, Chas. F.
 Ingram, Albert H.
 Lang, Chas.
 Lewis, Luther R.
 Linch, Geo. E.
 Marshall, Clarence E.
 Maples, John A.
 McGathen, James.
 McWilliams, Wm. H.
 Merritt, Edward L.
 Mullin, James.
 Nelson, Charles M.
 Palmer, Arthur.
 Parker, Edward.
 Phulps, Robt. J.
 Schiminsky, Michael A.
 Schiminsky, Anthony L.
 Schultz, Geo.
 Sheedy, David.
 Shidler, Ralph W.
 Smith, William.
 Stackable, Thomas.
 Steele, William.
 Stone, Edward W.
 Striebel, Hugo.
 Waterhouse, Chas.
 West, Alfred.
 Whetsel, Wm. A.
 Wilson, Clate.
 Woods, Jacob W.
 Ayers, Hillard.

COMPANY I.

First Sergeant—

Patrick Casey.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Edward Egan.

Sergeants—

John Walsh.
 Henry G. Wright.
 Thomas K. McClane.
 Maurice C. Austin.
 Joseph L. Bland.

Corporals—

James W. Bess.
 Martin L. Sowders.
 William Rayworth.

Geo. W. Black.
 Adam Lepphardt.
 Walter F. Dorey.
 Frank L. Fleming.

Cook—

Wm. H. McKinney.

Artificer—

Robt. B. Simes.

Privates—

Bess, Geo.
 Caldwell, Clarence J.
 Cox, Wm. J.
 Cochrane, Chas.
 Depompa, Nicola.
 Ehrmann, John.
 Friedeck, Wm. A.
 Hines, Henry A.
 Hussman, Chas. H.
 Maher, Garrett J.
 Mathieson, James H.
 McTier, Thos. A.
 Reidman, Frederick J.
 Risner, Wm. J.
 Somers, Frederick.
 Thurman, Edward D.
 Turnham, John J.
 Turner, Julius R.
 Tweddell, John.
 Purrott, Wm. J.
 Voyles, Jesse O.
 Windel, Adolph H.
 Wolfe, Louis H.
 Williams, Emerick.

COMPANY K.

First Sergeant—

John O. Lackey.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

James L. Hudson.

Sergeants—

Robt. A. Montague.
 Dennis Guiney.
 Wm. H. Benner.
 Ollie Lafferior.
 Frank O'Brien.
 Edwin W. Morgan.

Corporals—

Ruby P. King.

Geo. H. Moore.
 Clarence L. DeHart.
 Thos. M. Canfield.
 Harry C. Patten.
 Wm. C. Heinicke.
 Leo Charkowski.

Cooks—

Peter C. Nelson.
 Henry McJenn.

Musicians—

Hiram A. Edwards.
 Peter L. Zickgraf.

Artificer—

Jonas B. Jacobs.

Privates—

Barnett, Stephen.
 Bell, Homer J.
 Britt, John F.
 Campbell, John H.
 Crosby, Wm. T.
 Davis, Sidney H.
 Doherty, Daniel.
 Ferstle, Andrew.
 Gardner, Ranson.
 Giles, Wm. F.
 Goodman, Wm. J.
 Gulley, John B.
 Hack, Wm. H.
 Hill, Wm. R.
 Hear, Isaiah.
 Inklebarger, Samuel.
 Jorgensen, Christian J.
 Kelley, Thomas.
 Langhorn, Alfred.
 Lynch, Peter J.
 Peixotto, Irving R.
 Pepper, Thomas E.
 Pranger, Paul.
 Robertson, John H.
 Shelton, Lewis A.
 Sheridan, Michael.
 Spradlin, Robert L.
 Stevens, John F.
 Stevenson, Woodford P.
 Suttles, Daniel J.
 Traub, Lewis P.
 Wallace, Edgar L.
 Walters, Frank.
 White, Chas. G.
 White, James J.

Whitney, Bert.
 Witter, Erwin H.
 Woodson, Wm. B.

COMPANY I.

First Sergeant—

Ralph G. Craven.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

David H. Brown.

Sergeants—

John Coss.
 William Foster.
 Edwin Hart.
 Samuel Frey.
 Jack Dublin.
 John F. Worth.

Corporals—

George Geschmind.
 Samuel W. Hawkins.
 John P. Laney.
 Algidius E. Abel.
 William F. Howard.
 Elmer R. McCagg.
 Chas. W. Moore.
 William E. Goff.
 William Ford.
 Herman Feil.

Cooks—

Geo. Leavitt.
 James L. Majors.

Musicians—

Charles A. Foster.
 Stephen A. Roach.

Artificer—

George Stine.

Privates—

Dixon, Dennis.
 Girard, Frank.
 Isham, James.
 May, James W.
 Mortenson, John.
 McGill, Harry F.
 Roland, Chas. W.
 Squire, Davey J.
 Fisher, Lee.
 Gilbert, Edward.

Russell, Peter P.
Smith, Thomas W.
Weippert, William.

COMPANY M.

First Sergeant—

Wriedt.

Quartermaster Sergeant—

Schnippel.

Sergeants—

Knox.

Mott.

Reed.

Corporals—

Wallace.

Hampton.

Bishop.

Brown.

Hardy.

Meacham.

Kenney.

Cooks—

Reardon.

Coffey.

Musicians—

Stone.

Koch.

Artificer—

Ballard.

Privates—

Alford.

Anderson.

Armour.
Bo . . .
Braden.
Brandt.
Brookshire.
Clinger.
Condit.
Crampton.
Denbo.
Denno.
Desmukes.
Dudney.
Gibelling.
Hall.
Hatcher.
Holstead.
Jackson.
Jones.
Lamson.
Law.
Leckey.
Lovell.
Massengale.
Moore.
Nash.
O'Brien.
Pruitt.
Shannon.
Simmons.
Strus.
Tomberlin.
Weiss.

MEN WOUNDED IN PHILIPPINES.

COMPANY A.

GEORGE STEVENS, Sergeant, at
Guin Tabuan, Negros, Is., Octo-
ber 1, 1899.

OTTO O. HANSON, Corporal, at
Banga, Panay Is., June 19, 1900.
Stabbed by insurgent.

ELMER F. AFFELDT, Private, at
Guin Tabuan, Negros Is., Octo-
ber 1, 1899.

JAMES CONWAY, Private, at Cebu
Mts., Cebu Is., September 22, 1899.

JOHN H. NORTON, Private, at
Cebu Mts., Cebu Is., September
22, 1899.

WILLIAM STOVALL, Private, at
Maulbaul, Cebu Is., September
17, 1899.

COMPANY B.

HARRY CAMPBELL, Private, at Guin Tabuan, Negros Is., October 1, 1899.

STANISLAW MOKXA, Private, at Tabuan, Negros Is., August 19, 1899.

TERRENCE O'DONNELL, Private, at Tabuan, Negros Is., August 19, 1899.

COMPANY C.

SAMUEL G. SHELATO, Sergeant at Rosario, Panay Is., January 28, 1901.

HORACE HUTCHINSON, Private, at Maulbaul, Cebu Is., September 17, 1899, and at Macate, Panay Is., February 24, 1900.

JOHN ARTHUR, Private, at Cebu Mts., Cebu Is., September 22, 1899.

GEORGE HEMPHILL, Private, at Macate, Panay Is., February 24, 1900.

MAGRUDER ANDREWS, Private, at Macate, Panay Is., February 24, 1900.

COMPANY D.

WILLIAM J. HUGGARD, Private, at Ginigaran, Negros Is., December 8, 1899.

RAYMOND BURBEE, Private, at Ginigaran, Negros Is., December 8, 1899.

FRANCIS GAVIN, Private, near Cabog, Negros Is., December 16, 1899.

COMPANY K.

ALBERT JENKS, Private, at Bongbong, Negros Is., July 18, 1899.

COMPANY L.

RALPH G. CRAVEN, First Sergeant, at Taal, Panay Is., February 9, 1900.

LAWRENCE E. GRENNAN, Corporal, at Balangtang, Panay Is., November 21, 1899.

PATRICK CONWAY, Musician, at Ysabella, Negros Is., September 16, 1899.

PAUL RINK, Private, at Balangtang, Panay Is., November 21, 1899.

COMPANY M.

BENJAMIN A. MORTON, Corporal, at San Isidro, near Tabuan, Negros Is., August 18, 1899.

GEORGE TIMMERMAN, Corporal, at Tabuan, Negros Is., August 19, 1899.

HERBERT PLAIN, Private, at San Isidro, near Tabuan, Negros Is., August 18, 1899.

REED W. KEENEY, Private, at La Granja, Negros Is., December 7, 1899.

PAYTON WOMACK, Private, at La Granja, Negros Is., December 7, 1899.

STATIONS DURING PHILIPPINE CAMPAIGN.

1899.	JUNE.	JULY.	AUGUST.	SEPTEMBER.	OCTOBER.	NOVEMBER.	DECEMBER.
Hdqs. and Band.	Transport.	Transport, Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.
Company A.....	Transport Panay.	*Panay.	Panay, Cebu.	Cebu.	Cebu.	Cebu.	Cebu.
Company B.....	Transport. Panay.	Panay.	Panay. Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.
Company C.....	Transport. Panay.	*Panay.	Panay, Cebu.	Cebu.	Cebu.	Cebu.	Cebu.
Company D.....	Transport. Panay.	Panay.	Panay.	Panay, Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.
Company E.....	Transport.	Transport, Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.
Company F.....	Transport.	Transport, Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.
Company G.....	Transport.	Transport, Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.
Company H.....	Transport.	Transport, Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.
Company I.....	Transport.	Transport, Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.
Company K.....	Transport.	Transport, Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.
Company L.....	Transport.	Transport, Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.
Company M.....	Transport.	Transport, Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.	Negros.

*N. B.—During the months of July, August, September and October detachments from A and C Co's were stationed on Negros Is.

STATIONS OF REGIMENT.

1812 to 1903.

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- War 1812-15, Upper Canada and Plattsburg, N. Y.
Governor's Island, N. Y., September 5, 1815, to April 16, 1816.
Plattsburg, N. Y., April 30, 1816, to spring of 1819.
From March 18, 1819, to May 1, 1819, en route to Pittsburg.
From May 8, 1819, to June 8, 1819, on transports en route to camp at Belle Fontaine, Mo.
Camped at Belle Fontaine until July 4, 1819.
From July 4, 1819, to September, en route to Camp Missouri, near Council Bluffs.
Fort Atkinson, Council Bluffs, September, 1819, to April 22, 1827.
Jefferson Barracks, Mo., May 17, 1827, to spring, 1832.
Spring of 1832 to October, 1832, in field (Black Hawk War).
Jefferson Barracks, Mo., October, 1832, to February 29, 1836.
Fort Jessup, La., April 9, 1836, to December 19, 1836.
From February, 1837, to 1842, Florida. (Seminole War.)
Jefferson Barracks, Mo., March to April 16, 1842.
Fort Townson, C. N.,* May 14, 1842, to December, 1842.
Fort Gibson, C. N.,* December, 1842, to June, 1844.
Fort Smith, June, 1844, to 1845.
Fort Townson, C. N.,* January, 1845, to March 16, 1846.
Fort Gibson, C. N.,* March 28, 1846, to June, 1846.
War with Mexico, 1846, to July, 1848. (Mexico.)
Jefferson Barracks, Mo., July, 1848.
Fort Crawford, Wis., September, 1848.
St. Louis, Mo., December 31, 1848, to October, 1849.
Ft. Snelling, Minn., October, 1849.
St. Louis, Mo., December 31, 1849, to May 1, 1851.
Jefferson Barracks, Mo., May 1, 1851, to
From 1851 to 1858, in garrison and in the field changing from post to post—
from time to time at Jefferson Barracks, Forts Gaines, Scott,
Snelling, Kearney, Laramie, Atkinson, Dodge, Leavenworth,
Riley, Ridgely and Pierre.
Spring of 1858 to November 15, 1858, march across the continent—Ft.
Leavenworth to Benicia Barracks.
Pacific Coast, November, 1858, to October, 1861.

*Cherokee Nation.

December, 1861, to August, 1863, Washington and the Army of the Potomac.

Fort Hamilton, N. Y. H., September, 1863, to July, 1864.

Fort Wood, Willet's Point, to May 17, 1865.

District of Savannah, Savannah, Ga., until May 30, 1865, and Hilton Head, S. C., to December, 1865.

Charleston, S. C., (Citadel), December 9, 1865, to June 11, 1867.

Fort Gibson, C. N.,* June 20, 1867, to May 17, 1868.

Fort Arbuckle, C. N.,* June 3, 1868, to May, 1869.

Fort Gibson, C. N.,* May, 1869, to October, 1871.

Fort Buford, Dakota, June 2, 1872, to June, 1880.

Camp on White River, Colorado, July, 1880, to September 12, 1881.

Fort Douglas, Utah, September, 1881, to July, 1886.

Fort Douglas, Utah, Companies A, B, C, D, E and G, at Fort Douglas until June 1, 1888.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., Headquarters and two companies, July, 1886, to August, 1890. Six companies at Fort Lewis, Colorado, from June 4, 1888, to August, 1890.

Fort Thomas, Ky., Headquarters and two companies from August, 1890, to May, 1892, when four more companies joined, and two remaining companies joined in October and November, 1894—April 19, 1898.

In field during Cuban campaign from April 19, 1898, to September 29, 1898.

Fort Thomas, Ky., from September 29, 1898, to November 16, 1898.

Fort Sam Houston, Tex., from November 20, 1898, to May 17, 1899.

From May 17, 1899, to July 2, 1902, on the way to, during Philippine campaign, and return to the United States. See table showing stations of companies, from July 2, 1902, to January 31, 1903, at Fort Leavenworth, Kas.

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